TKM COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING

(Government Aided and Autonomous)

celebrating 60 years of excellence



CHEMICAL ENGINEERING

B. Tech Curriculum 2024 &

First & Second Semester Syllabus

THANGAL KUNJU MUSALIAR COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING (Government Aided and Autonomous) KOLLAM-691005, KERALA

Abstract

TKMCE- Academics- B.Tech Chemical Engineering Curriculum 2024 -orders issued

No: ACU3/622/2024

Date:03/09 /2024

Order

Read:

1. Minutes of the V Academic Council Meeting held on 31/07/2024

The fifth Academic council meeting held on 31st July 2024, approved the B.Tech Chemical Engineering Curriculum 2024 (B.Tech admissions 2024 onwards till the next revision). The academic curriculum for the B.Tech Chemical programmes, 2024 approved by the Academic Council, is hereby notified as the TKM College of Engineering (Aided and Autonomous) B.Tech Chemical Engineering Curriculum 2024.

Orders are issued accordingly

SOUTH ON & STATE

PRINCIPAL IN - CHARGE THANGAL KUMUU MUSALIAR COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING KOLLAM - 691 005

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THANGAL KUNJU MUSALIAR COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING (Government Aided and Autonomous) KOLLAM-691005, KERALA

Abstract

TKMCE- Academics- B.Tech S1& S2 Chemical Engineering Syllabus 2024 -orders issued

No: ACU3/629/2024

Date: 03/09 /2024

Order

Read:

1. Minutes of the V Academic Council Meeting held on 31/07/2024

The fifth Academic council meeting held on 31st July 2024, approved the B.Tech Chemical Engineering First Year (S1& S2 semester) syllabus to be followed for the academic year 2024-25 onwards till the next revision .

Orders are issued accordingly

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Preface to the Curriculum

The new undergraduate curriculum of TKM College of Engineering is designed to provide students with the skills and knowledge they need to become competent engineers capable of tackling real-world problems in a variety of fields. The curriculum is carefully designed to expose students to both theoretical and practical aspects of engineering and provide them with hands-on experience in the latest technologies and tools used in the industry. The courses given in the curriculum are tailored in a student centric fashion to ensure that they receive well-rounded education with the flexibility to customize their own learning experience according to their interests and career goals.

The allocation of 170 credits, of which 167 are from courses and 3 from activity points, over a period of four years, with each year comprising of two semesters. All courses in the curriculum are designed to highlight the significance of applying knowledge to engineering and technology challenges, fostering creativity, innovation, and developing entrepreneurial capabilities.

The curriculum includes project-based courses that emphasize hands-on learning and real-world applications supported by the fundamentals of engineering. These courses are offered with lab components, which allow students to gain practical experience in applying the concepts that they have learned. Additionally, there are basic science courses with lab components, core courses without practical components and lab courses to provide breadth wise knowledge in the area of recent technological trends. These variety of courses ensure that students receive a well-rounded education. They also get the flexibility to customize their own learning experience according to their interests and career goals. In addition to the core courses, students have the opportunity to choose from a wide range of elective courses in specialized areas.

The industry internship included in the curriculum will give students the opportunity to apply their theoretical knowledge to practical situations and expand their industrial knowledge. The students can opt for MOOC courses corresponding to Professional Elective and Open Elective Courses during their 7th and 8th semesters, which will give them opportunity for doing internships.

Moreover, the extracurricular activities that students can participate in to earn activity points will provide them with a well-versed education and help them develop important skills such as leadership, teamwork, and communication. This is a great initiative to ensure that students not only excel academically but also develop important life skills that will help them in their future endavours.

GENERAL COURSE STRUCTURE

1. Credit and Courses:

Classification	Credit assigned
1 Hour Lecture [L] per week	1 Credit
1 Hour Tutorial [T]per week	1 Credit
1 Hour Project [J] per week	1 Credit
2 Hours Practice/Practical [P] per week	1 Credit

Credits are a unit of measurement for course work and are based on the number of hours of instruction required per week. One hour of classroom lecture (L) that is 60 minutes long per week, is considered as one Instructional Unit or one Credit. The same goes for a tutorial (T) or a project (J) that is 60 minutes long per week.

In addition, a minimum of 2hours per week of laboratory session, practical or field work, training (P) or a combination of these, carried out during all weeks of the semester, is also considered one Instructional Unit or one Credit.

Credit pattern

The B.Tech. program curriculum has a total of 167 academic credits and 3 additional pass/fail credits that can be gained through 100 activity points. The program will accommodate courses

from other disciplines also, so that students have multi-disciplinary exposure. Additionally, the program provides sufficient opportunities for students to enhance their communication, soft skills and managerial skills, along with technical skills. Depending on the program, the courses fall under engineering, basic science, humanities science, and management categories. The structure of the UG program essentially have the following categories of courses with the breakup of credits as given below:

S1 No:	Category Code						
1	Humanities and Social Sciences including	HS	MC	16			
2	Management courses Basic Science courses	DC	BSC 22				
			SC .	22			
3	Engineering Science courses including workshop, drawing, basics of electrical/ mechanical/computer etc.	ES	SC	27			
4	Professional Core Courses	PC	59				
5	Professional Elective courses relevant to chosen specialization/ branch	PEC [MS]	[MS]				
6	Open Electives – Electives from other technical and /or emerging areas	OEC [IEC]		9			
7	Major Project, seminar and internship in industry or elsewhere	PR	OJ	17			
8	Mandatory Courses	M	С	5			
9	Mandatory Student Activities	S	A	3			
	Total Credit			170			
	Optional Specialization						
10	Honors	Н	R	20			
11	Minor	M	R	20			
	Total credits with optional specialization			190			

10 to 15 % deviation in credits is permitted under each discipline. While developing the curriculum, the department offering the program should ensure that the above distribution shall be attained by the students upon their completion of their program. Either Minor or Honors can be opted from the optional specialization.

The courses are organized into 1/2/3/4/5/6/14 credit courses based on the content delivery mechanism and desired depth of the course. The delivery methods include Theory-only, Theory with tutorial, Theory with practice, Theory with project etc. The L-T-P-J notation for each course signifies the allocation of hours for content delivery in terms of Lecture (L), Tutorial (T), Practical (P), and Project (J) per week, as well as the credit earned from the course. Apart from lecture, tutorial, practical/practice and the project hours, the curriculum offers Self learning hours(S) that indicates the number of hours students are expected to spent for activities outside the class defined by the faculty handling courses, and for the activities that support learning, initiated by the students themselves without the guidance from the faculty concerned. For each course, Self-learning hours per week is calculated as:

$$S = (L*1+T*0+P*1+[J/2])$$

where J belongs to the project component of a project-based course. Thus, the L-T-P-J-S-C for each course indicates the number of hours scheduled as Lecture (L), Tutorial (T), Practical (P), Project (J), Self-study hours (S) and the total instructional delivery indicated as Credits (C).

$$C = L + T + [P/2] + J$$

For mandatory courses, irrespective of number of hours allotted in L-T-P-J the credit assigned will be 1.

S1 No.	Lecture-Tutorial- Practical/ Project [L-T-P-J]	Self-learning hours[S]	Credit [C]	Description
1	1-0-0-0	1	1	Theory course without End
2	2-0-0-0	2	2	Semester Examination [ESE]
3	2-0-2-0	4	3	Theory course integrated with practical
4	2-2-0-0	2	4	
5	2-1-0-0	2	3	Theory course with tutorial
6	3-1-0-0	3	4	
7	3-0-0-0	3	3	Theory course
8	3-1-2-0	5	5	Theory course integrated with
9	2-1-2-0	4	4	practical and tutorial
10	1-0-2-0	3	2	Theory course integrated with practical without ESE
11	3-0-2-0	5	4	Theory course integrated with practical
12	2-0-2-2	5	5	Project based course
13	0-0-2-0	2	1	Practical course without ESE
14	0-0-4-0	4	2	Practical course without ESE
15	0-0-6-0	6	3	Seminar
16	0-0-14-0	12	7	Major Project
		Mandatory Courses	s with 1	
17	2-0-0-0	2	1*	Theory Courses
	3-0-0-0	3	_	
18	2-0-2-0	4	1*	Theory course integrated with lab
19	0-0-0-2	1	1*	Socially Relevant Project
		Minor/ Honor	I	
20	4-0-0-0	4	4	Theory course
21	0-0-0-4	2	4	Project only course

^{*}Credit for Mandatory Courses

Course Category:

In general, the curriculum of each program consists of courses that are categorised into different heads such as Program Core (PCC), Professional Elective (PEC), Project-based courses (PBC), and Open Elective courses (OEC). The details of such courses are given below.

Program Core (PCC) or Professional Core

Program or Professional Core (PCC) courses are program-specific and are typically designed to provide students with a strong foundation in the core concepts and skills of their chosen field of study. By completing the PCC courses, students will have a solid understanding of the fundamental principles and practices in their field, which will prepare them for more advanced coursework and professional work in the future.

Project Based Course (PBC):

Project-based courses (PBC) are designed to provide students with a deeper knowledge and understanding of real-world challenges and problems in their field of study. Through PBC courses, students have the opportunity to actively explore and apply theoretical knowledge to real-world problems. This can help them develop problem-solving skills and gain practical experience that will be valuable in their future careers. Doing multiple projects can also help students develop a

range of skills that include project management, teamwork, communication and presentation skills.

Professional Elective (PEC):

Professional Elective (PEC) courses are designed to provide students with an opportunity to study more advanced, applied, or specialized courses than the basic courses they study as part of their program or professional core courses. PEC courses can help students gain in-depth knowledge of a specific sub-field. These courses are typically more focused and specialized than program core courses, and can help students develop expertise in a particular area in their discipline.

PEC courses provide students with the flexibility to tailor their education to their interests and career goals.

Micro specialization:

Electives can be streamlined to certain sub-disciplines of the B.Tech program, which are sometimes referred to as micro-specializations. This allows students to graduate with different micro-specializations by selecting a set of professional elective courses that are aligned with industry requirements or higher studies. A micro-specialization can be acquired by opting any two theory courses from the list of professional electives which is in line with a Program Core Course. Open Elective courses (OEC):

Open Electives are courses that students need to study in other discipline alongside their primary area of study. These courses are designed to give students greater flexibility over their curriculum, allowing them to pursue their interests and passions. Open Electives promote cross-disciplinary and multidisciplinary learning. Students have the freedom to choose suitable courses from different streams. This can be a great way to broaden the knowledge and skills and to explore new areas of interest.

Seminar

Seminars are given to provide opportunity for students to make technical presentation on their research or ideas on a specific topic, to a peer audience. Seminars can be used to enhance students' communication skills, critical thinking skills, and ability to synthesize information from technical publications. It can be also used to encourage students to read and collect recent and reliable information from technical publications including peer-reviewed journals, conference papers, books, project reports, and other sources. The purpose of seminars is to create a learning environment where students can engage in active discussions and develop their presentation skills. Participating in seminars, students can gain valuable experience and develop the skills they need to succeed in their future careers.

Major Project:

Every student need to complete major project that spans through 7th and 8th semester. The project in the seventh semester shall be continued as the project in the eighth semester.

<u>Minor and Honours courses:</u> The Minor in Engineering program allows students to obtain degree in another domain. They also get interdisciplinary experience and exposure to concepts and perspectives.

- > The student should earn additional 20 credits to be eligible for the award of B. Tech Degree with Minor.
- ➤ Out of the 20 credits, 12 credits should be earned by undergoing a minimum of three courses, of which one course shall be a mini project based on the chosen area.
- The remaining 8 credits could also be acquired through 2 MOOCs.

This program gives a great opportunity for students to broaden their understanding of the engineering profession.

Honors

Honors is intended for a student to gain advanced knowledge in an area with their B.Tech discipline in emerging/advanced areas in the branch of engineering concerned. Upon completion of Honors, a student will be better equipped to perform research in their branch of engineering.

➤ The student should earn additional 20 credits to be eligible for the award of B. Tech Degree with Honors.

- > Out of the 20 credits, 12 credits should be earned by undergoing a minimum of three courses, of which one course should be a mini project based on the chosen specific area.
- > The remaining 8 credits could be acquired through 2 MOOCs

Activity points:

To qualify for a B. Tech degree, all students are required to earn 100 activity points from various activity segments listed by the institution. These activity points are awarded on a pass/fail basis and are mandatory for obtaining the degree. While these activity points carry three credits, no grade is given for these credits, and they are not included in the calculation of the CGPA. The purpose of these activity points is to encourage students to participate in various extracurricular activities, such as sports, cultural events, and community service. For lateral entry students who join from the third semester, the activity point requirement is reduced to 75. The points earned by the student will be indicated in the consolidated academic statement, which is a record of the student's academic performance during their program.

The activity points can be earned by undertaking activities from different categories. Some of the categories are:

- (i) Internship
- (ii) MOOC/GRE/ TOEFL /GATE/ IELTS/MAT/SAT/CAT etc/ Foreign language proficiency
- (iii) Participation and organization of Co-curricular activities, Extracurricular activities.

Detailed list of activities and the related points are published along with the curriculum.

Socially Relevant Projects

The main purpose of Socially Relevant Projects is to connect the students with the society for mutual benefit. The community will benefit from the focused contribution of students towards local development. At the same time, the institution finds an opportunity to develop social sensibility and responsibility among students.

The objectives of Socially Relevant Projects are:

- ✓ To provide students with an opportunity to engage in meaningful community service and apply their learning to real-world situations.
- ✓ To promote civic responsibility and leadership skills among students, and to foster a deeper understanding of social issues.
- ✓ To facilitate the development of partnerships between colleges and local communities, and to contribute to local development.
- ✓ To encourage students to think critically and creatively about social issues, and to develop innovative solutions to address them.
- ✓ To promote interdisciplinary learning and collaboration, and to provide opportunities for students to apply their knowledge and skills across different fields.

Activities for Socially Relevant Project

- ❖ Conducting surveys and research on social issues and concerns to gain a better understanding of the problem and identify potential solutions.
- ❖ Developing and implementing educational programs to promote awareness and understanding of social issues and concerns.
- ❖ Collaborating with local NGOs and community groups to organize events and activities that promote social welfare and community development.
- ❖ Developing and implementing social welfare programs that address the needs of marginalized and vulnerable communities, such as homeless individuals, refugees, and low-income families.
- Conducting community service activities, such as volunteering at local shelters, food banks, and community centers.
- ❖ Developing and implementing environmental conservation programs that promote sustainable practices and reduce the impact of human activities on the environment.
- Creating and distributing educational materials, such as pamphlets and brochures, to raise awareness about social issues and concerns.

- ❖ Organizing fundraising events to support social welfare programs and community development initiatives.
- ❖ Engaging in advocacy and lobbying efforts to influence public policy and promote social justice.

Procedure for doing Socially Relevant Project

- ❖ Assign a group of students or a single student to a particular habitation, village, or municipal ward in the near vicinity of their place of stay.
- Conduct a survey of the habitation to gain a better understanding of the social issues and concerns that need to be addressed. A common survey format could be designed to ensure consistency.
- ❖ Develop a project work related to the student's domain or subject area that addresses the identified social issues and concerns. The project should be designed to be socially relevant and have a positive impact on the community.
- ❖ Implement the project work with the help of the local community and relevant authorities. This could include organizing awareness programs, developing and implementing educational programs, conducting community service activities, and engaging in advocacy and lobbying efforts.
- ❖ Monitor and evaluate the project work to ensure that it is having the desired impact on the community. This could include conducting surveys and research, gathering feedback from the local community, and tracking key performance indicators.
- ❖ Document the project work and its impact on the community, and share the findings with relevant stakeholders, including the local community, government authorities, and academic institutions

Internships

Internships offer students an excellent opportunity to gain industry exposure and prepare for their future work environment. All B.Tech students shall complete a minimum of six to eight weeks of internship in any reputed industry, research organization, or another esteemed institute of higher learning. This requirement can be fulfilled any time after their first year of study and before the seventh semester. The training can be undertaken in a single stretch or in segments, with each segment lasting at least two weeks. Students should select the organization for their internship in consultation with their senior faculty advisor. Additionally, the curriculum provides the option to undertake full-semester internship in the 7th or 8th semester.

Structure of Course code:

Each course will be identified by a unique Course Code consisting of eight alpha numeric characters (Two digits, three alphabets which together followed by three digits) and is represented as **YYXXCSNN**, which can be interpreted as: YY – Regulation Year XX - Stream Code C- Course Delivery Mode, S – Semester Number (it can have a number from 1 to 8) NN- Course Sequence Number

For eg: 24CET303- is a theory course offered by the civil engineering department in the third semester of the 2024 scheme.

24MEL408 - is a laboratory course offered by the mechanical engineering department in the fourth semester of the 2024 scheme.

24CSP607 - - is a laboratory course offered by the computer science department in the sixth semester of 2024 scheme.

Year of Regulation YY	Course category XX	Course delivery mode C	Semester Number S	Serial No. of course NN
Assessment Assessment	BY -BIOLOGY CE - CIVIL ENGINEERING CH - CHEMICAL ENGINEERING CS - COMPUTER SCIENCE &ENGINEERING CY - CHEMISTRY EC- ELECTRONICS & COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING EE - ELECTRICAL & ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING ER - ELECTRICAL & COMPUTER ENGINEERING AI - COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGINEERING AI - COMPUTER SCIENCE COURSE HU - HUMANITY, SOCIAL SCIENCE AND MANAGEMENT MA - MATHEMATICS MC- MANDATORY COURSE ME - MECHANICAL ENGINEERING PY - PHYSICS	T - THEORY ALONE P - THEORY INTEGERATED WITH PRACTICAL COURSE L-LABORATORY COURSE J - THEORY NTEGERATED WITH PROJECT (PROJECT BASED COURSE) E - PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE COURSE O - OPEN ELECTIVE COURSE H - HONORS COURSE M - MINOR COURSE S - SEMINAR R - RESEARCH BASED MINI PROJECT D - PROJECT N - INTERNSHIP	1 2 3 etc.	01 02 03 etc.

Assessment

In each semester, students shall be evaluated both by Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA) and End Semester Examinations (ESE) or by Continuous Internal Assessment alone based on the credit assigned to the course. The Continuous Internal assessment shall be on the basis of the day-to-day work, periodic tests, assignments, quizzes, presentations and other suitable tools

devised by the faculty. The faculty member(s) concerned should carry out the CIA for the courses allotted to them in the following perspectives with respect to all courses:

- Evaluation with respect to knowledge
- Evaluation with respect to Understanding
- Evaluation with respect to skill
- Evaluation with respect to Applications and/or
- Higher Order Thinking Skills

For the Practice part of a course or a pure Practice (Laboratory/Practical) course; due weightage shall be given for carrying out experiments, observations, collection of data, analysis, interpretation of results, inference etc. Timely submission of record work shall also carry due weightage based on the type of laboratories and the course. The CIA marks for individual courses shall be computed by giving weightage to the parameters given in the table below.

Mark Distribution of CIA											
			The	eory [L- ′	r]	Prac	tical [P]	Proje	ct [J]		
Course Structure [L-T-P-J]	Attendance	Assignment	Test-1	Test-2	#Class work	Lab Exam	Evaluation 1	Evalaution-2	Report	Total Marks	
1-0-0-0	5	25	20	_	-	_	-	-	-	50	
2-0-0-0	5	35	30	30	-	_	-	-	-	100	
1-0-2-0	5	10	20	_	25	40	-	_	-	100	
0-0-2-0	5	-	_	_	35	10	-	-	-	50	
0-0-4-0	5	-	_	_	25	30	-	-	-	60	
2-1-0-0	5	15	10	10	-	_	-	-	-	40	
3-0-0-0	5	15	10	10	-	_	-	-	-	40	
3-1-0-0	5	15	10	10	-			-	-	40	
4-0-0-0	5	15	10	10	-	_	-	-	-	40	
2-0-2-0	5	10	_	15	15	15	-	-	-	60	
3-1-2-0	5	10	12.5	12.5	10	10				60	
2-1-2-0	5	10	12.5	12.5	10	10	-	-	-	60	
3-0-2-0	5	10	12.5	12.5	10	10	-	-	-	60	
2-0-2-2	5	10	-	15	10		5	10	5	60	
2-2-0-0	5	10	12.5	12.5						40	
^2-0-2-0	5	10	20		*45	20				100	
&0-0-4-0	5				55	40				100	

[^] For Idea lab only, & For Manufacturing Practices only *Split up is given in the syllabus

Assessment of Assignment component of CIA

Based on the course category the number of assignments that shall be given for each course may vary. The table given below gives the details about it.

Course Category	L-T-P-J	Credit	Assessment of Assignment component of CIA
Theory Course	1-0-0-0	1	
	2-0-0-0	2	One assessment per two and
Theory Embedded with Practical	1-0-2-0	2	half module
Theory Course	2-1-0-0	3	
	2-2-0-0	4	
	3-0-0-0	3	Minimum two assessments per
	3-1-0-0	4	two and half modules. If more
	4-0-0-0	4	numbers are given,best two
Theory Embedded with Practical	2-0-2-0	3	shall be considered for the
	3-1-2-0	5	calculation of CIA.
	2-1-2-0	4	
	3-0-2-0	4	
Project Based Course	2-0-2-2	5	

Evaluation Type, CIA & ESE Mark Distribution:

The evaluation type, CIA & ESE mark distribution for courses with various course structures are given in the following table:

Evaluation Type	Course Category	L-T-P-J	Credit	CIA Mark	ESE Mark	CIA %	ESE %
	Theory Course	1-0-0-0	1	50			
	Theory Course	2-0-0-0	2				
	Theory integrated with Practical	1-0-2-0	2	100		100%	
CIA only	Due etie el	0-0-2-0	1	50	_		-
	Practical	0-0-4-0	2				
	Seminar	0-0-6-0	3	100			
	Project [Minor/Honor]	0-0-0-4	4				
	Major Project	0-0-14-0	7				
		2-1-0-0	3				
		2-2-0-0	4				
	Theory Course	3-0-0-0	3	40	60	40%	60%
		3-1-0-0	4				
CIA + ESE		4-0-0-0	4				
CIA + ESE		2-0-2-0	3				
	Theory integrated with	3-1-2-0	5				
	Practical	2-1-2-0	4	60	40	60%	40%
		3-0-2-0	4				
	Project Based Course	2-0-2-2	5				

Evaluation pattern for End Semester Examination

The end-semester examination shall have the learning assessments from the following perspectives for all courses:

- Evaluation with respect to Knowledge
- Evaluation with respect to Understanding
- Evaluation with respect to Applications

Separate evaluation pattern shall be followed for ESE, as given in table below.

PATTERN	PART A	PART B	ESE Marks
PATTERN 1	10 Questions, each question carries 2 marks Marks: (2x10 = 20 marks)		60
	Total Marks: 20	Total Marks: [5x8 = 40 marks]	
PATTERN 2	NIL	2 questions will be given from each module, out of which 1 question should be answered. Each question can have a maximum of 2 sub divisions. Each question carries 8 marks. Marks: (5x 8 = 40 marks) Time: 2.5 hours	40
	Total Marks: 0	Total Marks: [5x8 = 40 marks]	
PATTERN 3 [For the course 24EST108/24EST206 Engineering Graphics 2-2-0-0	NIL	2 questions will be given from each module, out of which 1 question should be answered. Each question carries 12 marks. Marks: (5x 12 = 60 marks) Time: 3 hours	60
	Total Marks: 0	Total Marks: [5x12 = 60 marks]	
PATTERN 4 (For the course 24CHP701 Computer-Aided Process Design	NIL	2 Questions, each question carries 40 marks. Each question can have a maximum of 2 sub-divisions. Marks: (1x40 = 40 marks Time: 2.5 hours	40
(2-1-2-0)	Total Marks: 0	Total Marks: (1x40 = 40 marks)	

The condition for passing a course shall be 40% for the End Semester Examination, 40% of CIA, and 50% for CIA and ESE put together. Letter grade 'F' will be awarded to the student for a course if either their marks for the ESE is below 40 % or mark for the CIA is below 40 % or the overall mark [Continuous Internal Evaluation + End Semester Examination] is below 50 %. For courses with only CIA [having no ESE], a minimum of 50% of CIA mark is required for passing.

Grade and Grade point

Grading is based on the overall percentage marks obtained by the student in a course. The grade card shows the grades obtained for the courses the student has registered. Semester grade card gives the grade for each registered course, Semester Grade Point Average (SGPA) for the semester as well as Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA). The details of assigning Grades and the corresponding Grade point are given in the table below.

Grades	Grade Point [GP]	% of Total Marks obtained
S	10	90% and above
A+	9.0	85% and above but less than 90%
A	8.5	80% and above but less than 85%

B+	8	75% and above but less than 80%
В	7.5	70% and above but less than 75%
C+	7.0	65% and above but less than 70%
С	6.5	60% and above but less than 65%
D	6	55% and above but less than 60%
P [Pass]	5.5	50% and above but less than 55%
F [Fail]	0	Below 50% (CIA + ESE) or Below 40 % for ESE Below 40 % for CIA Below 50% for courses with only CIA and no ESE
FE	0	Failed due to lack of eligibility criteria
I	0	Could not appear for the end semester examination but fulfils the eligibility criteria.
First Class with Distinction		CGPA 8.0 and above
First Class		CGPA 6.5 and above
Equivalent percentage mark shall	be = 10 * CGPA	'

Allotted and Cumulative Credits

The allotted and cumulative credits of circuit and non-circuit branches are given in table below

Semester	011001	t branches , EE, ER AI]	Non-Circuit branches [CE, ME &CH]				
	Allotted Credits	Cumulative Credits	Allotted Credits	Cumulative Credits			
First	20	-	23	-			
Second	23	43	21	44			
Third	24	67	23	67			
Fourth	22	89	22	89			
Fifth	21	110	21	110			
Sixth	20	130	20	130			
Seventh	21	151	21	151			
Eighth	16	167	16	167			

Circuit branches: Computer Science & Engineering [CS], Electronics & Communication [EC], Electrical & Electronics [EC], Electrical & Computer Science [ER] and Computer Science & Engineering [AI]

Non-Circuit branches: Civil [CE], Mechanical [ME] and Chemical Engineering [CH]

CURRICULUM 2024 CHEMICAL ENGINEERING

	FIRST SEMESTER												
Sl No	ıt	Code	ory	Title	L	Т	P	J	S	No. of	No. of	Total N	Marks
	Slot		Category							Hou rs	Credits	CIA	ESE
1	A	24MAP101	BSC	Calculus and Linear Algebra	3	1	2	0	5	6	5	60	40
2	В	24CYP103	BSC	Engineering Chemistry	2	1	2	0	4	5	4	60	40
3	С	24EST104	ESC	Fundamenta ls of Electrical Engineering	3	0	0	0	3	3	3	40	60
4	D	24EST108	ESC	Engineering Graphics	2	2	0	0	2	4	4	40	60
5	G	24ESL109	ESC	Manufacturi ng Practices	0	0	4	0	4	4	2	100	-
6	K	24MCT110	MC	Sports and Wellness	2	0	0	0	2	2	1	100	-
7	I	24CHT113	PCC	Introduction to Chemical Engineering	2	0	0	0	2	2	2	100	-
8	J	24EST114	ESC	Basics of Electronics Engineering	2	0	0	0	2	2	2	100	-
	TOTAL								24	28	23		

				SECOND	SEN	1ES'	ΓER	2					
Sl No		Code	у	Title	L	T	P	J	S			To Mai	
NU	Slot		Category							No. of Hours	No. of Credits	CIA	ESE
1	A	24MAP201	BSC	Differential Equations and Transforms	3	1	2	0	5	6	5	60	40
2	В	24PYP202	BSC	Engineering Physics	2	1	2	0	4	5	4	60	40
3	С	24ESP204	ESC	Problem solving and Programming	3	0	2	0	5	5	4	60	40
4	D	24ESP205	ESC	Technical English for Engineers	2	0	2	0	4	4	3	60	40
5	N	24MCP210	MC	IDEA Lab	2	0	2	0	4	4	1	100	-
6	0	24HUL209	HSMC	Design Thinking	0	0	2	0	2	2	1	50	-
7	Е	24HUT211	HSMC	Universal Human Values-II	2	1	0	0	2	3	3	40	60
	TOTAL									29	21		

	THIRD SEMESTER												
Sl No	Slot	Code	Category	Title	L	Т	P	I	S	Hours	Credits	_	tal rks
31 110	SI	Code	Cate	Title	L	1	1	,	3	Но	Cre	CIA	ESE
1	A	24MAT301	BSC	Probability Distributions and Complex Analysis	3	1	0	0	3	4	4	40	60
2	К	24EST362	ESC	Overview of Chemical Industries	2	0	0	0	2	2	2	100	-
3	В	24СНЈ303	PBC	Sustainable Development and Pollution Control	2	0	2	2	5	6	5	60	40
4	С	24CHP304	BSC	Chemistry for Process Engineers	2	1	2	0	4	5	4	60	40
5	D	24CHT305	PCC	Material & Energy Balance Computations	2	1	0	0	2	3	3	40	60
6	Е	24HUT310	НЅМС	Life Skills and Professional Ethics	3	0	0	0	3	3	3	40	60
7	I	24CHT307	PCC	Process Safety	2	0	0	0	2	2	2	100	-
8	M/R	24CHM309	MR/ RL	MINOR/ REMEDIAL	4	0	0	0			4/0	40	60
			Т	OTAL					21	25	23		

	FOURTH SEMESTER												
Sl No	Slot	Code	Category	Title	L	Т	P	J	s	Hours	Credits	Tot Mai	
	S		Cat							Н	Cre	CIA	ESE
1	A	24CHT401	PCC	Chemical Engineering Thermodynamics	3	1	0	0	3	4	4	40	60
2	B 24CHT402 PCC Numerical Methods for Chemical 2 1 0 0 Engineers						0	2	3	3	40	60	
3	С	24CHP403	PCC	Fluid & Particle Mechanics	2	1	2	0	4	5	4	60	40
4	D	24CHJ404	PBC	Heat Transfer Operations	2	0	2	2	5	6	5	60	40
5	Е	24HUT465	НЅМС	Entrepreneurship and Startups	3	0	0	0	3	3	3	40	60
6	F	24MCT406	MC	Environmental Sciences	3	0	0	0	3	3	1	40	60
7	I	24CHT407	PCC	Piping and Instrumentation Fundamentals	2	0	0	0	2	2	2	100	-
8	M/H/R	24CHM409 / 24CHH4XX	MR/ HR/ RL	MINOR/HONOURS/ REMEDIAL	4	0	0	0			4/ 4/0	40	60
	TOTAL 21 26 22												

				FIFTH SEMES	TER								
Sl	Slot	Code	Category	Title	L	Т	P	J	s	Hours	Credits	Tot Mar	
No	S		Cate					,		Н	Cre	CIA	ESE
1	A	24CHT501	PCC	Mass Transfer Operations - I	2	1	0	0	2	3	3	40	60
2	В	24CHJ502	PBC	Kinetics & Reactor Design	2	0	2	2	5	6	5	60	40
3	С	24CHT503	PCC	Transport Phenomena	2	1	0	0	2	3	3	40	60
4	D	24CHP504	PCC	Particle Technology	2	1	2	0	4	5	4	60	40
5	E	24HUT565	HSMC	Economics & Management for Chemical Industries	3	0	0	0	3	3	3	40	60
6	F	24MCT506	МС	Constitution of India		MOC)C		3	0	1		
7	I	24EST508	ESC	Energy & Environmental Audit	2	0	0	0	2	2	2	100	
8	M/H/R	24CHM509 / 24CHH5XX	MR/ HR/ RL	MINOR/HONOURS/ REMEDIAL	4	0	0	0			4/ 4/ 0	40	60
			7	ГОТАL					21	22	21		

				SIXTH SEMES	TER								
Sl	Slot	Code	Category	Title	L	Т	P	т	S	Hours	its	To: Mai	
No	SI	Code	Cate	ritte	L	1	P	J	3	Ног	Credits	CIA	ESE
1	A	24CHT601	PCC	Heterogeneous Catalysis & Reactor Design	2	1	0	0	2	3	3	40	60
2	В	24CHP602	PCC	Instrumentation and Process Control	2	0	2	0	4	4	3	60	40
3	С	24CHP603	PCC	Mass Transfer Operations -II	2	0	2	0	4	4	3	60	40
4	D	24CHE6 X 4	PEC	Professional Elective-1	3	0	0	0	3	3	3	40	60
5	Е	24CHE6X5 / 24CHI6X5	PEC/ IEC	Professional Elective-2 / Industry Elective	3	0	0	0	3	3	3	40	60
6	F	24CHS606	SR	Seminar	0	0	4	0	4	4	2	100	-
7	U	24SPJ607	MC	Socially Relevant Project	0	0	0	2	1	2	1	100	-
8	I 24ESP609 ESC Artificial Intelligence in Chemical Engineering							0	3	3	2	100	-
9	M/H/R	24CHM609 / 24CHH6XX	MR/ HR/ RL	MINOR/HONOURS/ REMEDIAL	4	0	0	0			4/ 4/ 0	40	60
			Т	OTAL					24	26	20		

 ${f X}$ Serial No. of Elective course in the respective basket.

	SEVENTH SEMESTER												
Sl No	Slot	Code	Category	Title	L	Т	P	ī	S	Hours	its	Tota Marl	
51 NO	IS	Code	Cate	Title	L	1	P	J	5	юН	Credits	CIA	ESE
1	A	24CHP701	PCC	Computer-Aided Process Design (Internship Students: Online Classes with virtual lab)	2	1	2	0	4	5	4	60	40
2	В	24CHP702	ESC	Biology & Biochemical Engineering (Internship Students: Online Classes with virtual lab)	2	1	2	0	4	5	4	60	40
3	С	24CHE7X3	PEC	Professional Elective-3 (Internship Students: MOOC Approved by the Institute/Online Classes)	3	0	0	0	3	3	3	40	60
4	D	24CHO7X4 / 24CHI7X4	OEC /IEC	Open Elective 1/ Industry Elective (Internship Students: MOOC Approved by the Institute/Online Classes)	3	0	0	0	3	3	3	40	60
5	U	24CHR705	PR	Option 1: Major Project Option 2: Internship (4-6 Months)	0	0	14	0	14	14	7	100	
6	M/H/R	24CHM709 / 24CHH7XX	PRM/ HR/ RL	PROJECT IN MINOR/ HONOURS/ REMEDIAL	0/ 4/ 4	0	0	4/ 0/ 0			4/ 4/ 0	100	
	TOTAL 26 30 21												

The students have the option to undertake an internship either in the 7th or 8th semester. The students taking up the internship shall fulfil all the requirements of internal assessments such as series test, quizzes, assignments etc.

 $^{^{\}star}$ Option 1: Work on a project within the institute or department under the mentorship of faculty members.

* Option 2: Complete a full-semester internship in an industry or organization.

	EIGHTH SEMESTER												
Sl No	Slot	Code	Category	Title	L	Т	P	J	S	Hours	Credits	Tot Mar CIA	_
1	A	24CHE8X1	PEC	Professional Elective-4/MOOC (Internship Students: MOOC Approved by the Institute/Online Classes)	3	0	0	0	3	3	3	40	E 60
2	В	24CH08X2	OEC	Open Elective-2 / MOOC (Internship Students: MOOC Approved by the Institute/Online Classes)	3	0	0	0	3	3	3	40	60
3	С	24CH08X3	OEC	Open Elective- 3/ MOOC (Internship Students: MOOC Approved by the Institute/Online Classes)	3	0	0	0	3	3	3	40	60
4	U	24CHD804/ 24CHN804	PR/ IP	PROJECT/ INTERNSHIP Option 2: Internship for the students who have done Major project in the 7 th semester.	0	0	14	0	14	14	7	100	-
5	H/ R	24CHH7XX	PRH /RL	PROJECT IN HONOURS/ REMEDIAL	0 / 4	0	0	4 / 0	23		4/ 0	100	
	TOTAL									23	16		

The students taking up the internship shall fulfil all the requirements of internal assessments such as series test, quizzes, assignments etc.

Professional Elective Details

Professional Elective – 1

Slot	Code	Category	Title
	24CHE614		Air Pollution Monitoring and Control
	24CHE624		Fire Safety Engineering
	24CHE634		Process Modelling and Simulation
	24CHE644		Oil & Natural Gas Engineering
D	24CHE654	PEC	Corrosion Engineering
	24CHE664		Fuels and Combustion
	24CHE674		Nuclear Engineering
	24CHE684		Polymer Technology
	24CHE694	Bioreactor Analysis and Design	

Professional Elective – 2

Slot	Code	Category	Title
	24CHE615		Water and Wastewater Engineering
	24CHI625		Occupational Health & Hygiene
	24CHE635		Optimization of Chemical Processes
	24CHI645	DEC /	Petroleum Refining and Petrochemical Technology
E	24CHI655	PEC/	Process Plant Utilities
	24CHE665	IEC	Fuel Cell Technology
	24CHE675		Hydrogen Energy Technology
	24CHE685		Nanomaterials & Nanotechnology
	24CHI695		Fermentation Technology

Professional Elective – 3

Slot	Code	Category	Title
	24CHE713		Municipal Solid and Biomedical Waste management
	24CHE723		Hazard Analysis and Risk Management
	24CHE733		Computational Fluid Dynamics
	24CHE743		Pipeline Transportation of Oil & Gas
С	24CHE753	PEC	Electrochemical Engineering
	24CHE763		Renewable Energy and Environment
	24CHE773		Minerals & Metal Processing Industries
	24CHE783		Food Technology
	24CHE793		Drugs & Pharmaceuticals Technology

Professional Elective – 4

Slot	Code	Category	Title
	24CHE811		Process Design for Pollution Control
	24CHE821		Rescue and Disaster Management
	24CHE831		Statistical Design and Analysis of Experiments
	24CHE841		Enhanced Oil Recovery
Α	24CHE851	PEC	Electrochemical Energy Conversion and Storage
	24CHE861		Process Plant Simulation
	24CHE871		Waste to Energy Conversion
	24CHE881		Colloids and Interface Engineering
	24CHE891		Engineering of Climate Change

Open Elective Details

Open Elective – 1

Slot	Code	Category	Title
A	24CHI714	OEC/	Process Safety and Hazard Assessment
71	24CHO724	IEC	Process Utility & Pipeline Design

Open Elective – 2

Slot	Code	Category	Title
	24CHO812		Waste to Energy Conversion
В	24CHO822	OEC	Industrial Waste Management
Б	246110022	OEC	Energy Technology and Energy
	24CH0832		Management

Open Elective – 3

Slot	Code	Category	Title	
	24CH0813		Petroleum Resources and Petrochemicals	
С	24CH0823	OEC	Pollution Control in Process Industries	
	24CH0833		Hydrogen Energy Technology	

Details of Microspecializations Offered

Microspecialization – 1 (Environmental Engineering)

Base Course: Sustainable Development and Pollution Control

Slot	Code	Category	Title
D	24CHE614	PEC	Air Pollution Monitoring and Control
Е	24CHE615	PEC	Water and Wastewater Engineering
С	24CHE713	PEC	Municipal Solid and Biomedical Waste management
A	24CHE811	PEC	Process Design for Pollution Control

Microspecialization – 2 (Safety Engineering)

Base Course: Process Safety

Slot	Code	Category	Title
D	24CHE624	PEC	Fire Safety Engineering
Е	24CHI625	IEC	Occupational Health & Hygiene
С	24CHE723	PEC	Hazard Analysis and Risk Management
Α	24CHE821	PEC	Rescue and Disaster Management

Microspecialization – 3 (Mathematical and Computational Methods)

Base Course: Numerical Methods for Chemical Engineers

Slot	Code	Category	Title			
D	24CHE634	PEC	Process Modelling and Simulation			
Е	24CHI635	IEC	Optimization of Chemical Processes			
С	24CHE733	PEC	Computational Fluid Dynamics			
Α	24CHE831	PEC	Statistical Design and Analysis of			
	210112001	120	Experiments			

Microspecialization – 4 (Petroleum Engineering)

Base Course: Mass Transfer Operations – I

Slot	Code	Category	Title
D	24CHE644	PEC	Oil & Natural Gas Engineering
Е	24CHI645	IEC	Petroleum Refining and Petrochemical Technology
С	24CHE743	PEC	Pipeline Transportation of Oil & Gas
Α	24CHE841	PEC	Enhanced Oil Recovery

HONOURS

Semester	(Advai En	ASKET I nced Chemical gineering)		ASKET II y Engineering)	BASKET III (Process Control)		
Sen	Course No.	Course Name	Course No.	Course Name	Course No.	Course Name	
S4	24СНН409	Computational Methods in Chemical Engineering	24СНН410	Biomass Conversion and Biorefinery	24CHH411	Modern Methods of Instrumentati on	
S5	24СНН509	Advanced Heat Transfer	24СНН510	Technologies for Clean and renewable energy production	24СНН511	Soft Computing Techniques	
S6	24СНН609	Advanced Fluid Mechanics	24СНН610	Energy conservation and waste heat recovery	24СНН611	Modern Control Theory	
S7	24CHH709	Process Integration & Intensification	24СНН710	Energy Economics and Policy	24CHH711	Advanced Process Control	
S8	24СНН809	Project	24СНН810	Project	24СНН811	Project	

MINOR

Semester	Course No.	Course Name
S3	24CHM309	Introduction To Chemical Engineering
S4	24CHM409	Mechanical Unit Operations
S5	24CHM509	Heat And Mass Transfer
S6	24CHM609	Chemical Reaction Engineering
S7	24CHM709	Project

RULES FOR ASSIGNING ACTIVITY POINTS

To be successful professionals, students need more than just technical knowledge and skills; they must also possess excellent soft skills, leadership qualities, and team spirit. Additionally, they should have entrepreneurial capabilities and a strong commitment to society. To nurture these qualities, students are required to earn activity points through various extra-curricular and co-curricular activities. A minimum of 100 activity points is required to qualify for the B.Tech degree, and this is assessed on a pass/fail basis, contributing three credits towards the degree. These credits are mandatory for obtaining the B.Tech degree but are not included in the CGPA calculation.

For lateral entry students joining from the third semester, the requirement is 75 activity points. The points earned will be indicated in the consolidated academic statement. For students participating in NSS and NCC, points can be entered after the completion of the two-year program. All documental proof for awarding the activity points should be obtained, and the points are to be consolidated. The rules for assigning activity points are detailed in the following sections.

- National Initiatives
- Sports & Games
- Cultural Activities
- Professional Self Initiatives
- Entrepreneurship and Innovation
- Leadership & Management

The table below outlines the activities under each segment, the expected level of achievement, the corresponding activity points, the required evidence for assigning points, and the minimum duration for certain activities. Additional activities under these segments may be considered with approval from the Academic Council

Activity Head	Sl. No	Activity						and	** App Docum		Max. Points	Min. Duration of activity	
		*Level	I	II	III	I	V	V				-	
	1	N C C	-	-	-		-	-	a/	'b	60	2 Year	
iatives	2	NSS	-	-	-		-	-	a/	'b	60	2 Year	
National Init Participa	For C certificate / outstanding performance supported by certification, additional marks to 20 canbe provided subjected to maximum limit of 80 points. Best NSS Volunteer Awardee (University level) / Participation in National Integration Camp/ PreRepublic-Day Parade Camp (South India), supported by certification, addition marks up to 10 canbe provided subjected to maximum limit of 70 points Best NSS Volunteer Awardee (State / National level) / Participation in Republic Day Parade Camp / International Youth Exchange Programme, supported by certification, addition marks up to 20 canbe provided subjected to maximum limit of 80 points										Integration , additional : Day Parade		
	3	Sports:	8	1	5 3	25	40		60	а	60	1 Year	
ion	4	Games	8	1	5	25	40		60	а	60	1 Year	
Sports & Games Participation		First Prize	e 10) 1	0	10	20		20	provi	Additional points can be provided for winning. The		
Spor		Second Prize	8	8	3	8	16		16	point	s is 60. B	t for activity ut for Level	
		Third Prize	5		5	5	12		12	maxi	nd V w mum poi nced to 80	nt limit is	
	5	Music	8	1	2	20	40		60	а	60	1 Year	
ies	6	Performing arts	8	1	2	20	40		60	a	60	1 Year	
tivit	7	Literary arts	8	1	2	20	40		60	а	60	1 Year	
Cultural Activities Participation		First Prize	e 10) 1	0	10	20		20	provi	Additional points can provided for winning. T		
Cult		Second Prize	8	8	3	8	16		16	point	maximum limit for activi points is 60. But for Lev		
		Third Prize	5	5	5	5	12		12	maxi		inning, the nt limit is	

	8	Tech Fest, TechQuiz	10	20	30	40	50	a	50	
	9	MOOC with final assessment certificate			5	0		a	50	
	10	Competitions conducted by Professional Societies - (IEEE, IET, ASME, SAE, NASA etc.)	10	15	20	30	40	a	40	
	11	Attending Full time Conference/ Seminars / Exhibitions/ Workshop/ STTP conducted at IITs /NITs			1	5		a	30	
Professional Self Initiatives	11 a	Attending Full time Conference/ Seminars / Exhibitions/ Workshop/ STTP conducted at KTU or its affiliated institutes			e	Ó		a	12	
Professi	12	Paper presentation/ publication at IITs /NITs			2	0		a	40	
		Additional 10 points	for ce	rtifica	te of re	cognit		l		
	12. a	Paper presentation/ publication at KTU or its affiliated institutes			8	3		a	16	
		Additional 2 points for	or cert	ificate	of rec	ognitio	on.			
	13	Poster Presentation at IITs /NITs			1	0		а	20	
		Additional 10 points	for ce	rtifica	te of re	cognit	ion.			
	13. a	Poster Presentation at KTU or its affiliated institutes			Δ.	ŀ		a	8	
		Additional 2 points for	or cert	ificate	of rec	ognitio	on.			

	14	Industrial Training/ Internship (atleast for 5 full days)	20	a/b	20	
	15	Industrial/ Exhibition visits	5	a/b/ d	10	
	16	Foreign Language Skill (TOEFL/ IELTS/ BEC exams etc.) –	50	a	50	
	17	Start-up Company Registered legally	60	d	60	
	18	Patent-Filed	30	d	30	
	19	Patent - Published	35	d	60	
	20	Patent- Approved	50	d	60	
	21	Patent- Licensed	80	d	80	
vation	22	Prototype developed and tested	60	d	60	
nud Innc	23	Awards for Products developed	60	d	60	
Entrepreneurship and Innovation	24	Innovative technologies developed and usedby industries/users	60	d	60	
Entre	25	Got venture capitalfunding for innovative ideas/products.	80	d	80	
	26	Startup Employment (Offering jobs to two persons not lessthan Rs. 15000/- per month)	80	d	80	
	27	Societal innovations	50	d	50	

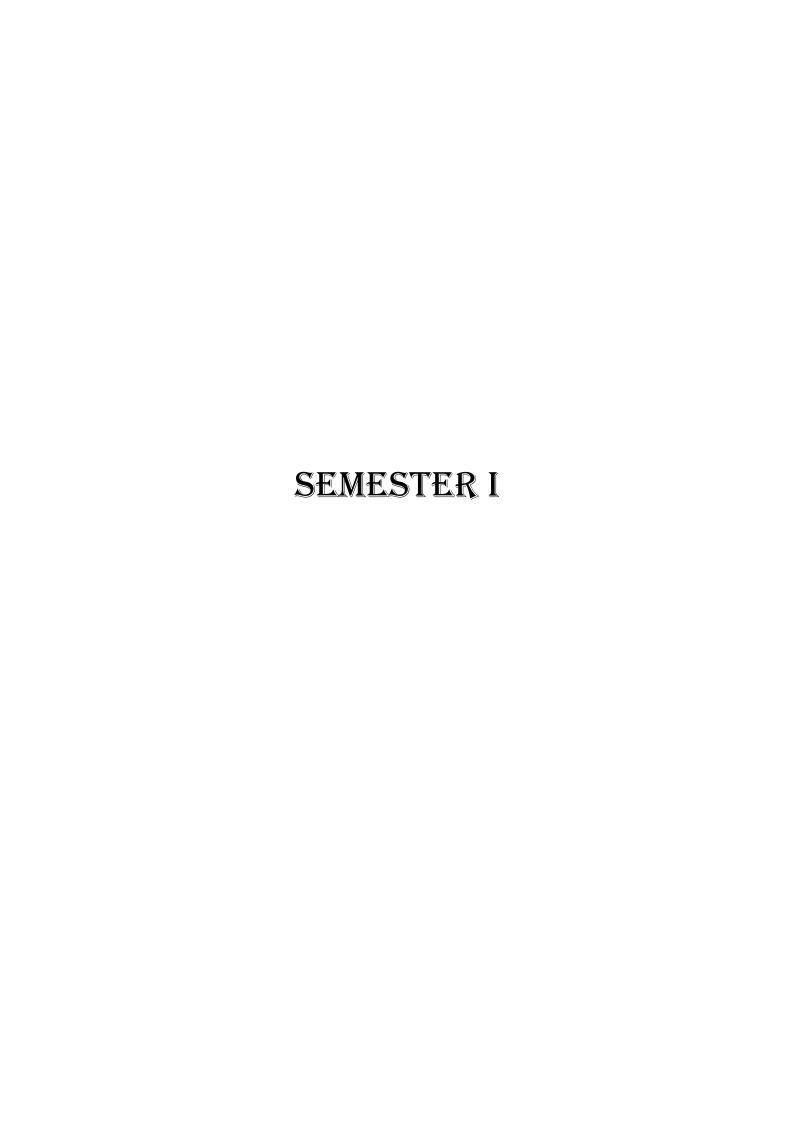
			Core coordinat or	Sub coordinat or	Volunte er			
at	28	Student Professional Societies (IEEE, IET, ASME, SAE, NASA etc.)	15	10	5	d	40	
Leadership & Management	29	College Association Chapters (Mechanical, Civil, Electrical etc.)	15	10	5	d	40	
Leadership	30	Festival & Technical Events (College approved)	15	10	5	d	40	
	31	Hobby Clubs	15	10	5	d	40	
	32	Elected student representatives	30 (Chairman)	25 (Secretary)	15 (Other Council Members)	d	60	

*Level I College Events *Level II Zonal Events

*Level III State/ University Events

*Level IV National Events *Level V International Events

^{**}Approval Documents: (a) Certificate (b) Letter from Authorities (c) Appreciation recognition letter (d)Documentary evidence (e) Legal Proof (f) Others (specify)



24MAP101	CALCULUS AND LINEAR ALGEBRA			P	J	S	С	Year of Introduction
	CHECCEON IN DELICENCE TECEPORT	3	1	2	0	5	5	2024
Preamble:								
	nables the students to understand basi lgebra. The topics like Multivariable Cal			-				
ntegrals and applications, Vector Differentiation, Vector Integration and Linear Algebra are included. This course helps the learners in modeling and analyzing								

physical phenomena involving continuous changes of variables or parameters and

has applications across all engineering domains. **Prerequisite:** Calculus of univariate functions and matrix theory.

Course (Outcomes:	After the	completion	of the	course	the student	will be a	ble to
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- CO 1 Apply the concept of partial derivatives to evaluate the extrema of two variable functions. [Apply level]
- **CO 2** Use multiple integrals to find the area and volume of geometrical shapes, mass and center of gravity of plane laminas. [**Apply level**]
- CO 3 Utilize vector calculus techniques to solve problems related to vector fields in various disciplines. [Apply level]
- **CO 4** Apply appropriate techniques such as Green's theorem, Stokes' theorem and divergence theorem to evaluate vector integrals for different types of regions and surfaces. [**Apply level**]
- **CO 5** Use the Gauss elimination method to solve given systems of linear equations and to determine whether a matrix is diagonalizable. [**Apply level**]

CO - PO MAPPING

CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	P06	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO 1	✓	✓			✓				✓			✓
CO 2	✓	✓			✓				✓			✓
CO 3	✓	✓			✓				✓			✓
CO 4	✓	✓			✓				✓			✓
CO 5	✓	✓			✓				✓			✓

Assessment Pattern for Theory component

	Continuou	ıs Assessme	End Semester	
Bloom's Category	Test1	Test 2	Other tools	Examination
Remember	✓	✓	✓	✓
Understand	✓	✓	✓	✓
Apply	✓	✓	✓	✓
Analyse				
Evaluate				
Create				

Assessment Pattern for Lab component

Bloom's Category	Continuous Assessment Tools				
Bloom's Category	Class work	Test1			
Remember	✓	✓			

Understand	✓	✓
Apply	✓	✓
Analyse		
Evaluate		
Create		

Mark Distribution of CIA

		Theory [L- T]			Practio			
Course Structure [L-T-P]	Attendance	Assignment	Test-1	Test-2	Class work	Lab Exam	Total Marks	
3-1-2-0	5	10	12.5	12.5	10	10	60	

Total Marks distribution

Total Marks	CIA (Marks)	ESE (Marks)	ESE Duration
100	60	40	2.5 hours

End Semester Examination [ESE]: Pattern

PATTERN	PART A	PART B	ESE Marks
PATTERN 2		2 questions will be given from each module, out of which 1 question should be answered. Each question can have a maximum of 2 sub divisions. Each question carries 8 marks. Marks: (5x 8 = 40 marks) Time: 2.5 hours	40
	Total Marks: 0	Total Marks: [5x8 = 40 marks]	

SYLLABUS

MODULE I : (Multivariable Calculus and Applications)

Partial derivatives, Partial derivatives of functions of two variables, The partial derivative functions, Partial derivatives viewed as rates of change and slopes, Implicit partial differentiation, Partial derivatives of functions with more than two variables, Higher-order partial derivatives, Equality of mixed partials, Differentiability, Differentials, Local linear approximations, The chain rule, Chain rules for partial derivatives, Other versions of the chain rule, Implicit differentiation, Maxima and minima of functions of two variables - Extrema, Finding relative extrema, The second partials test.

MODULE II: (Multiple integrals and applications)

Double integrals (Cartesian), Double integrals over nonrectangular regions, Reversing the order of integration, Change of coordinates (Cartesian to polar), Finding area and

volume using double integrals, Application of multiple integrals-mass and center of gravity of inhomogeneous laminas using double integral. Triple integrals, volume calculated as triple integral (exclude problems of intersection of solids), and triple integral in cylindrical coordinates.

MODULE III: (Vector Differentiation)

Vector valued functions of single variable, derivative of vector function and geometrical interpretation, motion along a curve –velocity, speed and acceleration. Concept of scalar and vector fields, Gradient and its properties, directional derivative, divergence and curl, Line integrals of vector fields, work as line integral, Conservative vector fields, independence of path and potential function (results without proof).

MODULE IV: (Vector Integration)

Green's Theorem (for simply connected domains, without proof) and applications to evaluating line integrals and finding areas. Divergence theorem (without proof) and its applications to flux integrals, Stokes' theorem (without proof) and its applications to finding line integrals of vector fields and work done. Evaluation of Surface integral using Stokes' theorem.

MODULE V: (Linear Algebra)

Systems of linear equations, Solution by Gauss elimination, row echelon form and rank of a matrix, fundamental theorem for linear systems (homogeneous and non-homogeneous, without proof), eigenvalues and eigenvectors, Properties of eigenvalues and eigenvectors, Diagonalization of matrices.

Text books

- 1. H. Anton, I. Biven, S. Davis, "Calculus", Wiley, 10th edition, 2015.
- 2. Erwin Kreyszig, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, 10th edition, John Wiley & Sons, 2016.

Reference books

- 1. J. Stewart, Essential Calculus, Cengage, 2nd edition, 2017
- 2. G.B. Thomas and R.L. Finney, Calculus and Analytic geometry, 9 th Edition, Pearson, Reprint, 2002.
- 3. Peter V. O'Neil, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, Cengage, 7th Edition, 2012
- 4. Veerarajan T., Engineering Mathematics for first year, Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi, 2008.
- 5. B.S. Grewal, Higher Engineering Mathematics, Khanna Publishers, 36 Edition, 2010.
- 6. Dr. Joydeep Dutta, Calculus of Several Real Variables, IIT Kanpur, [NPTEL], https://nptel.ac.in/courses/111104125 (Relevant sections)
- 7. Prof. Gilbert Strang, Linear Algebra [MITOPENCOURSEWARE] https://ocw.mit.edu/courses/18-06-linear-algebra-spring-2010/ (Relevant sections)

	COURSE CONTENTS AND LECTURE SCHEDULE	
No.		No. of Hours
110.		[45 hours]
	MODULE 1 [9 hours]	
1.1	Partial derivatives, Partial derivatives of functions of two variables	1
1.2	Implicit partial differentiation, Partial derivatives of functions with more than two variables	1
1.3	Higher-order partial derivatives, Equality of mixed partials	1
1.4	Differentials	1
1.5	Local Linear approximations	1
1.6	Chain rule, Implicit differentiation	1
1.7	Total derivative	1
1.8	Maxima and minima of functions of two variables -Extrema,	1
	Finding relative extrema, The second partials test.	
1.9	Maxima and minima of functions of two	1
	variables(continued)	
	MODULE II [10 hours]	I
2.1	Double integrals (Cartesian)-evaluation	1
2.2	Double integrals(continued)	1
2.3	Change of order of integration in double integrals	1
2.4	Change of coordinates (Cartesian to polar)	1
2.5	Finding areas and volumes	1
2.6	Finding areas and volumes(continued)	1
2.7	Mass and center of gravity of plane laminas	1
2.8	Triple integrals	1
2.9	Volume calculated as triple integral (exclude problems of the intersection of solids)	1
2.10	Triple integral in cylindrical coordinates	1
	MODULE III [9 hours]	
3.1	Vector valued function of a scalar variable	1
3.2	Derivative of vector valued function of scalar variable - geometrical meaning	1
3.3	Motion along a curve-speed, velocity, acceleration	1
3.4	Gradient and its properties	1
3.5	Directional derivative	1
3.6	Divergent and curl	1
3.7	Line integrals with respect to arc length, line integrals of vector fields.	1

3	8 Work done as line integral	1
3.9	Conservative vector field, independence of path, potential function	1
	MODULE IV [9 hours]	
4.1	Green's theorem and its applications	1
4.2	Green's theorem and its applications(continued)	1
4.3	Green's theorem and its applications(continued)	1
4.4	Divergence theorem and applications	1
4.5	Divergence theorem and applications(continued)	1
4.6	Divergence theorem and applications(continued)	1
4.7	Stokes theorem and applications	1
4.8	Stokes theorem and applications(continued)	1
4.9	Stokes theorem and applications(continued)	1
	MODULE V [8 hours]	
5.1	Systems of linear equations, Solution by Gauss elimination	1
5.2	Row echelon form,	1
5.3	Finding rank from row echelon form	1
5.4	Fundamental theorem for linear systems (homogeneous and non-homogeneous, without proof)	1
5.5	Eigenvalues and eigenvectors	1
5.6	Properties of eigenvalues and eigenvectors	1
5.7	Diagonalization of matrices	1
5.8	Diagonalization of matrices(continued)	1

LESSON PLAN FOR LAB COMPONENT

No.	Topic	No. of Hours	Experiment		
1	Introduction	4	Introduction to Python and general Syntax		
2	Linear Algebra	4	List, Arrays, Matrices and their operations, rank, Solution of system of linear equations, eigenvalues and eigenvectors, Diagonalization of matrices.		
3	Visualizing Functions	2	Plotting and visualizing curves and surfaces, Symbolic Computations.		
4	Extrema	2	Derivatives, evaluating extremum of a single variable function.		

		2	Evaluating maxima and minima of functions of several variables.
	Integration	2	Understanding integration as an area under the curve.
5		2	Evaluating area using double integrals.
		2	Evaluating triple integrals.
6	Gradient, Curl and Divergence.	2	Evaluating gradient, curl and divergence.

CO Assessment Questions

- 1. A manufacturer makes two models of an item, standard and deluxe. It costs Rs. 40 to manufacture the standard model and Rs. 60 for the deluxe. A market research firm estimates that if the standard model is priced at rupees x and the deluxe at rupees y, then the manufacturer will sell 500(y x) of the standard items and 45,000 + 500(x 2y) of the deluxe each year. How should the items be priced to maximize the profit?
- 2. Determine the dimension of the rectangular box open at the top, having a volume 32 cubic ft and requiring the least amount of material for its construction.
- 3. The temperature T(x,y,z) at any point (x, y, z) in space is given by $T(x,y,z) = x^2 + y^2 + z^2$. Find the differential dT at a point (a,b,c), and use it to approximate the change in temperature when the coordinates change by small amounts $\delta x, \delta y$, and δz .
- 4. Use a CAS(MATLAB/SCILAB/Python) to generate a contour plot of f(x,y) = 2y2x yx2 + 4xy for $-5 \le x \le 5$ and $-5 \le y \le 5$, and use the plot to approximate the locations of all relative extrema and saddle points in the region. Check your answer using calculus, and identify the relative extrema as relative maxima or minima.
- 5. **Team Work**: Use the method of least squares(refer exercise 13.8 in text 1) to find the values of m and b in the regression line y=mx+b that best fits the data (x_1, y_1) , (x_2, y_2) , . . . , (x_n, y_n) . The team has to make a presentation elaborating the solution and illustrating the method on any data set (using any programming language).
- 1. Consider a thin metal plate that occupies the triangular region R in the xy-plane with vertices at (0, 0), (2, 0), and (0, 3). The temperature on the plate is given by $T(x,y) = x^2 + y^2$, where x and y are the coordinates of a point. Find the average temperature over the region R.
- 2. A water tank has the shape of a hemisphere with a radius of 4 meters. The tank is filled with water up to a height of h meters. Find the total

1

2

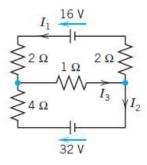
- weight of the water in the tank using a double integral, assuming the density of water is constant.
- 3. Find the mass and centre of gravity of a triangular lamina with vertices (0,0), (2,1), (0,3) if the density function is f(x, y) = x + y.
- 4. Use a CAS(MATLAB/SCILAB/Python) to approximate the intersections of the curves $y = \sin x$ and y = x/2, and then approximate the volume of the solid in the first octant that is below the surface $z = \sqrt{1 + x + y}$ and above the region in the xy-plane that is enclosed by the curves.
- 5. **Team Work**: The following initial steps can be used to express a triple integral over a solid G as an iterated triple integral: First project G onto one of the coordinate planes to obtain a region R, and then project R onto one of the coordinate axes. Describe how you would use these steps to find the limits of integration. Illustrate your discussion with an example using any software. The team has to make a presentation elaborating the procedure.
- 1. A heat-seeking particle is located at the point (2, 3) on a flat metal plate whose temperature at a point (x, y) is $T(x,y) = 10 8x^2 2y^2$. Find an equation for the trajectory of the particle if it moves continuously in the direction of maximum temperature increase.
- 2. A vector field F(x, y, z) = (y, x, 2z) represents the velocity of a fluid flow in three-dimensional space. Determine the divergence and curl of F, and interpret the physical meaning of these vector operations.
- 3. A vector field $F(x,y,z) = (x^2,xy,yz)$ represents a force field in three-dimensional space. Show that F is conservative and find a potential function for F. Also, evaluate the work done by F along a curve C from point A(1,2,0) to point B(3,1,4).
- 4. Visualize any five vector fields relevant to your domain using CAS(MATLAB/SCILAB/Python).
- 5. **Team Work**: Suppose that C is a circle in the domain of a conservative nonzero vector field in the xy-plane whose component functions are continuous. Explain why there must be at least two points on C at which the vector field is normal to the circle. Also, illustrate using figures drawn in any software. Does the result remain true if the circle C is replaced by a square? Explain. The team has to make a presentation elaborating the solution.
- 1. Suppose we have a region R in the xy-plane bounded by a simple closed curve C. The temperature distribution in this region is given by the function $T(x,y) = 2x^2 3y^2$. Calculate the total heat flux across the boundary curve C using Green's theorem.
- 2. Find the outward flux of the vector field $F(x, y, z) = z\hat{k}$ across the sphere $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = a^2$ using divergence theorem.
- 3. Calculate the work done by force field F(x, y, z) = 2xi + 3yj + 4zk where

3

4

C is the curve defined by the ellipse $\frac{x^2}{9} + \frac{y^2}{4} = 1$ in the counterclockwise direction using Stokes' Theorem.

- 4. Use a CAS(MATLAB/SCILAB/Python) to verify Green's Theorem for the function $F = e^y \mathbf{i} + y e^x \mathbf{j}$ where
 - (a) C is the circle $x^2 + y^2 = 1$
 - (b) C is the boundary of the region enclosed by $y = x^2$ and $x = y^2$.
- 5. **Team Work**: Explain with graphics how a rolling planimeter is used to calculate the area of a region. Describe the relationship between these devices and Green's Theorem. Illustrate an example. The team has to make a presentation elaborating the solution.
 - 1. Using Kirchhoff's laws and showing the details, find the currents:



2. Find the growth rate in the Leslie model (see Example 3. Sec8.2 Text2)

with the matrix as given $\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 3.45 & 0.60 \\ 0.9 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0.45 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$.

5

3. A system is represented by the state equation $\begin{bmatrix} \frac{dx_1}{dt} \\ \frac{dx_2}{dt} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -4 & -5 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix} +$

 $\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} u$. Show that it is controllable.

- 4.In circuit theory a set of linear equations with electrical components such as resistance inductance capacitors current voltage etc. Identify a problem solved using matrix algebra and solve it using CAS(MATLAB/SCILAB/Python).
- 5. **Team Work**: Identify five application-oriented problems from your domain and its solution. Give a PPT illustrating the relevance of the problem.

		L	Т	P	J	S	C	Year of
24CYP103	ENGINEERING CHEMISTRY							Introduction
24011100	(Non-circuit Branches)	2	1	2	0	4	4	2024
	(Non Circuit Branciscs)							

Preamble: Enable the students to build a solid foundation in fundamentals of chemistry, to correlate theoretical concepts with their industrial/engineering applications and to get hands-on laboratory experience on the principles discussed in theory sessions. The course imparts knowledge on various important topics like atomic and molecular structure, electrochemistry, organic reactions, etc., as they apply to the field of engineering and to familiarize the students with different application-oriented topics like spectroscopy, water chemistry, etc. It helps the learners to prepare them for advanced concepts in chemistry and to do interdisciplinary research.

Prerequisite: Higher secondary chemistry.

Course Outcomes: After the completion of the course the student will be able to

- CO1 Illustrate molecular orbital energy level diagram of diatomic molecules [Understand level]
- CO2 Identify the suitable spectroscopy technique for the characterization of engineering materials and interpret spectral data [Apply level]
- CO3 Design electrochemical cells, compare the working of different electrochemical energy storage devices and describe corrosion control methods [Understand level]
- CO4 Illustrate 3D structures and isomers of organic molecules, identify major chemical reactions that are used in the synthesis of molecules [Apply level]
- CO5 Investigate various water quality parameters and describe different water treatment processes [Apply level]
- CO6 Interpret molecular/system properties, gain skills to synthesize materials and carryout quantitative chemical analysis [Apply level]

CO - PO MAPPING

CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	P06	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO 1	✓											✓
CO 2	✓	✓			✓				✓	✓		✓
CO 3	✓	✓							✓	✓		✓
CO 4	✓	✓										✓
CO 5	✓	✓					✓		✓	✓		✓
CO 6	✓	✓			✓			✓	✓	✓		✓

Assessment Pattern for Theory component

	Continuou	s Assessme	End Semester	
Bloom's Category	Test1	Test 2	Other tools	Examination
Remember	✓	✓	✓	✓
Understand	✓	✓	✓	✓
Apply	✓	✓	✓	✓
Analyse				
Evaluate				
Create				

Assessment Pattern for Lab component					
Plaam's Catagory	Continuous Assessment Tools				
Bloom's Category	Class work	Test1			
Remember					
Understand	✓	✓			
Apply	✓	✓			
Analyse					
Evaluate					
Create					

Mark Distribution of CIA

	a	Theory [L- T]			Practio		
Course Structure [L-T-P-J]	Attendance	Assignment	Test-1	Test-2	Class work	Lab Exam	Total Marks
2-1-2-0	5	10	12.5	12.5	10	10	60

Total Marks distribution

Total Marks	CIA (Marks)	ESE (Marks)	ESE Duration
100	60	40	2.5 hours

End Semester Examination [ESE]: Pattern

PATTERN	PART A	PART B	ESE Marks
PATTERN 2		2 questions will be given from each module, out of which 1 question should be answered. Each question can have a maximum of 2 sub divisions. Each question carries 8 marks. Marks: (5x 8 = 40 marks) Time: 2.5 hours	40
	Total Marks: 0	Total Marks: [5x8 = 40 marks]	

SYLLABUS

MODULE I: Atomic and Molecular Structure

Atomic and molecular orbitals - Postulates of molecular orbital theory - Linear Combination of Atomic Orbitals (LCAO) - Molecular orbitals of diatomic molecules - Molecular orbital energy level diagrams of N_2 and O_2 - Metallic bonding - Limitations of Valence Bond Theory (VBT) - Introduction to Crystal Field Theory (CFT) - Band structure of solids and the role of doping on band structures.

MODULE II: Spectroscopic Techniques and Applications

Introduction to spectroscopy - Beer Lambert's law (Numericals)- UV-vis spectroscopy (introduction, various electronic transitions and applications)-

Vibrational spectroscopy (introduction, Number of vibrational modes of CO_2 and H_2O , applications) - Surface characterization techniques: introduction and applications of X-ray photoelectron spectroscopy (XPS) and Auger electron spectroscopy (AES) - Diffraction: introduction and applications of X-Ray Diffraction (XRD)

MODULE III: Electrochemistry and Corrosion

Introduction - Differences between electrolytic and electrochemical cells - Daniel cell - Redox reactions - Cell representation - Construction and working of Calomel electrode - Electrochemical series and its applications - Nernst Equation (Derivation not required) - Single electrode and cell (Numericals) - Applications - Primary cells and secondary cells with examples - Construction and working of Lithium-ion cell - Introduction to fuel cell - Mechanism of electrochemical corrosion - Galvanic series - Cathodic protection.

MODULE IV: Stereochemistry and Organic Reactions

Representations of three-dimensional (3D) structures of organic molecule - Structural isomerism - Stereoisomerism - Optical activity - Introduction to reactions involving substitution, addition, elimination, oxidation, reduction, cyclization and ring openings

MODULE V: Water Chemistry

Water characteristics - pH - Methods of estimation, significance - Acidity and alkalinity- titrimetric analysis - Normality equation (Numericals). Hardness - Types of hardness- Temporary and Permanent - Disadvantages of hard water - Units of hardness- ppm and mg/L -Degree of hardness (Numericals) - Estimation of hardness- EDTA method (Numericals). Water softening methods-Ion exchange process-Principle, procedure and advantages. Estimation of chloride (Argentometric titration). Reverse osmosis - principle, process and advantages. Disinfection methods - chlorination, ozonation and UV irradiation. Dissolved oxygen (DO) -Estimation (Winkler's method-only brief procedure), BOD and COD definition, estimation (only brief procedure) and significance (Numericals).

Text books

- 1. AICTE's Prescribed Textbook: Chemistry I with Lab Manual, Khanna Book Publishing.
- 2. Engineering Chemistry, by Manisha Agrawal.
- 3. University chemistry, by B. H. Mahan.
- 4. Chemistry: Principles and Applications, by M. J. Sienko and R. A. Plane.
- 5. Fundamentals of Molecular Spectroscopy, by C. N. Banwell.
- 6. Engineering Chemistry (NPTEL Web-book), by B. L. Tembe, Kamaluddin and M. S. Krishnan.
- 7. Physical Chemistry, by P. W. Atkins.
- 8. A Textbook of Engineering Chemistry, Shashi Chawla
- 9. Organic Chemistry: Structure and Function by K. P. C. Volhardt and N. E. Schore, 5th Edition

Reference books

- 1. Muhammed Arif, Annette Fernandez, Kavitha P. Nair, Engineering Chemistry, Owl Books, 2019.
- 2. Ahad J., Engineering Chemistry, Jai Publication, 2019.
- 3. Roy K. Varghese, Engineering Chemistry, Crownplus Publishers, 2019.
- 4. Soney C. George & Rino Laly Jose, Text Book of Engineering Chemistry, S. Chand & Company Pvt Ltd, 2019.
- 5. Jain and Jain, Engineering Chemistry, DhanpatRai Publishers, 17th Edition, 2018.
- 6. Wiley India, Engineering Chemistry, ISBN 9788126543205

COURSE CONTENTS AND LECTURE SCHEDULE

	COURSE CONTENTS AND LECTURE SCHEDULE	No. of					
No.		Hours					
MODULE 1							
1.1	Atomic and molecular orbitals - Postulates of molecular orbital theory	1					
1.2	Linear Combination of Atomic Orbitals (LCAO)	1					
1.3	Molecular orbitals of diatomic molecules- Molecular orbital energy level diagrams of N_2	1					
1.4	Molecular orbital energy level diagrams of O ₂	1					
1.5	Metallic bonding - Limitations of Valence Bond Theory (VBT)	1					
1.6	Introduction to Crystal Field Theory (CFT)	1					
1.7	Band structure of solids	1					
1.8	Role of doping on band structures	1					
	MODULE II						
2.1	Introduction to spectroscopy	1					
2.2	Beer Lambert's law (Numericals), UV-vis spectroscopy - introduction	1					
2.3	Various electronic transitions – applications	1					
2.4	Vibrational spectroscopy - introduction	1					
2.5	Number of vibrational modes of CO ₂ and H ₂ O - applications	1					
2.6	Surface characterization techniques: introduction and applications of X-ray photoelectron spectroscopy (XPS) and Auger electron spectroscopy (AES)	1					
2.7	Diffraction: introduction and applications of X-Ray Diffraction (XRD)	1					
	MODULE III						
3.1	Introduction - Differences between electrolytic and electrochemical cells - Daniel cell - Redox reactions	1					
3.2	Cell representation - Construction and working of Calomel electrode	1					
3.3	Electrochemical series and its applications	1					

3.4	Nernst Equation (derivation not required) - Single electrode and cell (Numericals) – Applications	1				
3.5	Primary cells and secondary cells with examples - Construction and working of Lithium-ion cell	1				
3.6	Introduction to fuel cell - Mechanism of electrochemical corrosion	1				
3.7	Galvanic series - cathodic protection.	1				
	MODULE IV					
4.1 Representations of three-dimensional structures of organic molecule						
4.2	Structural isomerism	1				
4.3	Stereoisomerism	1				
4.4	Optical activity	1				
4.5	Introduction to reactions involving substitution, addition	1				
4.6	Introduction to reactions involving elimination, oxidation	1				
4.7	Introduction to reactions involving reduction, cyclization and ring openings	1				
	MODULE V					
5.1	Water characteristics - pH – Methods of estimation, significance	1				
5.2	Acidity and alkalinity– Titrimetric analysis – Normality equation (numericals).	1				
5.3	Hardness - Types of hardness- Temporary and Permanent - Disadvantages of hard water -Units of hardness- ppm and mg/L -Degree of hardness (Numericals)	1				
5.4	Estimation of hardness-EDTA method (Numericals)	1				
5.5	Water softening methods-Ion exchange process-Principle, procedure and advantages. Estimation of chlorides (Argentometric titration)	1				
5.6	Reverse osmosis – principle, process and advantages - Disinfection methods - chlorination, ozonation and UV irradiation.	1				
5.7	Dissolved oxygen (DO) -Estimation (Winkler's method - only brief procedure-), BOD and COD definition, estimation (only brief procedure) and significance (Numericals).	1				

LESSON PLAN FOR LAB COMPONENT (Any 7 experiments to be conducted)

No.	Topic	No. of Hours	Experiment
1	Electrochemistry	10	Experiment 1: Estimation of iron from iron ore/alloy Experiment 2: Determination of cell constant and conductivity of solutions Experiment 3: Potentiometric redox titration Experiment 4: Calibration of pH meter and determination of pH of solutions Experiment 5: Determination of pKa of weak acid using pH meter
2	Spectroscopy	4	Experiment 6: Analysis of IR spectra (minimum 3 spectra) Experiment 7: Analysis of XPS, AES, XRD spectra (minimum 3 spectra)
3	Polymer and nanomaterial	8	Experiment 8: Synthesis of urea-formaldehyde Experiment 9: Synthesis of polyaniline Experiment 10: Synthesis of silver nanoparticles using chemical reduction method Experiment 11: Biogenic Synthesis of Silver Nanoparticles using plant extract
4	Water Chemistry	6	Experiment 12: Estimation of hardness of water by EDTA method Experiment 13: Determination of chloride content of water. Experiment 14: Determination of total acidity and total alkalinity of water sample
5	Others	8	Experiment 15: Estimation of copper in brass Experiment 16: Identification of components in a mixture using TLC Experiment 17: Chemical analysis of a salt. Experiment 18: Chemical oscillations- Iodine clock reaction.

	CO Assessment Questions							
1	Illustrate why the molecular orbital energy level diagram for O_2 is different from N_2							
2	a) Choose a molecule. Find its IR spectrum from the web using any one of the following sources (i) AIST: Spectral Database for Organic Compounds (SDBS), https://sdbs.db.aist.go.jp/sdbs/cgi-bin/cre_index.cgi (ii) NIST chemistry webbook, https://webbook.nist.gov/chemistry/ (iii) Sigma Aldrich, https://www.sigmaaldrich.com/IN/en (iv) KnowItAll, https://www.knowitallanyware.com/#search .							

	Interpret the spectrum in your own words highlighting how you can elucidate the structure of the molecule of your choice from the spectrum. b) Compare XPS and AES techniques and identify when each testing method is used.
3	 a) Write the cell reactions of the following cell. Cd/CdSO₄(0.01)// CuSO₄(0.5M)/Cu. Sketch the electrochemical cell. b) Prepare a presentation on the topic "Energy storage devices; past, present and future" c) Write a report on the topic "Corrosion Control in Industry"
4	 a) Select an organic molecule and draw its sawhorse projection. Illustrate the interconversion of sawhorse projection to Fisher projection via Newman projection b) Illustrate the possible isomers (both structural and stereo) for the molecular formula C_xH_yO (e.g., C₄H₁₀O).
5	a) Prepare a table containing various water quality parameters and explain how you can implement them to improve the quality of your local water source.b) Prepare a report on disinfection methods most commonly used in drinking water supply systems in the USA.
6	a) Estimate the amount of iron from iron ore using volumetric and potentiometric titrations, compare the results and identify which technique is more accurate.b) Collect water from three different sources. Measure their conductivity and pH and interpret the results.

2	24EST104	FUNDAMENTALS OF ELECTRICAL	L	Т	P	J	s	С	Year of Introduction
		ENGINEERING	3	0	0	0	3	3	2024

Preamble:

To provide the students with fundamental knowledge in the field of Electrical Engineering. This course will enable the students to analyze electrical and magnetic circuits. The students will be able to choose appropriate electric machines for various applications.

	11				
Prere	Prerequisite: Nil				
Cours	e Outcomes: After the completion of the course the student will be able to				
CO 1	Solve DC electrical circuits using Circuit laws. (Apply level)				
CO 2	Solve simple magnetic circuits (Apply level)				
CO 3	Analyze simple A.C. electrical circuits (Analyse level)				
CO 4	Identify the benefits of three-phase systems for industrial electrical applications (Understand level)				
CO 5	Explain the principle of operation of electrical machines (Understand level)				

	CO - PO MAPPING											
СО	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	P06	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO 1	3	1										
CO 2	3	2										
CO 3	3				2			2	1			
CO 4	3											
CO 5	3											

	Assessment Pattern					
Bloom's Category	Contin	uous Asses	End Semester			
2.00m s catogory	Test1	Test 2	Other tools	Examination		
Remember	√	√	√	√		
Understand	✓	√	✓	✓		
Apply	✓	√	✓	✓		
Analyse			√			
Evaluate						
Create						

		Mark Distribu	tion of CIA				
Course Structure	Attendan	1	Theory [L- T]				
[L-T-P-J]	ce	Assignment	Test-1	Test-2	Marks		
3-0-0-0	5	15	10	10	40		

	Total 1	Mark distribution						
Total Mark	cs CIA (Marks)	ESE (Marks) ESE		Duration				
100	40	60	3	hours				
End Semeste	End Semester Examination [ESE]: Pattern							
PATTERN	PART A	PART B		ESE Marks				
PATTERN 1	10 Questions, each question carries 2 marks Marks: (2x10 =20 marks)	2 questions will be from each module, which 1 question she answered. Each concan have a maximus sub divisions. Each question can marks. Marks: (5x8 = 40 marks: 3 hours	out of lould be question am of 2	60				
	Total Marks: 20	Total Marks: [5x8 = 4	40 marks]					

SYLLABUS

MODULE I: Introduction to electrical and magnetic circuits

Introduction: Importance of Electrical Engineering in day-to-day life, types of Electrical elements - Ideal and practical Sources.

D. C. Circuits: Ohm's Law and Kirchhoff's Laws; Loop current; Steady state analysis with independent sources; Power and energy; Star- Delta conversion (Analysis of resistive networks only).

Magnetic circuits: MMF, field strength, flux density, reluctance, energy stored in magnetic circuits, Simple problems in series magnetic circuits.

Electromagnetism: Faradays Laws, Lenz's Law, Fleming's Rules, Statically and dynamically induced EMF; Concepts of self-inductance, mutual inductance and coefficient of coupling. Simple numerical problems.

MODULE II: Single Phase AC Circuits

Single Phase system: Generation of sinusoidal voltage. Series Circuits: Common signals and waveforms (Sine, Square, Triangle), RMS and Average value, form factor and peak factor of AC waveforms, Impedance of series circuits (RL, RC and RLC circuits). Phasor diagram of series circuits; Real, reactive and apparent power, power factor, Power triangle, Numerical Problems.

MODULE III: Three Phase System

Three Phase System: Generation of three phase voltages- advantages of three phase systems, star and delta connection, three wire and four wire systems, relation between line and phase voltages, line and phase currents. Expressions for power in three phase circuits; definition of phase sequence, balanced supply and balanced load; Relationship between line and phase values of balanced star and delta connections; Power in balanced three phase circuits. Numerical Problems.

MODULE IV: DC Machines and Transformers

DC Machines: Working principle of DC generator - types and constructional features - EMF equation of generator - Numerical Problems.

DC motor: Working principle - Significance of Back EMF - torque equation – types - characteristics (series and Shunt motors only) and applications - necessity of a starter for DC motor - Numerical Problems.

Transformer: Principle of operation and construction of single-phase transformers (core and shell types) - emf equation, losses.

MODULE V: AC Machines and Energy storage

Three Phase Induction Motors: Concept of rotating magnetic field - principle of operation, types and constructional features - Slip and its significance - applications of squirrel cage and slip ring motors - Necessity of a starter - stardelta starter.

Energy storage devices: fundamentals of batteries - types - primary - Secondary batteries, Lead-Acid Batteries, Lithium-Ion Batteries - characteristics-advantages - disadvantages

Text books

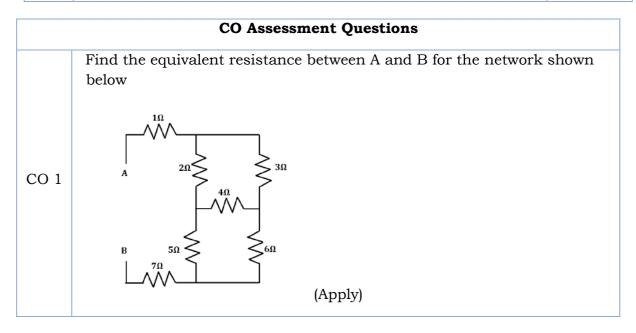
- 1. Hughes, Electrical Technology, Pearson, 10th Edition, 2011.
- 2. Fitzgerald and Higginbotham, Basic Electrical Engineering, McGraw Hill Inc, 1981.
- 3. D.P. Kothari and I.J. Nagrath, Basic Electrical Engineering, 3rd Edition, TMH, 2009
- 4. Basic Electrical Engineering, D. C. Kulshreshtha, McGraw-Hill Education, Revised first edition, 2019.

Reference books

- 1. W. H. Hayt, Jr J. E. Kemmerly and S. M. Durbin, Engineering Circuit Analysis, 7th Edn TMH, 2010.
- 2. Electrical Engineering Fundamental, Vincent Del Toro, Prentice Hall, New Delhi.
- 3. Fundamentals of Electrical Engineering and Electronics, B.L. Theraja, S Chand and Company, Reprint Edition 2013.
- 4. Principles Electrical Engineering and Electronics, V.K Mehata, Rohit Mehta, S Chand and Company, 2nd edition, 2015.
- 5. M.S. Sukhija and T.K. Nagsarkar, Basic Electrical and Electronics Engineering, Oxford University Press, 2012.
- 6. S. B. Lal Seksena and Kaustuv Dasgupta, "Fundamentals of Electrical Engineering", Cambridge University Press.
- 7. NPTEL course on Basic Electrical Technology, Prof. G. D. Roy, IIT Kharagpur.

	COURSE CONTENTS AND LECTURE SCHEDULE	
No.		No. of
		Hours (36
		Hours)
	MODULE 1	
	Importance of Electrical Engineering in day-to-day life, types of	
1.1	Electrical elements, Ideal and practical Sources	1
1.2	Ohm's Law and Kirchhoff's Laws; Loop current method	1
	Steady state analysis with independent sources; Power and	
1.3	energy; Star-Delta conversion (Analysis of resistive networks	1
	only)	1
1.4	Numerical problems on topic 1.3	1
1 [MMF, field strength, flux density, reluctance, energy stored in	1
1.5	magnetic circuits, Simple problems in series magnetic circuits	1
1.6	Faradays Laws, Lenz's; Law, Fleming's Rules, Statically &	
	dynamically induced EMF	
1.7	Concepts of self-inductance, mutual inductance and coefficient of coupling	1
1.8	Simple Numerical Problems	1
1.0	MODULE II	1
2.1	Single Phase system: Generation of sinusoidal voltage	1
_,,	Series Circuits: Common signals and waveforms (Sine, Square,	_
2.2	Triangle), RMS and Average value, form factor and peak factor	
	of AC waveforms	1
2.3	Numerical Problems on topic 2.2	1
	Impedance of series circuits (RL, RC and RLC circuits). Phasor	
2.4	diagram of series circuits	1
2.5	Real, reactive and apparent power, power factor and Power triangle	1
2.6	Numerical Problems on topic 2.4	1
2.7	Numerical Problems on topic 2.5	1
—··	MODULE III	_
	Three Phase System: Generation of three phase voltages-	
0.1	advantages of three phase systems, star and delta connection,	_
3.1	three wire and four wire systems	1
3.2	Relation between line and phase voltages, line and phase currents	1
3.3	Expressions for power in three phase circuits	1
3.4	Definition of phase sequence, balanced supply and balanced load;	1
3.5	Relationship between line and phase values of balanced star and delta connections	1
0.6	Power in balanced three phase circuits- Numerical Problems	4
3.6	•	1

	MODULE IV						
4.1	Working features; principle of DC generator; Types and constructional features	1					
4.2	4.2 EMF equation of generator, Numerical Problems						
4.3	Working principle of DC motor; Significance of Back EMF, torque equation	1					
4.4	Numerical problems.	1					
4.5	Types of D.C. motors, characteristics (series and Shunt motors only)	1					
4.6	Application of DC Motors	1					
4.7	Necessity of a starter for DC motor	1					
4.8	Principle of operation and construction of single-phase transformers (core and shell types)						
4.9	Emf equation, losses – Simple numerical problems						
	MODULE V						
5.1	Three Phase Induction Motors: Concept of rotating magnetic field - Principle of operation	1					
5.2	Types and constructional features; Slip and its significance	1					
5.3	Applications of squirrel cage and slip ring motors	1					
5.4	Necessity of a starter, star-delta starter	1					
5.5	Energy storages: fundamentals of batteries - types - primary - Secondary batteries, Lead-Acid Batteries - characteristics - advantages - disadvantages	1					
5.6	Lithium-Ion Batteries - characteristics - advantages - disadvantages	1					



CO 1	Compare the power consumed in star and delta circuits using the same resistances as branches.
CO 2	An Iron ring of cross-sectional area 1.1 cm ² is wound with a coil of 3000 turns. Calculate the magnetizing current required to produce a flux of 0.2 mWb in the iron path if mean length of the path is 32 cm and relative permeability of iron is 2500. Neglect magnetic leakage and fringing.
CO 2	How is transformer behaving as a magnetic isolator?
CO 3	A sinusoidal voltage V= $240 \angle 15^\circ$ of frequency 50Hz is applied to a series RL circuit consisting of R = 10Ω and L = 0.25 H. Calculate (i) rms current and its phase angle (ii) power factor (iii) average power (iv) reactive power and (v) apparent power drawn by the circuit.
CO 3	Submit a report on, case study of an AC circuit application
CO 3	Circuit De-bugging competition
CO 4	Derive the emf equation of a transformer
CO 5	Justify the necessity of starters in three phase induction motor

24ES	F105	FUND	AMEN	TALS	OF EL	ECTRO	ONICS	L	T	P	J	S	С		r of uction
24E3	1103		E	ENGINEERING				3	0	0	0	3	3	202	24
circuit	s and o		nicatio	n syste	ms. Th	e cour	se cov	ers tl	ne l	bas	ics	of	ele		devices, circuits,
Prereq	uisite	: Nil													
Course	Outco	omes: A	fter the	e comp	letion	of the c	ourse	the st	tud	ent	wi	ll b	e al	ble to	
CO 1	Explair	n the ph	ysics, s	structu	re and	workin	g of d	iffere	nt e	elec	tro	nic	de	vices.	
CO 2	Illustra	ate the	workin	g of ba	sic circ	cuits us	ing di	odes a	and	l BJ	Ts.				
CO 3	Impler	nent Bo	olean f	unctio	ns usin	g logic	gates								
CO 4	Explai	n basic	op-amj	p circu	its										
1.0 5	Descri instrui	be the nents.	princ	iple o	f oper	ration	of tra	ansdu	ıcer	'S	an	d	bas	sic mea	asuring
CO 6	Discus	s about	the fu	ndame					coi	nm	un	icat	tior	ı systen	ıs.
					CO -	PO MA	PPING	Ť							
CO	P01	P02	P03	P04	P05	P06	P07	PC	8(PC	9	PO	10	P011	PO12
CO 1	. ✓							✓		,	/		✓		
CO 2	✓	✓			✓										✓
CO 3	✓				✓										✓
CO 4	. 🗸														
CO 5	✓														
CO 6	√							✓		•			✓		
					Assess	sment	Patter	'n							
_				Conti	nuous	Assess	sment	Tool	ls			Г	J C		
Bloom's Category			ry	Tes	t1	Test	t 2	Othe tool		End Semester Examination					
Remember					✓	✓		✓						✓	
Unde	Understand				✓	✓		✓		✓					
Apply	pply							✓							
Analy	se														
Evalu	ate														

Create

Mark Distribution of CIA											
Course Structure		The	ory [L- T]								
[L-T-P-J]	Attendance	Assignment	Test-1	Test-2	Total Marks						
3-0-0-0	5	15	10	10	40						

Total Mark distribution

Total Marks	CIA (Marks)	ESE (Marks)	ESE Duration
100	40	60	3 Hours

End Semester Examination [ESE]: Pattern

PATTERN	PART A	PART B	ESE Marks
PATTERN 1	10 Questions, each question carries 2 marks Marks: (2x10 =20 marks)	2 questions will be given from each module, out of which 1 question should be answered. Each question can have a maximum of 2 sub divisions. Each question carries 8 marks. Marks: (5x8 = 40 marks) Time: 3 hours	60
	Total Marks: 20	Total Marks: [5x8 = 40 marks]	

SYLLABUS

MODULE I: Electronic Components & Devices (8 hours)

Classification of materials based on conductivity: Conductors, Semiconductors and Insulators. Intrinsic and extrinsic semiconductors. Active Components: PN junction diodes- structure, working, Current equation, VI characteristics, Zener diode: Avalanche breakdown and Zener breakdown and characteristics. Bipolar Junction Transistor: structure, working. Comparison of the three transistor configurations and their applications. N channel enhancement mode MOSFET: Structure and working. Comparison of BJT and MOSFET

MODULE II: Electronic Circuits (6 hours)

Block diagram and basic elements of DC power supply. Diode Circuits: Half wave and Full wave Rectifiers – working and comparison of parameters. Capacitor Filter. Zener voltage regulator. BJT Circuits: Transistor as a switch, Transistor as an amplifier. Relay vs Transistor switch

MODULE III: Integrated Circuits (6 hours)

Concept of integrated circuit, scales of integration, Types of ICs – Digital & Analog ICs Operational Amplifier: Ideal characteristics, inverting and non-inverting

amplifiers, comparator. Digital Circuits: Boolean algebra, De- Morgan's theorem, Basic logic gates and universal gates, Minimization of logic expressions using Boolean algebra and realization using gates

MODULE IV: Electronic Instrumentation (6 hours)

Block diagram of electronic instrumentation system

Sensors and Transducers: Sensors and Transducers: Active and Passive transducers-photoelectric transducer (Photodiode, Solar Cell), Piezoelectric transducer, accelerometer, Force sensor (Strain gauge), Displacement sensor (LVDT), Temperature sensor (Thermistor), light sensor (LDR) and their applications.

MODULE V: Communication Systems (8 hours)

Introduction, need for modulation, frequency bands used for various communication systems. Radio communication: principle of AM, FM, comparison of AM & FM. Radio Receiver: Block diagram of AM super heterodyne receiver

Mobile Communication: Basic principles of cellular communications, principle and block diagram of GSM, concept of frequency reuse, hand off – soft and hard hand off.

Pulse Code Modulation, Various Digital Modulation Techniques-ASK, PSK, FSK

Basics of Networking, Network Topologies-Bus, Ring, Star and hybrid topology, Classifications of Computer Networks- LAN, MAN, WAN

Text books

- 1. Robert L. Boylestad and Louis Nashelsky, Electronic Devices and Circuit Theory, Pearson, 11th Ed., 2015.
- 2. John M Yarbrough, Digital Logic Applications & Design, Cengage Learning India, 1st edition, 2009.
- 3. David A. Bell, Electronic Instrumentation and Measurements, Oxford, 3rd edition.
- 4. Wayne Tomasi, Electronic Communications System : Fundamentals Through Advanced Pearson education, 5th edition, 2008.

Reference books

- 1. David A Bell, Electronic Devices & Circuits, Oxford, 5th edition, 2017.
- 2. Chinmoy Saha, Arindam Halder, Debarati Ganguly, Basic Electronics Principles & Applications, Cambridge University Press, 2018
- 3. Millman, Halkias& Parikh, Integrated Electronics, Mc Graw Hill, 2nd Edition, 2012.
- 4. S. Sedra and K. C. Smith, Microelectronic Circuits, Oxford University Press, 6th edition
- 5. Anil K Maini, Varsha Agarwal, Electronic Devices & Circuits, John Wiley & Sons, 2020
- 6. Bhargava, Basic Electronics and Linear circuits, Mc Graw Hill Education, 2^{nd} edition, 2017.
- 7. Data Communication and Networking, Behrouz A Forouzan, McGraw-Hill Education

	COURSE CONTENTS AND LECTURE SCHEDULE	
No.		No. of Hours
	MODULE 1	
1.1	Introduction, Classification of materials based on conductivity: Conductors, Semiconductors and Insulators, conductivityrange.	1
1.2	Intrinsic and extrinsic semiconductors – doping, concept of majority and minority carriers.	1
1.3	Active Components: PN junction diode - Structure, Unbiased diode - Depletion layer and Barrier potential, Principle of operation with forward biasing and reverse biasing, VI Characteristics	1
1.4	Active Components: Zener diode - Avalanche breakdown and Zener breakdown and Zener characteristics.	1
1.5	Active Components: Bipolar Junction Transistor: n-p-n transistor - structure, working.	1
1.6	Transistor configuration: CE transistor characteristics only, three regions of operations and applications.	1
1.7	Active Components: N channel enhancement mode MOSFET: Structure, working. Comparison of BJT & MOSFET.	2
	MODULE II (Analysis & Derivation not required)	
	Block diagram and basic elements of DC power supply.	
2.1	Diode Circuits: Half wave rectifier – working, ripple factor, rectification efficiency, peak inverse voltage.	1
2.2	Full wave bridge rectifier – working, ripple factor, rectification efficiency, peak inverse voltage. Comparison of half wave rectifier & full wave rectifier	1
2.3	Capacitor Filter, Zener voltage regulator – working, line and load regulation.	1
2.4	BJT circuits: Transistor as a switch, Transistor as an amplifier	2
2.5	Performance comparison of relay and transistor switch	1
	MODULE III	
3.1	Analog and Digital ICs: Concept of integrated circuit, scales of integration, Types of ICs – Digital & Analog ICs	1
3.2	Operational Amplifier: Ideal characteristics, inverting and non-inverting amplifier	1
3.3	Comparator circuit and applications.	1

3.4	Digital Circuits: Basic Boolean algebra laws and theorems, De-Morgan's theorem	1							
3.5	Basic logic gates and Universal gates (with analogy)	1							
3.6	Minimization of logic expressions using Boolean algebra and realization using gates.	1							
	MODULE IV								
4.1	Principle and block diagram of electronic instrumentation system	1							
4.2	Sensors and Transducers: Active and Passive transducers-, photoelectric transducer (Photodiode, Solar Cell)	1							
4.3	Piezoelectric transducer, accelerometer and their applications.	2							
4.4	Force sensor (Strain gauge), Displacement sensor (LVDT) and their applications.	1							
4.5	Temperature sensor (Thermistor), light sensor (LDR) and applications.	1							
	MODULE V								
5.1	Communication Systems: Introduction, need for modulation, frequency bands used for various communication systems.	1							
5.2	Radio communication: principle of AM, FM, comparison of AM & FM.	1							
5.3	Radio receiver: Block diagram of AM super heterodyne receiver.	1							
5.4	Mobile Communication: Basic principles of cellular communications, principle and block diagram of GSM, concept of frequency reuse, hand off – soft and hard hand off.	2							
5.5	Pulse Code Modulation, Various Digital Modulation Techniques-ASK, PSK, FSK	2							
5.6	Basics of Networking, Network Topologies-Bus, Ring, Star and hybrid topology, Classifications of Computer Networks- LAN, MAN, WAN	1							
	CO Assessment Questions	'							
1	Perform a role play to illustrate the different current compone transistor.	ents in a pnp							
2	Illustrate the working of a full wave bridge rectifier. Compare an parameters of a half wave and full wave rectifier using approsimulation tool and give the reason for selecting the parameter	priate							
3	Write any logic function, minimize it and simulate using appro	priate tool.							
3	simulation tool and give the reason for selecting the parameters. Write any logic function, minimize it and simulate using appropriate tool. Selected function should be capable of illustrating minimization rules.								

4	Sketch an op-amp circuit for comparing the voltage levels of two distinct signals. Illustrate how this circuit can be used to detect the positive half cycle of an alternating sinusoidal waveform.
5	Differentiate between a sensor and transducer. Explain the working principle of a piezo electric transducer.
6	Perform a role play to illustrate the working principle of GSM.

24EST108	ENGINEERING GRAPHICS	L	T	P	J	S		Year of Introduction
21201100		2	2	0	0	2	4	2024

Preamble: Practicing Engineers require conversion of ideas and design into new products or in interpreting information from existing drawings. The course in Engineering Graphics deals with orthographic / pictorial projections, dimensioning and specifications, sectional views, isometric projection, development of surfaces and use of CAD software in preparing drawings. It enables the students to acquire basic knowledge about Engineering drawing and prepare themselves for a career in Engineering.

Engin	ieering	•										
Prereq	uisite	: Nil										
Course	e Outc	omes:	After t	he con	npletic	n of th	e cours	se the st	tuden	t will b	e able t	:0
CO1	Generate orthographic projections of lines inclined to one or both reference planes, ensuring accurate representation of their true length and orientation.											
CO2	Construct orthographic projections of solids with axes inclined to one or both reference planes, demonstrating an understanding of their spatial orientation and dimensions.											
соз						s solids section	-	-	isms,	pyram	ids, con	ies, and
CO4	Creat plane		loped	surfac	es of	solids	that h	ave bee	n cut	by di	fferent	section
CO5	visua	-	bjects	in th	_	_	-	-				etion to ews to
CO6						ic projesitions		of 3D	solids	s using	CAD t	ools by
					CO -	PO MA	APPING	`				
CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	P06	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO 1	3											
CO 2	3											
со з	3											
CO 4	3											

Assessment Pattern for Theory component

3

3

2

2

CO 5

CO 6

3

3

	Continuou	ıs Assessme	End Semester	
Bloom's Category	Test1	Test 2	Other tools	Examination
Remember	✓	✓	✓	✓
Understand	✓	✓	✓	✓
Apply	✓	✓	✓	✓
Analyse				
Evaluate				
Create				

Assessment Pattern for Lab component									
Bloom's Category	Continuous Assessment Tools								
Bloom's Category	Class work	Test1							
Remember									
Understand	✓	✓							
Apply	✓	✓							
Analyse									
Evaluate									
Create									

Mark Distribution of CIA

			Theory [L- T]		Total		
Course Structure [L-T-P-J]	Attendance	Assi	ignment	Test-1	Test-2	Marks	
2-2-0-0	5	10	12.5	5	12.5	40	

Total Marks distribution Total Marks CIA (Marks) ESE (Marks) ESE Duration 100 40 60 3 hrs

End Semester Examination [ESE]: Pattern

PATTERN	PART A	PART B	ESE Marks
PATTERN 3		2 questions will be given from each module, out of which 1 question should be answered. Each question carries 12 marks. Marks: (5x 12 = 60 marks) Time: 3 hours	60
	Total Marks: 0	Total Marks: [5x12 = 60 marks]	

SYLLABUS

MODULE I: Introduction to Engineering Drawing & Orthographic Projections

Principles of Engineering Graphics and their significance, usage of Drawing instruments, lettering, Dimensioning. Principles of Orthographic Projections-Conventions - Projections of Points and projection of lines parallel to/inclined to both reference planes. Traces of lines.

MODULE II: Projections of Regular Solids

Projection of solids-Prisms, pyramids, solids of revolution-cone, cylinder. Solids with axis parallel to/ inclined to both the reference Planes- Auxiliary Views.

MODULE III: Sections and Sectional Views of Right Angular Solids

Sections of Solids: Sections of Prisms, Pyramids, Cone, Cylinder with axis in

vertical position and cut by different section planes. True shape of the sections. Also locating the section plane when the true shape of the section is given.

MODULE IV: Development of Surfaces

Development of Surfaces: Development of surfaces of the Prisms, Pyramids, Cone, Cylinder with axis in vertical position, development of surfaces of solids cut by different section planes. Shortest distance between two points on the surface.

MODULE V: Isometric Projections & 2D Drafting using software

Isometric Projection: Isometric View and Projections of Prisms, Pyramids, Cone, Cylinder, Frustum of Pyramid, Frustum of Cone, Sphere, Hemisphere and their combinations. Conversion of Isometric Views to Orthographic Views.

AutoCAD (Internal Evaluation only)

Demonstrating knowledge of a 2D drafting software - Toolbars (Standard, Object Properties, Draw, Modify and Dimension), Prepare orthographic views of 3 D objects from their isometric views.

Text books

- 1. P. I. Varghese, Engineering Graphics, Tata McGraw Hill Education
- 2. Prof. J Benjamin, Engineering Graphics, Pentex Publishers

Reference books

- 1. N. D. Bhatt, Engineering Drawing, Charotar Publishing House
- 2. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/112/103/112103019 (MOOC Course)

	COURSE CONTENTS AND LECTURE SCHEDULE						
No.		No. of					
- 1 - 1		Hours[44]					
	MODULE 1[10]						
1.1	Principles of Engineering Graphics and their significance, usage of Drawing instruments, lettering, Dimensioning	1					
1.2	Principles of Orthographic Projections-Conventions - Projections of Points	1					
1.3	Projections of Points (Problems on projection of points)	1					
1.4	Projection of lines parallel to/inclined to one reference plane.	1					
1.5	Projection of lines inclined to both reference planes. Line rotation method	1					
1.6	Problem on lines inclined to both planes	1					
1.7	Problem on lines inclined to both planes when apparent lengths are given.	1					
1.8	Traces of lines using line rotation.	1					
1.9	Problems on Lines using plane rotation method	1					
1.10	Problems on Lines when traces are given.	1					

	MODULE II [12]						
2.1	Projection of solids- Prisms, pyramids - simple position	1					
2.2	Projection of solids- Cylinder, cone - simple position	1					
2.3	Projection of solids-Prisms and cylinder inclined to one plane.	1					
2.4	Projection of solids-pyramid and cones inclined to one plane.	1					
2.5	Projection of solids-Prisms inclined to both the reference Planes	1					
2.6	Projection of solids-Pyramids inclined to both the reference						
2.7	Projection of solids-Cone inclined to both the reference Planes	1					
2.8	Projection of solids-Cylinders inclined to both the reference Planes	1					
2.9	Problems on projection of solids inclined to both planes.	2					
2.10	Solids resting on VP	2					
	MODULE III [7]						
3.1	Introduction to section- Types of section planes -Sectional orthographic view of Prism when section plane perpendicular to VP inclined to HP	1					
3.2	Sectional orthographic view of Pyramid when section plane perpendicular to VP inclined to HP	1					
3.3	Sectional orthographic view of prism and Cylinder when section plane perpendicular to VP inclined to HP	1					
3.4	Sectional orthographic view of Cone when section plane perpendicular to VP inclined to HP						
3.5	Sectional orthographic view of above solids when section plane perpendicular to HP inclined to VP	1					
3.6	Problems on Sectional orthographic view of above solids when true shape of the section is given						
	MODULE IV [7]						
4.1	Development of surfaces of Right Regular Solids – Prism.	1					
4.2	Development of surfaces of Pyramid.	1					
4.3	Problems on development of Prism and Pyramid for sectional solids.	2					
4.4	Development of surfaces of Right Regular Solid- Cone and Cylinder.	1					
4.5	Problems on development showing shortest path.	2					
	MODULE V [8]						
5.1	Principles of Isometric Projection-Isometric Scale-Isometric view	1					
5.2	Isometric view of simple solids (Pyramids and Prisms)	1					
5.3	Isometric view of simple solids (Cylinder and Cone)	1					

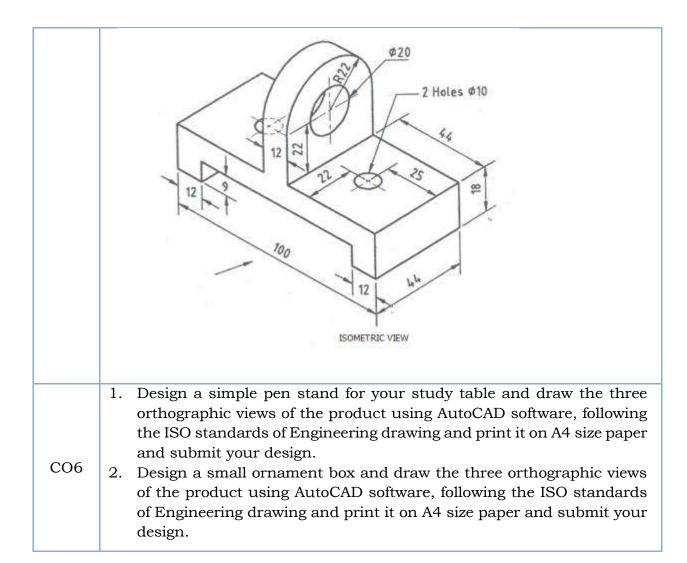
5.4	Isometric projection of above solids	1
5.5	Isometric projection of Compound solids.	2
5.6	Conversion of Isometric Views to Orthographic Views.	2
	Total Hours	44

LESSON PLAN FOR LAB COMPONENT

No.	Topic	No. of Hours	Experiment
1	Familiarization with AutoCAD commands and tools	2	Auto CAD drawing of Simple geometries
2	Dimensioning, conversion of isometric views in to orthographic views using AutoCAD	2	Conversion of simple components to orthographic views

	CO Assessment Questions
	1. A line AB inclined at 40° to HP has its ends 50mm and 20mm above the HP. The length of its elevation is 65mm and its VT is 10 mm above the VP. Determine the true length of AB, its inclination with HP and its HT. How far the point HT from the X-Y line.
CO1	2. The end P of a line PQ is 30mm in front of VP and 40 mm above HP, while Q is behind VP and 10 mm above HP. The distance between projectors is 70mm. if the line joining the top views makes an angle of 45°0 with the XY line. Draw the projections and find (i) True length (ii) True inclinations (iii) locate the traces.
	3. Two LED lights are to be fixed on a badminton court. The lights are 1m and 6 m away from a fixed vertical wall and 6m and 5m above the floor respectively. The distance between the lights measured parallel to the wall is 7m. Draw the projections assuming the wall as VP and the floor as HP. Also, find the actual length of the wire required to connect the two LED lights. Use a suitable scale.
	1. A square prism of base side 30mm and length 50mm has a base edge on HP, axis inclined at 35° to HP. The base edge on which it rests is inclined 45° to VP. Draw the projections of solid.
CO2	2. A hexagonal pyramid having a base with a 30mm side and a 50mm long axis rests on one of its base corners on the ground with axis inclined at 45° to the HP. Draw the projections when the vertical plane containing the axis and the corner makes 30° with the VP.
	containing the axis and the corner makes 30° with the VP. 3. The trophy to be given to the winners of the football tournament has a frustum of a hexagonal pyramid with the base hexagon of 30mm side,

	top hexagon of 20mm side and height 80mm. the frustum is placed on top of a square prism of 100mm side and height 20mm. a sphere of radius 28mm is placed centrally on top of the frustum. Draw the plan and elevation of the trophy.
CO3	1. A square prism having a base of 40mm side and 60mm long axis rests on its base on the HP such that one of the vertical faces makes an angle of 30° with the VP. A section plane perpendicular to the VP, inclined at 45° to the HP and passing through the axis at a point 20mm from its top end, cuts the prism. Draw the front view, sectional top view and true shape of the section.
	2. A cube with 45mm long edges rests on HP with vertical faces equally inclined to the VP. It is cut by a section plane perpendicular to the VP so that the true shape of the section is a regular hexagon. Draw the sectional top view and the true shape of the section. Determine the inclination of the section plane with the HP.
	1. A cone with a 50 mm base diameter and 70 mm long axis rests on its base on the HP. Draw the development of its lateral surface when it is cut by an auxiliary inclined plane bisecting the axis and inclined at 45° to the HP.
CO4	2. A hexagonal prism having base with a 30mm side and a 70mm axis is resting on its base on the ground with a side of base inclined at 45° to the VP. It is cut by an auxiliary inclined plane making an angle of 45° with the HP and passing through a point 15 mm below the top end of the axis. Obtain the development of the lateral surface of the truncated prism.
	3. A sugar jar is in the form of a right circular cone of base diameter 60 mm and height 90 mm and it rests on HP. An ant starts moving from extreme left and of its base, returns to its starting point, after moving around it. Find geometrically the length of the shortest path the ant can take. Show this in both front and top views.
	 A hemisphere of diameter 80mm is resting on the ground with its flat surface facing upwards. A square pyramid having side of base 40mm and axis 60mm is resting on the base centrally on the top of the hemisphere. Draw the isometric view of the combination of solids. A waste basket is of the shape of a frustum of a hexagonal pyramid
CO5	with base side 30 cm, top side 50 cm and height 100 cm. Draw the isometric projection of the basket which is standing vertically with smaller hexagonal base on the ground. 3. Using any free software (2D drafting software), prepare the three orthographic views of the machine component shown in figure, following the ISO standards.



24ES	L109	MAN	NUFAC	TURII	NG PR	ACTIC	ES	L	Т	P	J	s	С	Year Introdi	
						0	0	4	0	4	2	202	24		
Prean	nble:To	enabl	le the	stude	nt to	familiar	ize va	ario	ous	too	ols,	m	ıeası	aring do	evices,
practi	ices and	d differ	ent me	thods	of man	ufactu	ring p	roc	ess	es e	emp	oloy	yed i	n indus	try for
fabric	ating o	compon	ents.	Topics	that g	give exp	osure	e to	th	ie l	nan	ds-	on o	experier	ice on
variou	ıs bas	ic eng	ineerin	ig pra	ctices	in Me	chan	ica	l, 1	Elec	etric	cal	an	d Elect	ronics
Engineering are included. This helps the learners to apply this experience while															
developing product/project for the benefit of society.															
Prere	quisite	: NIL													
Cours	se Outo	comes:	After t	he con	npletio	n of the	cour	se	the	stu	der	ıt v	will t	oe able t	O
														nployed	
CO1					٠.	Unde							5	1 3	
						-					ne n	neo	chan	ical wor	kshop
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CO4		igs. (Ap			arra c	nicourc	omp		****	3	, 0.		arcs	101 40.	
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СО	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	P06	PO7		208	1	209) 1	PO16	0 PO11	PO12
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CO2	✓	√						+			√	+	√		√
CO3	✓	√						+		+	√	+	√		√
CO4	✓							+			√		√		√
CO5	√							+			✓	+	√		√
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				•	133633				0116		100		~~~	t Tools	
Bloom's Category						Continuous Assessment Tools Class work Test1									
Remember						Class work Test1									
	rstand					√					√				
Apply						√			√						
Analy						· ✓				· ✓					
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√

Evaluate

Create

Mark Distribution of CIA										
Course Structure [L-T-P-J] Attendance Class work Lab Exam Total Marks										
0-0-4-0	5	55	40	100						
	Total Mark distribution									
Total Marks CIA (Marks) ESE (Marks) ESE Duration										
100 0 -										

SYLLABUS- DETAILS OF EXPERIMENTS

- Manufacturing Methods- Moulding and casting, and sheet metal
- Conventional Machining (turning, drilling and shaping), CNC Machining
- Fitting operations, Welding (Arc, gas and brazing)
- Carpentry & power tools, Plumbing, Plastic moulding and glass cutting
- Electrical engineering Study of tools, accessories and safety rules, batteries and earthing, Electrical machines and Transformer. Wiring exercises for simple circuits
- Electronics Engineering Study of electronic components, instruments, testing of electronic devices. Soldering exercises on PCB and electronic circuits

Text books

- 1. Veerana D. K., Workshop / Manufacturing Practices, ISBN 9391505333
- 2. Robert L.Boylestad' "Electronic Devices and Circuit Theory", Prentice Hall of India, 2007
- 3. D C Kulshreshtha, "Basic Electrical Engineering", Tata McGraw Hill, 2010

Reference books

- 1. Hajra Choudhury S.K., Hajra Choudhury A.K. and Nirjhar Roy S.K., "Elements of Workshop Technology", Vol. I 2008 and Vol. II 2010, Media promoters and publishers private limited, Mumbai.
- 2. Kalpakjian S. And Steven S. Schmid, "Manufacturing Engineering and Technology", 4th edition, Pearson Education India Edition, 2002.
- 3. Gowri P. Hariharan and A. Suresh Babu," Manufacturing Technology I" Pearson Education, 2008.
- 4. Roy A. Lindberg, "Processes and Materials of Manufacture", 4th edition, Prentice Hall India, 1998.
- 5. Rao P.N., "Manufacturing Technology", Vol. I and Vol. II, Tata McGraw Hill House, 2017.
- 6. https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/112/107/112107219/mooc
- 7. Bernard Grob, "Basic Electronics", Tata McGraw Hill, 2000

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

	Mechanical 24 Hrs					
No.	Experiments					
1	Study and Exercise on foundry.					
1	Preparation of mould and making the cast of a given component					
2	Study and Exercise on sheet metal.					
	Make the box/can/tray with metal sheet as per the design					
3	Study and Exercise on fitting and joining.					
3	Prepare the joints and weld together as per the drawing					
	Study and Exercise on Machining					
4	Prepare the model as per the drawing using turning, shaping and drilling					
	operations.					
5	Study and Exercise on Carpentry.					
3	Make simple wooden products like box, rack, etc using power tools.					
6	Study and Exercise on plumbing.					
	Do the pipeline assembly as per the sketch					
7	Study on CNC Machine, Injection moulding machine, Glass cutting (Demo					
,	only)					
8	Study on Electric devices and wiring.					
0	Exercise on simple wiring for lighting, fan, etc as per the design					
9	Study on electronic components and soldering.					
	Exercise on soldering the PCB and circuits as per the given design.					

	ELECTRICAL WORKSHOP -12 Hrs					
1	 Introduction to the precautionary steps adopted for Electrical shocks. Identify the Tools used for Electrical Wiring Study of Electrical Circuit Symbols and familiarization of wiring Accessories. 					
2	Prepare an estimate and Wire-up: A circuit having one light and fan point.					
3	Prepare an estimate and Wire-up: A light/fan circuit using two-way switches. (Staircase wiring)					
4	Prepare an estimate and Wire-up: A circuit having fluorescent lamp and socket outlet (6A).					
5	Prepare an estimate and Wire-up: A Distribution board with one light point and one power outlet (16A) as sub circuits.					
6	i) Demonstration of inverter wiringii) Demonstration of Earthing Schemes.iii) Demonstration of Earth resistance measurement using equipment.					

ELECTRONICS WORKSHOP -12 Hrs										
1	Familiarizatio	on and	identification	of	active	and	passive	electronic		
1	components	(Resistor,	Capacitor,	Indu	ictor,	diode,	transistor,	sensing		

	elements, transformer)									
	• Calculation of values, Usage of Data Sheets to find various									
	specifications of Components.									
	Familiarization of Electronic Equipments (Fixed and Variable Power Suppl									
	Function Generator, CRO, Ammeter, Voltmeter etc.)									
	Generation of Periodic waveforms using function generator and									
0	measuring various parameters. (Peak Value, Peak to Peak Value, RMS									
2	Value, Frequency etc.)									
	Testing of Diode and Transistors									
	Measurement of Current and Voltage in Series and Parallel resistor									
	Implementation of Circuits in bread board									
	Connecting LED from supply (Application of Resistor).									
3	• LED Connection using capacitor (Charge Storage application of									
3	Capacitor).									
	Application of Sensing Element (LDR).									
	Full wave Bridge Rectifier Circuit									
4	Soldering Practice									
Full Wave Bridge Rectifier										
	Introduction to Electronic Simulation tools- LT SPICE									
5	Voltage and current through Series and Parallel passive components									
3	for AC and DC inputs.									
	Simulation of rectifier circuits.									

CO Assessment Questions									
1	Identify the best suitable manufacturing processes for a given								
1	product/design								
0	A team work to fabricate the component as per the given design using								
2	available manufacturing methods and submit the report								
0	Identify the components in the electric system shown in the drawing and								
3	complete the wiring as per the drawing to get the required result								
4	Identify the electronic components in the given figure and assemble the								
4	component on a circuit board to enable the required function								

24MCT110	SPORTS AND WELLNESS	L	T	P	J	S	С	Year of Introduction
		2	0	0	0	2	1	2024

Preamble: Sports and wellness enable the students

- To understand the importance of sound health fitness principles as they relate to better health.
- To expose the students to a variety of physical and yogic activities aimed at stimulating their continued inquiry about Yoga, physical education, health and fitness.
- To create a safe, progressive, methodical and efficient activity-based plan to enhance improvement and minimize risk of injury.
- To develop among students an appreciation of physical activity as a lifetime pursuit and a means to better health.

Prerequisite:

Course Outcomes: After the completion of the course the student will be able to

- **CO 1** Explain health related fitness components: cardio respiratory endurance, flexibility and body composition etc.
- **CO 2** Apply first aid in real situation.
- **CO 3** Apply physiological principles related to exercise and training.
- **CO 4** Identify opportunities for participation in sports and games activities.
- **CO 5** Practice physical activities and yoga for flexibility, relaxation and quality life style.

CO - PO MAPPING												
CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	P06	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO 1								3	3	3		3
CO 2								3	3	3		3
CO 3								3	3	3		3
CO 4								3	3	3		3
CO 5								3	3	3		3

Assessment Pattern

	Continuou	s Assessme	End Semester		
Bloom's Category	Test 1 Test 2 Other tools		Examination		
Remember	✓	✓	✓	✓	
Understand	✓	✓	✓	✓	
Apply	✓	✓	✓	✓	
Analyse			✓		
Evaluate					
Create					

Mark Distribution of CIA									
		Th							
Course Structure [L-T-P-J]	Attendance	Assignment	Test-1	Test-2	Total Marks				
2-0-0-0	5	35	30	30	100				

	Total Ma	ark distribution	
Total Marks	CIA (Marks)	ESE (Marks)	ESE Duration
100	100	0	0

SYLLABUS

MODULE I: Physical fitness, wellness and exercise programmes.

- Meaning and importance of physical fitness and wellness.
- Components of health-related fitness and sports related fitness
- How to start an exercise programme.
- How to select proper exercises.
- Exercise for improving speed, strength, endurance, and flexibility and co ordinative abilities.
- Exercises to prevent back pain, tennis elbow, shoulder injury and knee pain, neck pain.
- Fitness test for health-related fitness components.
- Importance of weight training.
- Importance of warming up and cooling down.
- How to deal with every day stress.

MODULE II: First aid

- First aid and principles of first aid
- First aid measure for the following –
 Bleeding through Nose, Snakebite, Dog Bite, Electric Shock, Burns and Drowning
- Common injuries and their management Wounds, Cuts, Sprain, Strain, Fracture and Dislocation.
- Cardio pulmonary resuscitation. (CPR)
- How to prevent muscle cramps and its management.
- How to carry an injured person.

MODULE III: Fundamentals of Anatomy and physiology in physical education and Postures.

• Define Anatomy, physiology and its importance.

- Effects of exercise on the functioning of various body system (Cardio respiratory system, muscular system and digestive system)
- Posture and its importance.
- Common Postural Deformities-Knock Knee; Flat Foot; Round Shoulders; Lordosis, Kyphosis, Bow Legs and Scoliosis.
- Corrective Measures for Postural Deformities.
- Exercise and happy hormones.
- Substance abuse.

MODULE IV: Sports and games

- Following subtopics related to anyone game/sport of choice of student out of Football, Shuttle badminton, Volleyball, Basketball, Tennis and cricket
- Specification of play fields and related sports equipments
- Sports and games for recreation.

Latest general rule of the game / sports.

MODULE V: Lifestyle & Yoga

- Balanced diet, mal nutrition and Deficiency disease.
- Healthy diet plan.
- Hydration and its importance.
- Personal hygiene.
- Rest and recovery.
- Importance of sleep.
- Meaning & importance of Yoga.
- Introduction-Asanas, Pranayama, Meditation.
- Relaxation Techniques in yoga
- Asanas to prevent life style disease.

Text books

- 1. Modern Trends and Physical Education by Prof. Ajmer Singh.
- 2. Light on Yoga by B.K.S. Iyengar.
- 3. Health and Physical Education- NCERT (11th and 12th Classes)

- 1. Physiological aspects of sports training and performance by Jay Hoffman.
- 2. Periodization theory and methodology of training by Tudor O Bompa and G Grisgery Haff.
- 3. Essential of strength training and conditioning by Thomas Baechle E R, Roger W Earle.
- 4. A practice guide to emergency first aid, safety injuries, illnesses by Montreal.

	COURSE CONTENTS AND LECTURE SCHEDULE	
No.		No. of Hours[24[
M	ODULE 1: Physical fitness, wellness and exercise programmes.	•
1.1	 Meaning and importance of physical fitness and wellness. Components of health-related fitness and sports related fitness. 	1
1.2	 How to start an exercise programme. Exercise for improving speed, strength, endurance, and flexibility and co ordinative abilities. How to select proper exercises. 	1
1.3	• Exercises to prevent back pain, tennis elbow, shoulder injury and knee pain, Neck pain.	1
1.4	Fitness test for health-related fitness components.	1
1.5	Importance of weight training.Importance of warming up and cooling down.	1
1.6	How to deal with every day stress.	1
	MODULE II: First aid	
2.1	 First aid and principles of first aid First aid measure for the following – Bleeding through Nose, Snakebite, Dog Bite, Electric Shock, Burns and Drowning. 	1
2.4	Common injuries and their management Wounds, Cuts, Sprain, Strain, Fracture and Dislocation.	1
2.5	Cardio pulmonary resuscitation. (CPR)	1
2.6	How to prevent muscle cramps and its management.How to carry an injured person	1
	MODULE III: Fundamentals of Anatomy and physiology in physical education and Postures.	
3.1	 Define Anatomy, physiology and its importance. Effects of exercise on the functioning of various body system (Cardio respiratory system, muscular system and digestive system) 	1
3.2	Posture and its importance.	1
3.3	 Common Postural Deformities-Knock Knee; Flat Foot; Round Shoulders; Lordosis, Kyphosis, Bow Legs and Scoliosis. Corrective Measures for Postural Deformities. 	1

3.4	Exercise and happy hormones.Substance abuse.	1
	MODULE IV: Sports and games.	
4.1	Football	1
4.2	Shuttle badminton	1
4.3	Volleyball	1
4.4	Basketball	1
4.5	Cricket	1
4.6	Tennis • Sports and games for recreation. Latest general rule of the game / sports. Specification of play fields and related sports equipment	1
	Module 5- Lifestyle & Yoga	
5.1	 Balanced diet, mal nutrition and Deficiency disease. Healthy diet plan Hydration and its importance. 	1
5.2	Personal hygiene.Rest and recovery.Importance of sleep.	1
5.3	Meaning & importance of Yoga.Introduction-Asanas, Pranayama, Meditation.	1
5.4	Relaxation techniques in yoga.Asanas to prevent life style disease.	1

	CO Assessment Questions					
1	What are the types of Asanas for improving strength and flexibilities?					
2	What are the physiological changes to cardio respiratory system during exercise?					
3	What are the first aid to sprains and strains?					
4	How to develop cardio respiratory fitness?					
5	Which are the seventeen laws in football?					
6	Which are the exercises to prevent back and shoulder pain?					

24EST106	ENGINEERING MECHANICS	L	Т	P	J	S	С	Year of Introduction
		2	1	0	0	3	3	2024

Preamble:

The objective this course is to expose the students to the fundamental concepts of mechanics and enhance their problem-solving skills. It introduces students to the influence of applied force system and the geometrical properties of the rigid bodies. After this course students will be able to recognize similar problems in real-world situations and respond accordingly.

Prerequisite: Nil

Course Outcomes:

- CO After the completion of the course the student will be able to
- **CO 1** Recall principles and theorems related to rigid body mechanics. [Remember level]
- **CO 2** Identify and describe the components of system of forces acting on a rigid body. [Understand level]
- CO 3 Apply the conditions of equilibrium to various practical problems involving different force systems. [Apply level]
- **CO 4** Analyse linear, curvilinear and rotary motion of rigid bodies. [Apply level]
- **CO 5** Determine the properties of distributed areas. [Apply level]

CO - PO MAPPING

CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	P06	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO 1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO 2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO 3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO 4	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO 5	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Assessment Pattern

	Continuou	s Assessme	nt Tools	End Semester		
Bloom's Category	Test1	Test 1 Test 2 Other tools		Examination		
Remember	✓	✓	✓	✓		
Understand	✓	✓	✓	✓		
Apply	✓	✓	✓	✓		
Analyse			✓			
Evaluate						
Create						

Mark Distribution of CIA

Course Structure	Attandance	Th	Total			
[L-T-P-J]	Attendance	Assignment	Test-1	Test-2	Marks	
2-1-0-0	5	15	10	10	40	

Total Mark distribution							
Total Marks	CIA (Marks)	ESE (Marks)	ESE Duration				
100	40	60	3 Hours				

End Semester Examination [ESE] Pattern

Pattern	Part A	Part B	ESE Marks
PATTERN 1	10 Questions, each question carries 2 marks Marks: (2×10 =20 marks)	2 questions will be given from each module, out of which 1 question should be answered. Each question can have a maximum of 2 sub divisions. Each question carries 8 marks. Marks: (5×8 = 40 marks) Time: 3 hours	60
	Total Marks: 20	Total Marks: [5×8 = 40 marks]	

SYLLABUS

Module 1 (Resultant of Force Systems)

Introduction to Engineering Mechanics-statics-basic principles of statics-Parallelogram law, equilibrium law, principles of superposition and transmissibility, law of action and reaction(review) free body diagrams.

Concurrent coplanar forces-composition and resolution of forces, resultant – methods of projections.

Equilibrium – equations. Equilibrant.

Non-Concurrent coplanar forces – Varignon's Theorem of moments. Parallel coplanar forces – couple - resultant of parallel forces – centre of parallel forces.

Resultant of non-Concurrent coplanar forces.

Module 2 (Equilibrium of Rigid Bodies)

Equilibrium of bodies subjected to general coplanar force system - equilibrium equations.

Friction – sliding friction - Coulomb's laws of friction – analysis of single bodies and connected bodies –wedges and ladder analysis.

Module 3 (Centroid and Moment of Inertia)

Concept of Centroid -Centroid of composite areas.

Moment of inertia-parallel axis and perpendicular axis theorems. Polar moment of inertia, radius of gyration, mass moment of inertia-ring, cylinder and disc. Theorem of Pappus Guldinus (demonstration only).

Module 4 (Support Reactions of Beams, Forces in Space)

Beams - types of beams- Cantilever, Simple supported and Overhanging beams, Types of loading, Support reaction of beams subjected to concentrated loads, UDL, UVL and moments.

Forces in space - vectorial representation of forces, moments and couples -resultant and equilibrium equations - concurrent forces in space (simple problems only)

Module 5 (Dynamics of Rigid Bodies)

Dynamics – review of Newton's Laws –D'Alembert's Principle. – motion on horizontal and inclined surfaces, motion of connected bodies.

Impulse momentum equation and work energy equation (concepts only).

Curvilinear translation - Review of Kinematics- kinetics - equation of motion.

Rotation – kinematics of rotation- equation of motion for a rigid body rotating about a fixed axis – rotation under a constant moment.

Plane motion of rigid body – instantaneous centre of rotation (concept only).

Text Books:

- 1. Timoshenko and Young, Engineering Mechanics, McGraw Hill Publishers.
- 2. Shames, I. H., Engineering Mechanics Statics and Dynamics, Prentice Hall of India.
- 2. R. C. Hibbeler and Ashok Gupta, Engineering Mechanics, Vol. I statics, Vol II Dynamics, Pearson Education.

- 1. Merriam J. L and Kraige L. G., Engineering Mechanics Vols. 1 and 2, John Wiley.
- 2. Tayal A K, Engineering Mechanics Statics and Dynamics, Umesh Publications
- 3. Bhavikkatti, S.S., Engineering Mechanics, New Age International Publishers
- 4. F.P.Beer abd E.R.Johnston (2011), Vector Mechanics for Engineers, Vol.I-Statics, Vol.II-Dynamics, $9^{\rm th}$ Ed, Tata McGraw Hill
- 5. Rajasekaran S and Sankarasubramanian G, Engineering Mechanics Statics and Dynamics, Vikas Publishing House Pvt Ltd.

	COURSE CONTENTS AND LECTURE SCHEDULE	
No.		No. of Hour 36
	Module 1 (8 Hours)	
	Introduction to Mechanics – Mechanics of Rigid Bodies (EMS), Mechanics of deformable Bodies (MoS) and Mechanics of fluids (FM).	
1.1	Relevance of Engineering Mechanics, introduction to studies of bodies at rest (Statics) and studies of bodies in motion (Dynamics).	1
	Rigid bodies, Principle of transmissibility of forces, Principle of superposition, law of action and reaction.	
1.2	Free body diagrams (FBDs) – concept and examples, Exercise problems on drawing FBDs.	1
1.3	Resolution of forces – rectangular components. Resultant of two forces - Parallelogram law.	1
1.4	System of coplanar forces – concurrent and non- concurrent forces.	1
1.5	Resultant force of a system of concurrent coplanar forces – method of projections.	1
1.6	Moment of a force, Varignon's Theorem of moments. Parallel coplanar forces – couple - resultant of parallel forces – centre of parallel forces	1
1.7	Resultant force of a system of non-concurrent coplanar forces	1
1.8	Resultant force of a system of non-concurrent coplanar forces	1

	Module II (7 Hours)	
2.1	Equilibrium – equations for bodies subjected to coplanar concurrent and non- concurrent system of forces. Analysis of bodies subjected to system of coplanar concurrent forces.	1
2.2	Analysis of bodies subjected to system of coplanar non-concurrent forces.	1
2.3	Analysis of bodies subjected to system of coplanar non-concurrent forces.	1
2.4	Introduction to Friction – sliding friction - Coulomb's laws of friction – analysis of single bodies	1
2.5	Analysis of connected bodies	1
2.6	Problems on wedge friction	1
2.7	Problems on ladder friction	1
	Module III (8 Hours)	
3.1	Centroid – Concept, Centroid of simple and regular geometrical shapes – Rectangle, right angled triangle, circle, semi-circle, sector of a circle/quadrant. Location of centroids using principle of moments. Centroid of simple figures using integration- Demonstration.	1
3.2	Centroid of composite areas- examples for illustration – problems for practice to be done by self.	1
3.3	Moment of Inertia-Concept, Moment of inertia of simple figures using integration.	1
3.4	Parallel axis theorem – Demonstration.	1
3.5	Moment of inertia - perpendicular axis theorem - example for illustration to be given as hand out and discussion on the solved example.	1
3.6	Polar moment of inertia, Radius of gyration. Mass moment of inertia of ring, cylinder and uniform disc. Theorem of Pappus Guldinus – Demonstration	1
3.7	Moment of Inertia-Concept, Moment of inertia of simple figures using integration.	1
3.8	Parallel axis theorem – Demonstration.	1
	Module IV (6 Hours)	
4.1	Beams- Types, Support conditions, Loads on beams-Concentrated, UDL and UVL.	1
4.2	Support reactions of beam subject to concentrated loads	1
4.3	Support reactions of beam subject to UDL	1
4.4	Support reactions of beam subject to UVL, Support reactions of beams subject to concentrated moments – examples for illustration – problems for practice to be done by self.	1

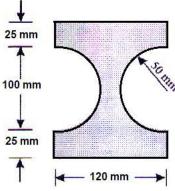
TKM College of Engineering, Kollam (Govt. Aided and Autonomous)

4.5 4.6	Introduction to forces in space – vectorial representation of forces, moments and couples – simple problems to illustrate vector representations of forces, moments and couples. Solution to practice problems - resultant and equilibrium equations for concurrent forces in space.	1
	Module V (7 Hours)	
5.1	Introduction to dynamics – kinematics and kinetics. Kinetics- Newton's Second Law, D'Alembert's principle. – illustration of the concepts using one numerical exercise from motion on horizontal and inclined surfaces	1
5.2	Motion of connected bodies - example for illustration to be given as hand out and discussion on the solved example - problems for practice to be done by self.	1
5.3	Motion of connected bodies - example for illustration to be given as hand out and discussion on the solved example	1
5.4	Concepts of impulse momentum equation and work energy equation. Curvilinear translation – Review of Kinematics.	1
5.5	Curvilinear translation – Kinetics – equations.	1
5.6	Rotation – kinematics and kinetics of rotation- equation of motion for a rigid body rotating about a fixed axis, motion of cylinder/disc – rolling without slip.	1
5.7	Plane motion of rigid bodies – instantaneous centre of rotation (concept only).	1

	CO Assessment Questions									
00.1	· ·									
CO 1	1	State and explain principle of superposition of forces.								
	2	Explain D'Alembert's principle.								
CO 2	1	A person is standing on the rung of a ladder placed on a smooth horizontal floor against a rough vertical wall. Identify all forces acting on the ladder and draw its free body diagram.								
	2	A car is resting on an inclined plane as shown in figure. Identify all forces acting on the car and draw the free body diagram of the car.								
CO 3	1	A boy stands out at the end of the diving board, which is supported by two springs A and B , each having a stiffness of $k = 15$ kN/m. In the position shown the board is horizontal. If the boy has a weight of 400 N,								

determine the angle of tilt which the board makes with the horizontal after he jumps off. Neglect the weight of the board and assume it is rigid. The 1500-N electrical transformer with center of gravity at G is supported by a pin at A and a smooth pad at B. Determine the horizontal and vertical components of reaction at the pin A and the reaction of the pad *B* on the transformer. 0.9 m CO₄ An engine of weight 500 kN pull a train weighing 1500 kN up an incline of 1 in 100. The train starts from rest and moves with constant acceleration against a resistance of 5 N/kN. It attains a maximum speed of 36 kmph in 1 km distance. Determine the tension in the coupling between train and engine and the traction force developed by the engine. A right circular cylinder of mass m and radius r is suspended from a cord that is wound round its circumference. If the cylinder is allowed to fall freely, find the acceleration of its mass centre and tension in the cord. CO₅ Locate the centroid of the plate shown in figure. 2 m 3 m

The cross section of a beam is shown in figure. Determine the moments of inertia of the section about its horizontal and vertical axes passing through the centroid.



BRANCH SPECIFIC 2 CREDIT COURSES (SEMESTER I)

24EST117	Basics of Electrical Engineering	L	Т	P	J	s	С	Year of Introduction
		2	0	0	0	2	2	2024

Preamble: To provide the students with a broad perspective of the field of Electrical Engineering. The course is designed to empower the students in solving simple electrical circuits. The course facilitates the students to learn about the generation and transmission of electrical power. The course introduces the operation and characteristics of DC and AC machines.

Prerequisite: Nil

Course Outcomes: After the completion of the course the student will be able to

- **CO 1** Apply Electrical laws to compute different circuit parameters (Apply)
- **CO 2** Identify the parameters of simple magnetic circuits (Understand)
- **CO 3** Compute the parameters of simple A.C. electrical circuits (Understand)
- CO 4 Demonstrate the benefits of a three-phase system for industrial electrical applications (Analyze)
- **CO 5** Understand the operation and characteristics of electrical machines (Understand)

CO - PO MAPPING

CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	P06	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO 1	3	2										
CO 2	3	2								2		
CO 3	3	2										
CO 4	3								3	2		
CO 5	3								3			

Assessment Pattern

	Continuou	s Assessme	nt Tools	End Semester		
Bloom's Category	Test 1 Test 2 Other tools			Examination		
Remember	✓	✓	✓	✓		
Understand	✓	✓	✓	✓		
Apply	✓	✓	✓	✓		
Analyse						
Evaluate						
Create						

Mark Distribution of CIA

Course Structure	Attendance	Th	Total		
[L-T-P-J]		Assignment	Test-1	Test-2	Marks
2-0-0-0	5	35	30	30	100

Total Mark distribution									
Total Marks	Total Marks CIA (Marks) ESE (Marks) ESE Duration								
100	100								

SYLLABUS

MODULE I: D. C. Circuits

D. C. Circuits: Ohm's Law and Kirchhoff's Laws; Loop current and Nodal voltage method; Steady state analysis with independent sources, Star-Delta conversion (Analysis of resistive networks only).

MODULE II: Magnetic circuits and Electromagnetism

Magnetic circuits: MMF, field strength, flux density, reluctance, energy stored in magnetic circuits, Simple problems in series magnetic circuits.

Electromagnetism: Faradays Laws, Lenz's Law, Fleming's Rules, Statically and dynamically induced EMF; Concepts of self-inductance, mutual inductance and coefficient of coupling.

MODULE III: Single Phase AC systems

Single Phase systems: Generation of sinusoidal voltage, RMS and Average value, form factor and peak factor of sinusoidal waveforms, Impedance of series circuits (RL, RC and RLC circuits). Phasor diagram of series circuits; Real, reactive and apparent power, power factor, Power triangle.

MODULE IV: Three Phase AC Systems

Three Phase Systems: Generation of three phase voltages- advantages of three phase systems, star and delta connection, three wire and four wire systems, relation between line and phase voltages, line and phase currents. Expressions for power in three phase circuits; definition of phase sequence, balanced supply and balanced load; Relationship between line and phase values of balanced star and delta connections; Power in balanced three phase circuits.

Power transmission and distribution: Typical electrical power transmission scheme, need for high voltage transmission, primary and secondary transmission and distribution systems.

MODULE V: Fundamentals of Electrical Machines

DC Machines: Working principle of DC motors - types of D.C. motors, characteristics (series and Shunt motors only) and applications - Necessity of a starter for DC motor. Transformer: Principle of operation and construction of single-phase transformers (core and shell types).

AC Machines - Three Phase Induction Motors: Concept of rotating magnetic field; Principle of operation, types and constructional features; Slip and its significance; Applications of squirrel cage and slip ring motors; Necessity of a starter, star-delta starter.

Text books

- 1. Hughes, Electrical Technology, Pearson, 10th Edition, 2011.
- 2. Fitzgerald and Higginbotham, Basic Electrical Engineering, McGraw Hill Inc, 1981.
- 3. D.P. Kothari and I.J. Nagrath, Basic Electrical Engineering, 3rd Edition, TMH, 2009
- 4. Basic Electrical Engineering, D. C. Kulshreshtha, McGraw-Hill Education, Revised first edition, 2019

- 1. Electrical Engineering Fundamentals, Vincent Del Toro, Prentice Hall, New Delhi.
- 2. Fundamentals of Electrical Engineering and Electronics, B.L. Theraja, S Chand and Company, Reprint Edition 2013.
- 3. Principles Electrical Engineering and Electronics, V.K Mehta, Rohit Mehta, S Chand and Company, 2nd edition, 2015.
- 4. M. S. Sukhija and T. K. Nagsarkar, Basic Electrical and Electronics Engineering, Oxford University Press, 2012.
- 5. S. B. Lal Seksena and Kaustuv Dasgupta, "Fundamentals of Electrical Engineering", Cambridge University Press.
- 6. NPTEL course on Basic Electrical Technology, Prof. G. D. Roy, IIT Kharagpur.

- 0.	COURSE CONTENTS AND LECTURE SCHEDULE							
No.		No. of Hours [23 Hrs]						
1.1	Ohm's Law and Kirchhoff's Laws; Loop current Method	1						
1.2	Nodal voltage method; Steady state analysis with independent sources	1						
1.3	Numerical problems	1						
1.4	Star-Delta conversion (Analysis of resistive networks only).	1						
	MODULE II							
2.1	MMF, field strength, flux density, reluctance, energy stored in magnetic circuits	1						
2.2	Simple problems in magnetic circuits	1						
2.3	Faradays Laws, Lenz's Law, Fleming's Rules, Statically and dynamically induced EMF	1						
2.4	Concepts of self-inductance, mutual inductance and coefficient of coupling	1						
	MODULE III							
3.1	Generation of sinusoidal voltage	1						
3.2	RMS and Average value, form factor and peak factor of sinusoidal waveforms	1						
3.3	Impedance of series circuits (RL, RC and RLC circuits). Phasor diagram of series circuits;	1						
3.4	Real, reactive and apparent power, power factor, Power triangle	1						
3.5	Numerical problems	1						

	MODULE IV	
4.1	Generation of three phase voltages- advantages of three phase systems, star and delta connection, three wire and four wire system	1
4.2	Relation between line and phase voltages, line and phase currents. Expressions for power in balanced three phase circuits	1
4.3	Definition of phase sequence, balanced supply and balanced load; Relationship between line and phase values of balanced star and delta connections	1
4.4	Numerical problems	1
4.5	Typical electrical power transmission scheme, need for high voltage transmission, primary and secondary transmission and distribution systems.	1
	MODULE V	
5.1	Working principle of DC motors - Types of D.C. motors, characteristics (series and Shunt motors only) and applications; Necessity of a starter for DC motor	1
5.2	Principle of operation and construction of single-phase transformers (core and shell types)	1
5.3	Three Phase Induction Motors: Concept of rotating magnetic field; Principle of operation	1
5.4	Types and constructional features; Slip and its significance	1
5.5	Applications of squirrel cage and slip ring motors; Necessity of a starter, star-delta starter.	1

	CO Assessment Questions								
CO1	Given two resistances, draw a circuit with both of them so as to draw minimum current. (Understand)								
CO1	What is the shape of the electrical voltage waveform coming to your house? Draw the waveform with neat label. (Remember)								
CO1	Solve problems applying Ohms law and Kirchoff's Laws (Understand)								
CO2	Define and explain the terms MMF, reluctance and permeability with the help of a neat sketch. (Remember)								
	Describe the concept of magnetic reluctance and its relationship to magnetic								
CO2	circuits. How does it affect the flow of magnetic flux? Provide an example that								
CO2	illustrates the calculation of reluctance in a simple series magnetic circuit.								
	Present your reasoning in a clear and organized manner. (Understand)								
CO3	The voltage and current across a circuit is out of phase by 30°. The voltage is having a frequency of 50Hz. Plot the waveforms and compute the real and reactive power. (understand)								

СОЗ	Explain with the aid of a neat sketch, how the average and rms values of an alternating current are obtained. (Remember)
CO4	Three inductive coils, each with a resistance of 15Ω and an inductance of 0.03H are connected in (i) star and (ii) delta, to 3-phase, 400V, 50Hz supply. Calculate for each of the above case (i) phase current and line current and (ii) total power absorbed. (Apply)
CO4	Submit a report by identifying three cases where star and delta connected three phase AC systems are used (Understand)
CO5	Identify the motors used in all the machines / lathe in the Machine shop. (Understand)

24EST119	Basic Mechanical Engineering	L	T	P	J	s	С	Year of Introduction
		2	0	0	0	2	2	2024
Preamble:								
Enable the students to build a foundation in fundamentals of Mechanical Engineering,								
to correlate theoretical concepts with their industrial/engineering applications. The								
course impa	course imparts knowledge on various topics like thermodynamics, heat transfer,							

thermal and hydraulic machines. It helps the learners to prepare them for advanced

Prerequisite: Nil

Course Outcomes: After the completion of the course the student will be able to

concepts in Mechanical Engineering and to do interdisciplinary research.

- **co 1** Explain the significance and applications of thermodynamics and heat transfer (Understand, Apply)
- co 2 Illustrate the working and features of thermal power generation systems (Understand)
- **CO 3** Describe and compare the working of hydraulic machines (Understand)
- **co 4** Explain the basic principles of Refrigeration and Air Conditioning systems (Understand)
- co 5 Discuss the basic manufacturing, metal joining and machining processes (Understand, Apply)

CO - PO MAPPING PO1 PO5 PO6 PO7 PO8 PO9 PO10 PO11 PO12 CO PO2 PO3 **PO4** 3 CO 1 1 2 CO 2 3 **CO 3** 3 CO 4 3 **CO** 5 3 1 2

Assessment Pattern

Pleam's Category	Continu	End Semester		
Bloom's Category	Test 1 Test 2 Other tools		Examination	
Remember	✓	√	✓	✓
Understand	✓	√	✓	✓
Apply	✓	√	√	✓
Analyse				
Evaluate				
Create				

Mark Distribution of CIA								
Course Structure	A 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	Theory [L- T]			//\			
[L-T-P-J]	Attendance	Assignment	Test-1	Test-2	Total Marks			
2-0-0-0	5	35	30	30	100			

Total Mark distribution

Total Marks CIA (Marks)		ESE (Marks) ESE Duration					
100	100	0	0				

SYLLABUS

MODULE I: Thermodynamics and Heat Transfer

Thermodynamics: Laws of thermodynamics, Significance and Applications of Heat Engine, Heat Pump and Refrigerator — Efficiency, Coefficient of Performance (COP) Heat Transfer: Modes of Heat Transfer, Statement and explanation of Fourier's law of heat conduction, Newton's law of cooling, Stefan Boltzmann's law, Significance and Applications of heat transfer.

MODULE II: Thermal power generation Systems

Boilers: Classification, FBC

Steam Turbines: Classification, Working principle of Impulse and reaction turbines, **Gas turbines**: Classification, Working principle of Open and Closed cycle Gas turbine, **IC Engines**: Classification, Working principle of two stroke and four stroke (SI and CI) Engines

MODULE III: Fluid Machines

Pumps: Types, Operation of Reciprocating and Centrifugal pumps

Hydraulic Turbines: Classification, Description about working with sketches of: Pelton turbine, Francis turbine and Kaplan turbine. Overall efficiency, Problems on calculation of input and output power of pumps and turbines (No velocity triangles)

MODULE IV: Refrigeration and Air Conditioning

Refrigerant, Vapor compression refrigeration system- Principle,

Domestic Refrigerator, Window, and split air conditioners- Description about working with sketches.

MODULE V: Manufacturing Process

Basic description of the manufacturing processes (Basic Concepts only and examples of products) – Die Casting, Forging, Rolling, Extrusion.

Basic description: Lathe Machine and Lathe operations, Drilling

Basic description of Metal Joining Processes: Arc Welding, Soldering and Brazing and their applications,

Text books

- 1. Benjamin J., Basic Mechanical Engineering, Pentex Publishers Ltd., Kollam.
- 2. Balachandran P., Basic Mechanical Engineering, Owl publishers.

- 1. Spalding and Cole, Engineering Thermodynamics, Hodder & Stoughton Educational.
- 2. Gill, Smith and Zuirys, Fundamentals of IC Engines, Oxford and IBH publishing Company Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi.
- 3. Crouse, Automobile Engineering, Tata Mc-Graw-Hill, New Delhi.
- 4. Roy and Choudhary, Elements of Mechanical Engineering, Media Promoters & Publishers Pvt. Ltd., Mumbai.
- 5. Bansal R.K., Fluid Mechanics and Machine, Laxmi Publications Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi.
- 6. Pravin Kumar, Basic Mechanical Engineering, Pearson.

	COURSE CONTENTS AND LECTURE SCHEDULE							
No.		No. of Hours						
MODULE 1								
1.1	Thermodynamics: Laws of thermodynamics, Significance and Applications	1						
1.2	Heat engine, heat pump and refrigerator — Efficiency, Coefficient of Performance (COP)	1						
1.3	Heat Transfer: Modes of Heat Transfer, Statement and explanation of Fourier's law of heat conduction, Newton's law of cooling, Stefan Boltzmann's law.	1						
1.4	Significance and Applications of heat transfer	1						
	MODULE II							
2.1	Thermal power generation Systems Boilers: Classification, FBC	1						
2.2	Steam Turbines : Classification, Working principle of Impulse and reaction turbines,	1						
2.3	Gas turbines : Classification, Working principle of Open and Closed cycle Gas turbine	1						
2.4	IC Engines: Classification, Working principle of four stroke (SI and CI) Engine	1						
2.5	Working principle of two stroke (SI and CI) Engine	1						
	MODULE III							
3.1	Fluid Machines Pumps: Types, Operation of Reciprocating pumps	1						
3.2	Operation of Centrifugal pumps	1						
3.3	Hydraulic Turbines : Classification, Description about working with sketches of Pelton turbine	1						
3.4	Hydraulic Turbines : Description about working with sketches of Francis turbine.	1						

3.5	Hydraulic Turbines: Description about working with sketches of	1					
3.5	Kaplan turbine.						
3.6	Overall efficiency, Problems on calculation of input and output	1					
3.0	power of pumps and turbines	1					
	MODULE IV						
4 1	Refrigeration and Air Conditioning: Refrigerant, Vapor	1					
4.1	compression refrigeration system - Principle						
4.2	Domestic Refrigerator - Description about the working with sketches						
4.2	Window air conditioners - Description about the working with	1					
4.3	sketches	1					
4.4	Split air conditioners - Description about the working with sketches	1					
	MODULE V						
F 1	Basic description of the manufacturing processes - Die Casting,	1					
5.1	Forging and their applications	1					
F 0	Basic description of the manufacturing processes - Rolling,	1					
5.2	Extrusion, and their applications	1					
5.3	Basic description: Lathe Machine and Lathe operations, Drilling						
5.4	Basic description of Metal Joining Process: Arc Welding	1					
	Basic description of Metal Joining Processes: Soldering, Brazing,	1					
5.5	Applications	1					

	CO Assessment Questions
	1. An office worker claims that a cup of cold coffee on his table warmed up to 80°C by picking up energy from the surrounding air, which is at 25°C. Is there any truth to his claim? Does this process violate any thermodynamic laws?
1	2. Compare the heat pump and refrigerator. Also obtain an expression for C.O.P.
	3. Prepare a report on the applications of heat transfer in industries.
	4. Consider two walls of a house that are identical except that one is made of
	10-cm-thick wood, while the other is made of 25-cm-thick brick. Through
	which wall will the house lose more heat in winter?
	1. Compare impulse and reaction steam turbine and state applications
	2. Give the practical applications of Gas turbine
2	3. Identify and explain with a neat sketch, the working of the engine that gives
	one power stroke for two revolutions of crankshaft.
	4. Compare the working of 2 stroke and 4 stroke IC engines
	1. Explain the working of a pump with sketches used for low head and high discharge
3	2. Prepare a report on the pumps with specifications used in industries
	3. Identify hydroelectric power plants that use Pelton wheel turbines and
	illustrate the working of the turbine.

	4. A turbine is to operate under a head of 25 m at 200 rpm. The discharge is						
	9 m ³ /s. If the overall efficiency of the turbine is 90%. Determine the power						
	developed by the turbine.						
	1. Illustrate the principle of operation of a household refrigerator.						
	2. It is proposed to use water instead of refrigerant- 134a as the working fluid						
	in air-conditioning applications where the minimum temperature never						
4	falls below the freezing point. Would you support this proposal? Explain						
4	3. With the help of suitable sketch explain the working of a split air						
	conditioner						
	4. When selecting a refrigerant for a certain application, what qualities would						
	you look for in the refrigerant?						
	1. Identify the manufacturing process that uses mould to produce desired						
	parts? Explain the procedure.						
	2. Discuss the metal joining process to connect dissimilar metals.						
5	3. Explain the method employed for making metal sheets in the						
	manufacturing process.						
	4. Submit a report by identifying three objects and list the different processes						
	involved to obtain the finished product from raw material						

24ESP118

COMPUTER AIDED DRAFTING AND MODELLING

Year of	C	S	J	P	T	L
Introduction						
2024	2	3	0	2	0	1

Preamble: The modern engineering world demands frequent changes in product design based on the customer-specific needs and with the aid of computers, the modelling of any complex shapes and its updating are easier. Hence this course helps students to excel in such competitive environment as it equips the students to create 2D and 3D models, prepare as well as interpret high end technical drawings, and simulate designs.

Prerequisite: Nil

Course Outcomes: After the completion of the course the student will be able to

- **CO1** Model various mechanical components.
- **CO2** Create assembly models of various mechanical assemblies.
- CO3 Develop standard dimensioned drawings of machine parts and other engineering components.
- **CO4** Develop Assembly drawings and Bill of Materials of machine components using CAD software.
- **CO5** Interpret the industrial drawings.

CO - PO MAPPING

CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	P06	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	✓	✓			✓							
CO2	✓	✓			✓							
CO3	✓	✓			✓			✓				
CO4	✓	✓			✓							
CO5	✓	✓			✓					✓		✓

Assessment Pattern for Theory component

	Continuou	s Assessme	End Compaton	
Bloom's Category	Test 1	Test 2	Other tools	End Semester Examination
Remember			✓	
Understand	✓		✓	
Apply	✓		✓	
Analyse	✓		✓	
Evaluate			✓	
Create			✓	

Assessment Pattern for Lab component

Bloom's Category	Continuous As	Test 1 ✓ ✓ ✓		
Bloom's Category	Class work	Test 1		
Remember				
Understand	✓	✓		
Apply	✓	✓		
Analyse	✓	✓		
Evaluate	✓			
Create	✓			

Mark Distribution of CIA								
Course Structure		Theory [L- T] Pra			Pract	ical [P]		
[L-T-P-J]	Attendance	Assignment	Test-1*	Test-2	Class work	Lab Exam**	Total Marks	
1-0-2-0	5	10	20		25	40	100	

^{*}Test 1- shall be conducted in the lab for 3D part modelling/ assembly using 3D modelling software.

*Lab exam- shall be conducted from modules 3 and 4 which include drafting of 2D parts and assemblies using drafting software.

Total Marks distribution								
Total Marks	CIA (Marks)	ESE (Marks)	ESE Duration					
100	100	0	-					
SYLLABUS								

MODULE I: 3D Visualization of Machine Components - Part Modelling

Introduction to CAD packages and demonstration of part modeling, simple examples to familiarize cad packages. Sketcher constraints, basic 3D commands to be used for modelling machine components. Visualization of machine components - CAD modeling of shaft, bearings, fasteners, gears, keys, rivets and springs – user defined, customization using toolbox.

MODULE II: 3D Visualization of Machine Components -Assembly Modelling

Visualization of machine components - Assembly modelling of – rod joints: cotter and knuckle joints [for class work only – keys and shaft coupling: flanged coupling – shaft bearing: plummer block. Assembly modelling and detailing of – IC engine connecting rod].

MODULE III: Fundamentals of 2D Drafting

Introduction to drafting package – basic commands and development of 2d simple drawings – drawing, editing, dimensioning, layering concepts, hatching, detailing etc. Fundamentals of Machine Drawing – Conventional representation of: Sectional views, Riveted joints, Welded joints, Keys, Bolts & Nuts and Foundation bolts.

MODULE IV: 2D Assembly Drawings of Machine Components

Preparation of Detailed Assembly Drawings (2D) of – rod joints: cotter and knuckle joints [for class work only– keys and shaft coupling: flanged coupling – shaft bearing: plummer block. Assembly Drawing (2D) with Bill of Materials of – IC engine connecting rod].

MODULE V: Industrial Drawing Case Studies with Geometric Dimensioning & Tolerancing and Roughness Indications

Basic Principles of Geometric Dimensioning and Tolerancing. Surface roughness – Indication of surface roughness on drawings. Reading and Interpretation of industrial drawings – Case study and Presentation.

Text books

- 1. N. D. Bhatt and V.M. Panchal, Machine Drawing, Charotar Publishing House.
- 2. P I Varghese and K C John, Machine Drawing, VIP Publishers

- 1. Ajeet Singh, Machine Drawing Includes AutoCAD, Tata McGraw-hill.
- 2. P S Gill, Machine Drawing, Kataria& Sons.
- 3. https://youtube.com/playlist?list=PLp6ek2hDcoNCjoRLQ4rjpCozisCACBxKA-Engineering Graphics and Design, Naresh V Datla and Sunil R kale, Department of Mechanical Engineering, IIT Delhi.

	COURSE CONTENTS AND LECTURE SCHEDULE							
No.		No. of Hours						
	MODULE 1							
1.1	Introduction to CAD packages and demonstration of part modeling, simple examples to familiarize cad packages.	1						
1.2	Sketcher constraints, basic 3D commands to be used for modelling machine components.	1						
1.3	Visualization of machine components - CAD Modelling of machine components - shaft, bearings, fasteners (LAB)	2						
1.4	Visualization of machine components - CAD modeling of gears, keys, rivets and springs – user defined, customization using toolbox (LAB)	2						
	MODULE II							
2.1	Visualization of machine components - Assembly modelling	1						
2.2	Introduction to - rod joints: cotter and knuckle joints – keys and shaft coupling: flanged coupling – shaft bearing: plummer block.	1						
2.3	Assembly modelling of – rod joints: cotter and knuckle joints (LAB)	2						
2.4	Assembly modelling of keys and shaft coupling: flanged coupling – shaft bearing: plummer block (LAB) (for class work only)	2						
2.5	Assembly modelling and detailing of – IC engine connecting rod (LAB) (for class work only)	2						
	MODULE III							
3.1	Introduction to drafting package – basic commands and development of 2d simple drawings	1						
3.2	Drawing, editing, dimensioning, layering concepts, hatching, detailing etc.	1						

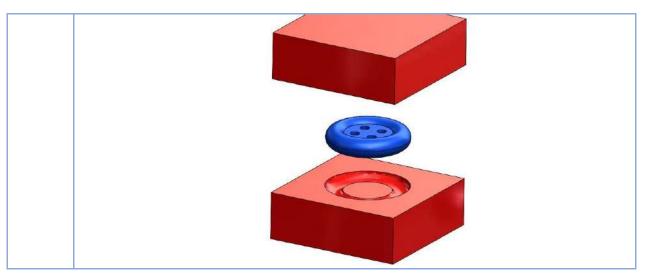
		-						
3.3	Fundamentals of Machine Drawing – Conventional representation of: Sectional views	1						
3.4	Eundementale of Machine Drawing Divisted joints, Wolded joints							
3.5	Keys, Bolts & Nuts and Foundation bolts (LAB)	3						
	MODULE IV							
4.1	Preparation of Detailed Assembly Drawings (2D)	1						
4.2	Detailed Assembly Drawings – rod joints: cotter and knuckle joints (LAB)	2						
4.3	Detailed Assembly Drawings – keys and shaft coupling: flanged coupling – shaft bearing: plummer block (for class work only)							
4.4	Assembly Drawing (2D) with Bill of Materials (for class work only)	1						
4.5	Assembly Drawing (2D) with Bill of Materials of – IC engine connecting rod (for class work only)							
	MODULE V							
5.1	Basic Principles of Geometric Dimensioning and Tolerancing.	2						
5.2	Surface roughness – Indication of surface roughness on drawings.	1						
5.3	Reading and Interpretation of industrial drawings – Case study.	2						
	LAB EXAM	3						
	Total number of hours	38						
	Total number of nours	30						

LESSON PLAN FOR LAB COMPONENT

No.	Topic	No. of Hours	Experiment
1	Introduction to CAD packages and demonstration of part modeling	2	 Solidworks software for part modelling – Software familiarization Simple Part models with basic features
2	CAD modeling of machine components	4	 CAD Modelling of machine components – gears, keys, springs etc Customization with toolbox
3	Assembly Modelling	8	 Assembly modelling of – rod joints: cotter and knuckle joints. Assembly modelling of keys and shaft coupling: flanged coupling – shaft

			bearing: plummer block. (for class work only)
			3. Assembly modelling and detailing of – IC engine connecting rod, lathe tailstock. (for class work only)
4	Introduction to drafting package	2	Basic commands and development of 2d simple drawings
_	Machine drawing – Mechanical	_	1. Riveted joints, Welded joints
5	Components	4	2. Keys, Bolts & Nuts and Foundation bolts.
			Rod joints: cotter and knuckle joints
6	Assembly Drawings	8	Keys and shaft coupling: flanged coupling (for class work only)
			3. Shaft bearing: plummer block (for class work only).
7	Industrial drawings – Case study and Presentation	2	Presentation
8	Lab Exam	3	

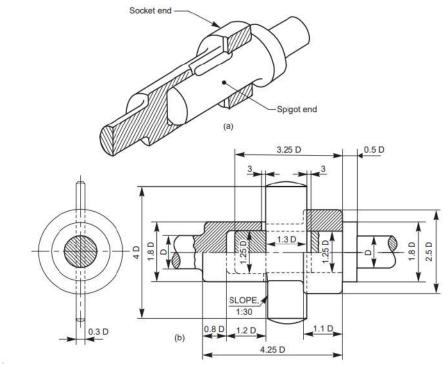
	CO Assessment Questions							
1	A Pair of molds (upper and lower molds – red) and the resulting product(blue) are shown below, where the details of lower mold and product are clearly visible from the figure. Analyse this figure and develop a possible solid model representing the upper mold. [Take appropriate dimensions].							



Develop the assembly model (3D) of plastic bottle having three components: main bottle body, a cap, a holder on bottle side/cap side. 2 The maximum height of the bottle is 30 mm. The diametral/diagonal length of the cross section of bottle, cap and their thickness are of your choice. Draw front, top and side views of a single riveted single strap butt joint in a suitable drafting software. Take dimensions of the plate as 10mm. 3 Develop the assembly model of the above problem in CAD software Draw any two assembled views (2D) of the Plummer block as per the details 4 given in the figure using any suitable CAD software. 102 220 (a) Plummer block detail 120 Ø20 Ø16 R20 Ø12 Ø 06 2450 (b) Plummer block detail

Sample question for Test 1

Create a 3D solid CAD model assembly of the socket and spigot joint shown in figure for a shaft diameter of 30 mm.



Sample question for Lab Exam

Draw the full sectional elevation and top view of a single rivetted lap joint for plates thickness of 10 mm, with chain riveting.

24CHT113	INTRODUCTION TO CHEMICAL	L	Т	P	J	S	C	Year of Introduction
	ENGINEERING	2	0	0	0	2	2	Introduction 2024

Preamble: This course offers a comprehensive overview of the evolution, essence, concepts, and functions of Chemical Engineering. Also, it discusses the career diversities in modern chemical engineering. The course is expected to enhance student's understanding and performance in the field and the development of profession worldwide.

Prere	quisite: Nil
Cours	e Outcomes: After the completion of the course the student will be able to:
CO1	Familiarize Chemical Engineering discipline and practices in process industries.
CO2	Perform Unit Conversions.
CO3	Distinguish different Unit Operations and Unit Processes.
CO4	Identify the safety and environmental aspects of Chemical Processes/Products.
COF	Outline career options and potential job functions of a Chemical Engineer.

CO - PO MAPPING

CO	P01	P02	P03	P04	P05	P06	P07	P08	P09	PO10	P011	PO12
CO1	✓											✓
CO2	✓	✓										
CO3	✓											
CO4						✓	✓			✓		
CO5												✓

Assessment Pattern

Bloom's Category	Continu	ous Assessm	ent Tools	End Semester
Diddin's dategory	Test 1	Test 2	Other tools	Examination
Remember	✓	✓	✓	
Understand	✓	✓	✓	
Apply	✓	✓	✓	
Analyse			✓	
Evaluate			✓	

Create			✓		
	Mark Di	stribution o	of CIA		
		7	Theory [L- T]	
Course Structure [L-T-P-J]	Attendance	Assignment	Test-1	Test-2	Total Marks
2-0-0-0	x	40	30	30	100

Total Mark distribution							
Total Marks	CIA (Marks)	ESE (Marks)	ESE Duration				
100	100	X	X				

SYLLABUS

MODULE I: Chemical Engineering – Definition, Historical Development, and Future (04 Hrs)

Definition of chemical engineering, historical perspective and contribution, Integration with other engineering disciplines.; Origin and development of Chemical process industry. Future roadmap of chemical engineering.

MODULE II: Fundamental Concepts of Stoichiometry (05 Hrs)

Units and dimensions, systems of units, conversion and conversion factors of units, the concept of mole, weight percent, mole percent, normality, molarity, and molality.

MODULE III: Concept of Unit Processes and Unit Operations (05 Hrs)

Concept of Unit Processes and Unit Operations: Description of different Unit Processes and Unit Operations, Batch processing, the transition from batch processing to continuous, Block diagram and process flow diagram of DCDA process for the manufacture of sulphuric acid.

MODULE IV: Process Safety and Environmental Engineering (05 Hrs)

Introduction to safety in chemical process industries – basic concepts, Case study: Bhopal gas tragedy. Introduction to Environmental Engineering – basic concepts, Typical wastewater, air, and solid waste management systems. Case study: Effect of Aerial

Spraying of Endosulfan on Residents of Kasaragod, Kerala. Challenges of Chemical Engineer.

MODULE V: Career Diversities in Chemical Engineering (05 Hrs)

Career Diversities in Chemical Engineering: Career Development Leading to Specialization, Chemical Engineering Job Titles/Options, Chemical and Process Engineer, Commissioning Engineer, Process Control/Automation Engineer, Process Safety Engineer, Research & Development Engineer, Pharmaceutical Process Engineer, Pipeline Engineer, Chemical Manufacturing Engineer, Environment Engineer.

Textbooks

- Pushpavanam, S., Introduction to Chemical Engineering, PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd.
- Uche P. Nnaji, Introduction to Chemical Engineering: For Chemical Engineers and Students, Scrivener Publishing, Wiley.

- Badger and Banchero, Introduction to Chemical Engineering, McGraw Hill.
- McCabe, W.L. Smith, J.C. and Harriott, P., Unit Operations in Chemical Engineering, McGraw Hill.

COURSE CONTENTS AND LECTURE SCHEDULE						
No.		No. of Hours				
	MODULE 1					
1.1	Definition of chemical engineering, historical perspective and contribution	1				
1.2	Integration with other engineering disciplines.	1				
1.3 Origin and development of chemical process industry.						
1.4	Future roadmap of chemical engineering	1				
	MODULE II					
2.1	Systems of units, conversion, and conversion factors of units	1				
2.2	Concept of mole, weight percent	1				
2.3	Concept of mole percent, normality	1				
2.4	Concepts of molarity, molality	1				
2.5	Concept of vapor pressure, partial pressure	1				
	MODULE III					
3.1	Concept of Unit Processes and Unit Operations	1				
3.2	Description of different Unit Processes and Unit Operations	1				

3.3	Batch processing, the transition from batch processing to continuous	1
3.4	Introduction to block diagram and process flow diagram	1
3.5	Block diagram and process flow diagram of DCDA process for the manufacture of sulphuric acid.	1
	MODULE IV	
4.1	Basic Concepts of Safety in chemical process industries	1
4.2	Case study: Bhopal gas tragedy.	1
4.3	Introduction to Environmental Engineering - basic concepts, Typical wastewater, air, and solid waste management systems.	1
4.4	Case study: Effect of Aerial Spraying of Endosulfan on Residents of Kasaragod, Kerala	1
4.5	Challenges of Chemical Engineer.	1
	MODULE V	
5.1	Career Diversities in Chemical Engineering: Career Development Leading to Specialization	1
5.2	Chemical Engineering Job Titles/Options, Chemical and Process Engineer	1
5.3	Commissioning Engineer, Process Control/Automation Engineer, Process Safety Engineer	1
5.4	Research & Development Engineer, Pharmaceutical Process Engineer, Pipeline Engineer.	1
5.5	Chemical Manufacturing Engineer, Environment Engineer.	1

CO Assessment Sample Questions						
1	List any five important chemical process industries. Enumerate their main products and end uses.					
2	A solution of caustic soda in water contains 20% NaOH by weight. The density of the solution is $1196~\rm kg/m^3$. Find the molarity and molality of the solution.					
3	Identify the unit operations and unit processes involved in the manufacture of Sulphuric acid.					
4	List the major causes of Bhopal gas tragedy.					
5	Identify the diverse areas in which a Chemical Engineer can work.					

24EST115	Introduction to Electrical and Electronics Engineering	L	Т	P	J	S	С	Year of Introduction
		2	0	0	0		2	2024

Preamble: To provide the students with a broad perspective of the field of Electrical and Electronics Engineering. The course is designed to empower the students in solving simple electrical circuits. The course facilitates the students to identify the elements in simple electrical installations.

Prerequisite: Nil

Course Outcomes: After the completion of the course the student will be able to

- **CO 1** Apply electrical laws to compute different circuit parameters. (Apply)
- **CO 2** Analyse simple A.C. electrical circuits (Analyse level)
- **CO 3** Analyse the three-phase system. (Analyse level)
- **CO 4** Identify the basic components for the electrical installation. (Understand)
- **CO 5** Identify the components in regulated DC power supply. (Understand)

	CO - PO MAPPING											
CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	P06	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO 1	3	3										
CO 2	3	3										
CO 3	3								1			
CO 4	3					1		1	1			
CO 5	3											

Assessment Pattern

	Continuou	s Assessme	End Semester	
Bloom's Category	Test 1 Test 2 Other tools			Examination
Remember	✓	✓	✓	✓
Understand	✓	✓	✓	✓
Apply	✓	✓	✓	✓
Analyse			✓	
Evaluate				
Create				

Mark Distribution of CIA

Course Structure	Attendance	Т	Total		
[L-T-P-J]		Assignment	Test-1	Test-2	Marks
2-0-0-0	5	35	30	30	100

Total Mark distribution								
Total Marks	Total Marks CIA (Marks) ESE (Marks) ESE Duration							
I Otal Maiks	CIA (Maiks)	Dob (Marks)	ESE Duration					
100	100							

SYLLABUS

MODULE I: Elementary concepts of electric circuits

Elementary concepts of DC electric circuits: Basic Terminology including voltage, current, power, resistance, emf; Resistances in series and parallel; Ohms Law and Kirchhoff's laws- Star-delta conversion (resistive networks only-derivation not required) – Problems

Elementary concepts of AC electric circuits: Generation of alternating voltages Representation of sinusoidal waveforms: frequency, period, Average, RMS values and form factor of waveforms - Numerical problems.

MODULE II: Analysis of Sinusoidal quantities

Representation of sinusoidal quantities & Analysis

Phasor representation of sinusoidal quantities. Rectangular, Polar and complex forms. Analysis of simple AC circuits: Purely resistive, inductive & capacitive circuits. Analysis of RL, RC and RLC series circuits. Calculation of reactance, impedance, power factor, real, reactive and apparent power - Numerical problems.

MODULE III: Three phase AC systems

Three phase AC systems: Generation of three phase voltages; Comparison between single phase and three phase systems, balanced star and delta connections, relation between line and phase voltages, line and phase currents - Numerical problems.

MODULE IV: Electrical Installations

Electrical Installation in Buildings - Main and distribution boards - Diagram Electric meter-basics, Panel board, MCB, RCCB, MCCB - working, uses, fuses-basics and types. Electrical Hazards, need of earthing, Safety & Precaution: Types, Causes. Safety & Precautions

Electrical wiring design - Electrical wiring system in domestic and light commercial buildings - Conduits, types of wiring, UG cables-basics, Accessories (Switches and Outlets, switch boards), Basic household wiring components - Symbols used in electrical wiring drawing layouts. Electrical Load calculation for a small residential building- Numerical problems.

MODULE V: Electronic circuits

Introduction to semiconductor devices: PN Junction diode: principle of operation, VI characteristics, principle of avalanche breakdown. Bipolar Junction Transistors: Principle of operation, input and output characteristics of common emitter configuration.

Basic electronic circuits: Rectifiers and power supplies: Block diagram description of a dc power supply, working of a full wave bridge rectifier, capacitor filter (no analysis), working of simple Zener voltage regulator. Stress and Strain measurement using transducers.

Text books

- 1. Hughes, Electrical Technology, Pearson, 10th Edition, 2011.
- 2. Fitzgerald and Higginbotham, Basic Electrical Engineering, McGraw Hill Inc, 1981.
- 3. D.P. Kothari and I. J. Nagrath, Basic Electrical Engineering, 3rd Edition, TMH, 2009
- 4. Basic Electrical Engineering, D. C. Kulshreshtha, McGraw-Hill Education, Revised first edition, 2019
- 5. K.B. Raina, S. K. Bhattacharya, "Electrical Design Estimation and Costing",

- New Age International Publishers, Reprint 2010, ISBN(10):81-224-0363-8; ISBN(13): 978-81-224-0363-3.
- 6. Electrical and Electronic Technology, Edward Hughes, Pearson, 12th edition, 2016

- 1. W. H. Hayt, Jr J. E. Kemmerly and S. M. Durbin, Engineering Circuit Analysis, 7th Edn TMH, 2010.
- 2. Electrical Engineering Fundamental, Vincent Del Toro, Prentice Hall, New Delhi.
- 3. Fundamentals of Electrical Engineering and Electronics, B.L. Theraja, S Chand and Company, Reprint Edition 2013.
- 4. Principles Electrical Engineering and Electronics, V.K Mehta, Rohit Mehta, S Chand and Company, 2nd edition, 2015.
- 5. M.S.Sukhija and T.K.Nagsarkar, Basic Electrical and Electronics Engineering, Oxford University Press, 2012.
- 6. Chinmoy Saha, Arindham Halder and Debarati Ganguly, Basic Electronics Principles and Applications, Cambridge University Press, 2018.
- 7. S. B. Lal Seksena and Kaustuv Dasgupta, "Fundamentals of Electrical Engineering", Cambridge University Press.
- 8. Anant Agarwal, Jeffrey Lang, Foundations of Analog and Digital Electronic Circuits, Morgan Kaufmann Publishers, 2005.

	COURCE COMMENTO AND LEGRUDE COLLEDIUE	
	COURSE CONTENTS AND LECTURE SCHEDULE	
		No. of
No.		Hours [23
		Hrs]
	MODULE 1	
1.1	Basic Terminology including voltage, current, power, resistance, emf; Resistances in series and parallel; Ohms Law and Kirchhoff's laws	1
1.2	Star-delta conversion (resistive networks only-derivation not required) – Problems	1
1.3	Elementary concepts of AC electric circuits: Generation of alternating voltages Representation of sinusoidal waveforms: Frequency, period,	1
1.4	Average, RMS values and form factor of waveforms-numerical problems	1
	MODULE II	
2.1	Representation of sinusoidal quantities & Analysis Phasor representation of sinusoidal quantities. Rectangular, Polar and complex forms	4
	•	1
2.2	Analysis of simple AC circuits: Purely resistive, inductive & capacitive circuits	1

2.3	Analysis of RL and RC Calculation of reactance, impedance, power factor, real, reactive and apparent power- numerical problems	1
2.4	RLC series circuits Calculation of reactance, impedance, power factor, real, reactive and apparent power- numerical problems	1
	MODULE III	
3.1	Three phase AC systems: Generation of three phase voltages; Comparison between single phase and three phase systems, balanced star and delta connections	1
3.2	Balanced star Relation between line and phase voltages, line and phase currents – numerical problems	1
3.3	Balanced delta connections, Relation between line and phase voltages, line and phase currents – numerical problems	1
	MODULE IV	
4.1	Electrical Installation in Buildings - Main and distribution boards – Diagram, Electric meter-basics	1
4.2	Panel board, MCB, RCCB, MCCB - working, uses, fuses-basics and types	1
4.3	Electrical Hazards, need of earthing, Safety & Precaution: Types, Causes. Safety & Precautions	1
4.4	Electrical wiring design - Electrical wiring system in domestic and light commercial buildings - Conduits, types of wiring, UG cables-basics, Accessories (Switches and Outlets, switch boards)	1
4.5	Basic household wiring components - Symbols used in electrical wiring drawing layouts	1
4.6	Electrical Load calculation for a small residential building (Numerical problems)	1
	MODULE V	
5.1	Introduction to Semiconductor devices: PN Junction diode: Principle of operation, V-I characteristics, principle of avalanche breakdown	1
5.2	Bipolar Junction Transistors: Principle of operation	1
5.3	Input and output characteristics of common emitter configuration	1
5.4	Basic electronic circuits: Rectifiers and power supplies: Block diagram description of a dc power supply	1

5.5	Working of a full wave bridge rectifier, capacitor filter (no analysis)	1
5.6	Working of simple Zener voltage regulator. Stress and Strain measurement using transducers	1

	CO Assessment Questions
CO1	Given two resistances, draw a circuit with both of them so as to draw minimum current. (Understand)
CO1	What is the shape of the electrical voltage waveform coming to your house? Draw the waveform with neat label. (Remember)
CO1	Solve problems applying Ohms law and Kirchhoff's Laws (Apply)
CO2	Simple AC circuits (Analyze)
CO3	Submit a report by identifying three cases where star and delta connected
003	three phase AC systems are used (Understand)
CO4	Make a video presentation on accidents due to improper earthing in electrical
CO4	installations. (Understand)
CO5	Why a transistor is called so? (Understand)
CO5	Why do you require a regulated power supply? (Understand)

24ESL116	SPACE PLANNING LAB	L	Т	P	J	S	C	Year of Introduction
		0	0	2	0	2	1	2024

Preamble:

This course aims to familiarise the students with the concept of scales, preparation of models, Kerala Building Rules related to the construction of residential building, utilization of space in rooms, orientation of buildings, civil engineering activities of plot measurement and setting out operation. Through these topics, students will gain an understanding of the techniques and tools required to create detailed and accurate models of residential buildings, become familiar with the building rules and its applications, learn about effective space planning, furniture arrangement, discover how to strategically position buildings to maximize their environmental benefits, and explore civil engineering activities related to plot measurement and setting out operations.

operat	tions.											
Prereq	uisite	: Nil										
Course	e Outc	omes:										
co	After	the co	mpletio	on of tl	ne cou	rse the	stude	nt will t	e able	e to		
CO 1	Apply	once	epts of	scales	in dra	wings	Apply	level]				
CO 2	-		rala B ndersta	•	_	es rela	ted to	the co	onstru	iction (of resid	lential
со з	Illust	rate th	e utiliz	zation (of spac	e in ro	oms [U	Indersta	and le	vel]		
CO 4	Cons	truct a	wall a	nd est	imate	the nu	mber o	f buildi	ng blo	cks [Ap	ply lev	el]
CO 5	Prepa level]		model	s of dif	ferent	solid s	hapes a	and 3D	mode	l of a bı	uilding	[Apply
CO 6	Perfo	rm are	a meas	sureme	ent of a	a plot a	nd set	out a b	uildin	ıg [Appl	ly level]	
,					CO -	PO MA	APPINC	à				
СО	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	P06	PO7	PO8	P09	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO 1	√	_	_	_	_			_	_	√	√	_

	CO-10 MAITING											
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CO 2	✓	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	✓	✓	-
CO 3	✓	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	✓	✓	-
CO 4	✓	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	✓	-	✓	-
CO 5	✓	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	✓	✓	✓	-
CO 6	✓	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	✓	-	✓	-

Continuous Assessment Tools									
Planer's Catagory	Continuous Assessment Tools								
Bloom's Category	Class work	Test1							
Remember									
Understand	✓	✓							
Apply	✓	✓							
Analyse	✓	✓							
Evaluate	✓								
Create	✓								

Mark Distribution of CIA									
Course Struct [L-T-P-J]	ure	Attendance	Class work	Lab Exam		Total Marks			
0-0-2-0		5	35	10		50			
		Total Mark	distribution						
Total Marks	CIA (I	Marks)	ESE (Marks)	ESE Dura		SE Duration			
50	50 50								

SYLLABUS- DETAILS OF EXPERIMENTS

Concepts of scales in drawings, plain and diagonal scales

Prepare the models of different solid shapes and draw sectional views of solids.

Kerala Building Rules related to residential building construction, required clearances, sizes of rooms, and the interrelationship between rooms based on KBR. Plinth area, carpet area, coverage, and FSI of a building.

Study of building components, plumbing, and sanitary fittings

Utilization of space in rooms, Furniture layout in any three types of rooms a) living room, b) Dining room, c) Bedroom

Construct a part of a wall with any type of masonry, using English bond / Flemish bond.

Calculate the number of different building blocks to construct a wall.

Factors governing the orientation of buildings and plan the orientation of a building according to these factors.

Calculation of the area of a small parcel of land using standard measuring tape and digital distance measuring devices

Set out a building in the field.

Prepare a plan of a building and create a 3D model showing all the components

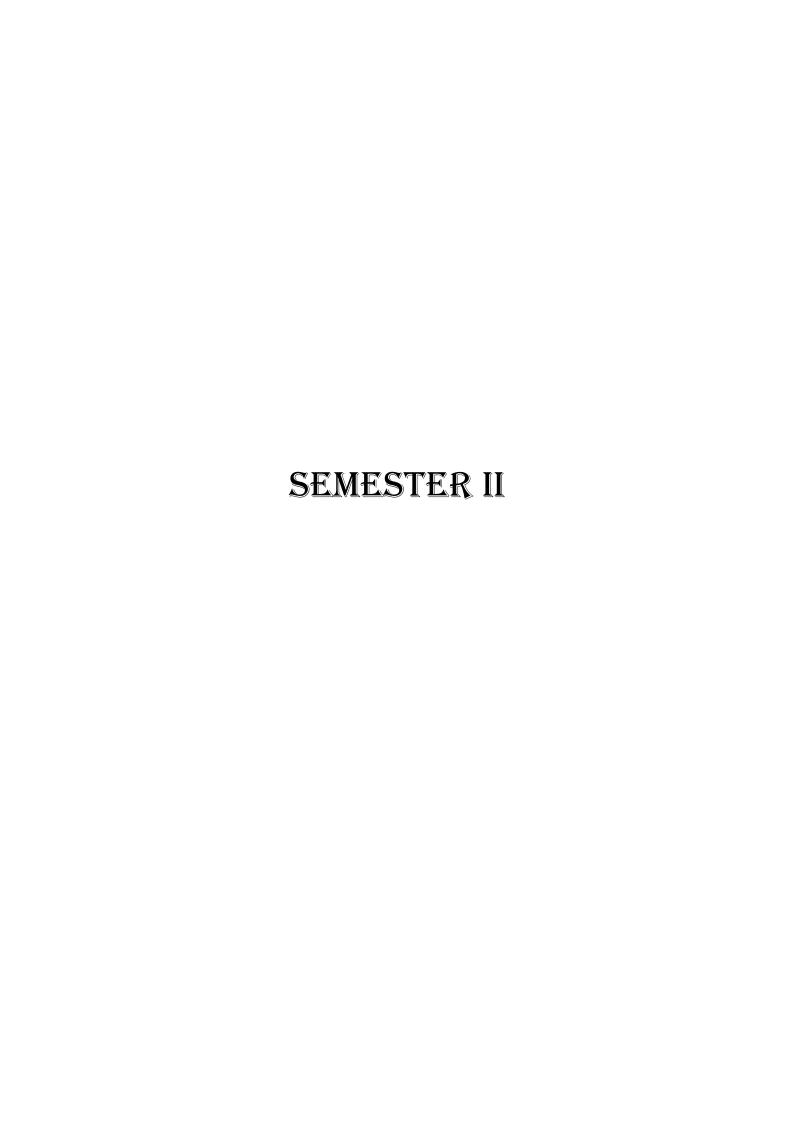
Text books

- 1. Engineering Drawing, N.D. Butt, Chariot Publications
- 2. Building Construction, B.C. Punmia, Laxmi Publications (p)ltd.
- 3. Civil Engineering Drawing and House planning, Verma B. P., 12th Edition, Khanna Publishers, New Delhi, 2018

Reference books

- 1. Engineering Graphics, PI Varghese, McGraw-Hill Publishers
- 2. Building construction, Arora and Bindra, Dhanpath Rai and Sons.
- 3. Civil Engineering Building practice, Suraj Singh: 12th Edition, CBS Publications, New Delhi, and Chennai, 2018
- 4. Engineering Drawing, P. S. Gill, S. K. Kataria & Sons
- 5. Manual of Tropical Housing and Building, Koenigsberger, Universities Press
- 6. IS SP 7-NBC: National Building Code of India 2016

	LIST OF EXPERIMENTS
1	Prepare plain scales for different Representative fractions. Draw the view of different objects (books, shelves, benches, etc.) adopting appropriate scales.
2	Prepare the models of different solid shapes and draw sectional views of solids.
3	Draw a plan of a building showing required clearances, sizes of rooms, and the interrelationship between rooms based on KBR. Calculate the plinth area, carpet area, coverage, and FSI of a building.
4	Draw a plan, elevation, and section of building components
5	Market study on available materials for plumbing and sanitary fittings
6	Draw a plan showing the furniture layout in any three types of rooms a) living room, b) Dining room, c) Bedroom
7	(a) Construct a part of a wall with any type of masonry. Construct a brick wall of 50 cm height and 60 cm length using English bond/ Flemish bond. Use spirit level to assess the tilt of walls. (b) Estimate the number of different types of building blocks to construct this wall.
8	Identify the factors governing the orientation of buildings and plan the orientation of a building according to these factors.
9	(a) Calculate the area of a small parcel of land- Use standard measuring tape and digital distance measuring devices. (b) Set out a building in the field.
10	Develop a plan of a building from the given line sketch and create a 3D model showing all the components



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CO 5	_	rse and	l solve	one-di	mensi	onal wa	ave eq	uatio	n a:	nd I	hea	at e	qua	ation (A	nalyse
CO 5	Analy level)	se and	l solve	one-di		onal wa			n a:	nd I	hea	at e	qua	ation (A	nalyse
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	level)				CO -	PO MA	APPIN(G	8)9			`	-
CO	level)	PO2			CO - PO5	PO MA	APPIN(G PC	8	PC) 9			`	PO12
CO CO 1	PO1	PO2 ✓			CO - PO5 ✓	PO MA	APPIN(G PC)8	PC)9			`	PO12 ✓
CO 1 CO 2	PO1	PO2 ✓			CO - PO5	PO MA	APPIN(G PC)8	PC)9			`	PO12 ✓
CO CO 1 CO 2 CO 3	PO1 ✓ ✓	PO2 ✓ ✓			CO - PO5 ✓	PO MA	APPIN(G PC)8	PC)9			`	PO12 ✓ ✓
CO CO 1 CO 2 CO 3 CO 4	PO1 ✓ ✓	PO2 ✓ ✓ ✓	PO3	PO4	CO - PO5 ✓ ✓ ✓	PO MA	APPING PO7	G PC	08	PC)9	PO		`	PO12
CO CO 1 CO 2 CO 3 CO 4	PO1 ✓ ✓	PO2 ✓ ✓ ✓	PO3	PO4	CO - PO5 ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ Patto	PO MA	APPING PO7	G PO)8	PC)9	PO	10	PO11	PO12 ✓ ✓ ✓
CO CO 1 CO 2 CO 3 CO 4	PO1 ✓ ✓ ✓	PO2 ✓ ✓ ✓	PO3	PO4	CO - PO5 ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ Patto	PO MAPO	APPING PO7	G PO	mp	PC)9	PO En	10 d \$	PO11	PO12
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CO CO 1 CO 2 CO 3 CO 4 CO 5 Block Remer Under Apply Analys	PO1 V V Om's (mber estand see ate	PO2 ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ Category	PO3	PO4 ssment Conti	CO - PO5	PO MAP	Theorem t 2	G PO V V V ry co t Too	mp ols er	PC)9	PO En	10 d \$	PO11 Semest	PO12

	Continuous Assessment Tools					
Bloom's Category	Class work	Test1				
Remember	✓	✓				
Understand	✓	✓				
Apply	✓	✓				

Analyse	
Evaluate	
Create	

Mark Distribution of CIA

		Tł	neory [L-	T]	Practio		
Course Structure [L-T-P-J]	Attendance	Assignment	Test-1	Test-2	Class work	Lab Exam	Total Marks
3-1-2-0	5	10	12.5	12.5	10	10	60

Total Marks distribution

Total Marks	CIA (Marks)	ESE (Marks)	ESE Duration
100	60	40	2.5 hours

End Semester Examination [ESE]: Pattern

PATTERN	PART A	PART B	ESE Marks
PATTERN 2		2 questions will be given from each module, out of which 1 question should be answered. Each question can have a maximum of 2 sub divisions. Each question carries 8 marks. Marks: (5x 8 = 40 marks) Time: 2.5 hours	40
	Total Marks: 0	Total Marks: [5x8 = 40 marks]	

SYLLABUS

MODULE I : (Ordinary differential equations)

Homogenous linear differential equation of second order, superposition principle, general solution, homogenous linear ODEs with constant coefficients-general solution. Solution of Euler-Cauchy equations (second order homogeneous only). Nonhomogenous linear ODEs-general solution, solution by the method of undetermined coefficients (for the right-hand side of forms x^n , e^{kx} , sinax, cosax, $e^{ax}sinax$, $e^{ax}cosax$ and their linear combinations), method of variation of parameters. Solution of higher order equations-homogeneous linear ODE with constant coefficients.

MODULE II : (Laplace transforms)

Laplace Transform and its inverse, Existence theorem (without proof), linearity, Laplace transform of basic functions, first shifting theorem, Laplace transform of derivatives and integrals, solution of differential equations using Laplace transform,

Unit step function, Second shifting theorem. Convolution theorem (without proof) and its application to finding inverse Laplace transform of products of functions.

MODULE III: (Fourier Series and Transforms)

Taylor series (without proof, assuming the possibility of power series expansion in appropriate domains), Fourier series, Euler formulas, Convergence of Fourier series (without proof), half range sine and cosine series. Fourier integral representation, Fourier sine, and cosine integrals. Fourier sine and cosine transforms, inverse sine and cosine transform. Fourier transforms and inverse Fourier transform, basic properties.

MODULE IV: (Partial Differential Equations)

Partial differential equations, Formation of partial differential equations –elimination of arbitrary constants-elimination of arbitrary functions, Solutions of partial differential equations, Equations solvable by direct integration, Linear equations of the first order- Lagrange's linear equation, Solution of equation by the method of separation of variables.

MODULE V: (Applications of Partial Differential Equations)

One-dimensional wave equation- vibrations of a stretched string, derivation, solution of the wave equation using method of separation of variables, One-dimensional heat equation, derivation, solution of the heat equation.

Text books

- 1. H. Anton, I. Biven S.Davis, "Calculus", Wiley, 10th edition, 2015.
- 2. Erwin Kreyszig, "Advanced Engineering Mathematics", Wiley, 10th edition, 2015.
- 3. B.S. Grewal, Higher Engineering Mathematics, Khanna Publishers, 44th Edition, 2018

Reference

- 1. J. Stewart, Essential Calculus, Cengage, 2nd edition, 2017
- 2. G.B. Thomas and R.L. Finney, Calculus and Analytic geometry, 9 th Edition, Pearson, Reprint, 2002.
- 3. Peter O Neil, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, 7th Edition, Thomson, 2007.
- 4. Louis C Barret, C Ray Wylie, "Advanced Engineering Mathematics", Tata McGraw Hill, 6th edition, 2003.
- 5. Veerarajan T, "Engineering Mathematics for first-year", Tata McGraw Hill, 2008.
- 6. Srimanta Pal, Subodh C. Bhunia, "Engineering Mathematics", Oxford University Press, 2015.
- 7. Ronald N. Bracewell, "The Fourier Transform and its Applications", McGraw Hill International Editions, 2000.
- 8. Prof. Sivaji Ganesh, Partial Differential Equations, IIT Bombay, [NPTEL] https://nptel.ac.in/courses/111101153 (Relevant sections).

9. Prof. Haynes Miller, Prof. Arthur Mattuck, Differential Equations [MITOPENCOURSEWARE] https://ocw.mit.edu/courses/18-03-differential-equations-spring-2010/download/ (Relevant sections).

COLIDGE COMMENTO AND LEGITIES COLIEDIUS									
	COURSE CONTENTS AND LECTURE SCHEDULE								
No.		No. of Hours							
MODULE 1									
1.1	Homogenous linear equation of second order, Superposition principle, general solution.	1							
1.2	Homogenous linear ODEs of second order with constant coefficients.	1							
1.3	Homogenous linear ODEs of second order with constant coefficients (Continued).	1							
1.4	Second order Euler-Cauchy equation.	1							
1.5	Non-homogenous linear differential equations of second order with constant coefficient-solution by undetermined coefficients.	1							
1.6	Non-homogenous linear differential equations of second order with constant coefficient-solution by undetermined coefficients (Continued).								
1.7	Variation of parameters.	1							
1.8	Higher-order equations with constant coefficients.	1							
1.9	Higher-order equations with constant coefficients (Continued).	1							
	MODULE II								
2.1	Laplace Transform, inverse Transform, Linearity	1							
2.2	First shifting theorem, transform of basic functions	1							
2.3	Transform of derivatives and integrals	1							
2.4	Solution of Differential equations, Initial value problems by Laplace transform method.	1							
2.5	Solution of Differential equations, Initial value problems by Laplace transform method (Continued).	1							
2.6	Unit step function Second shifting theorem	1							
2.7	Unit step function Second shifting theorem (Continued)	1							
2.8	Convolution and related problems.	1							
	MODULE III								
3.1	Taylor series, Fourier series, Euler formulas.								
3.2	Fourier series, Euler formulas (Continued).								
3.3	Convergence of Fourier series (Dirichlet's conditions).								
3.4	Half-range sine and cosine series.								
3.5	Half-range cosine series.	1							
3.6	Fourier Cosine integrals	1							
3.7	Fourier Sine integrals.	1							

3.8	Fourier cosine transform	1							
3.9	Fourier sine transform	1							
3.10	Fourier transforms and its inverse transforms, basic properties.	1							
	MODULE IV								
4.1	Partial differential equations, Formation of partial differential equations –elimination of arbitrary constants.								
4.2	Formation of partial differential equations —elimination of arbitrary functions								
4.3	Solutions of partial differential equations, Equations solvable by direct integration,								
4.4	Linear equations of the first order- Lagrange's linear equation	1							
4.5	Linear equations of the first order- Lagrange's linear equation(continued)	1							
4.6	Linear equations of the first order- Lagrange's linear equation(continued)	1							
4.7	Boundary value problems, Method of separation of variables.								
4.8	Boundary value problems, Method of separation of variables (Continued).								
	MODULE V								
5.1	One-dimensional wave equation- vibrations of a stretched string, derivation 1								
5.2	Solution of wave equation using the method of separation of variables.	1							
5.3	Solution of wave equation using the method of separation of variables.								
5.4	Fourier series solution of boundary value problems involving wave equation.	1							
5.5	Fourier series solution of boundary value problems involving wave equation.								
5.6	One dimensional heat equation, derivation.								
5.7	Solution of the heat equation, using the method of separation of variables.								
5.8	Solution of the heat equation, using the method of separation of Variables (Continued).								
5.9	Fourier series solutions of boundary value problems involving heat equation	1							
5.10	Fourier series solutions of boundary value problems involving heat equation (Continued).	1							

LESSON PLAN FOR LAB COMPONENT (Using Python Programming)

No.	Topic	No. of Hours	Experiment
1.	Calculus	4	Basic mathematical operations, Integration, and differentiation of functions,
2.	Linear Algebra	4	Basic matrix operations, solving system of linear equations, finding eigenvalues and eigenvectors
3.	Ordinary Differential Equations	4	Solving Ordinary differential equations.
4.	Laplace Transform	4	Evaluating Laplace transform and inverse transform. Solving ODE using Laplace transforms
5.	Fourier Series	2	Evaluating Fourier series of different functions. Graphical representation of Fourier series.
6.	Fourier Transform	2	Evaluating Fourier transforms and inverse Fourier transforms

CO Assessment Questions

- 1. Solve y'' y = 0 for the initial conditions y(0) = 1, y'(0) = -1. Then change the initial conditions to y(0) = 1.001, y'(0) = -0.999 and explain why this small change of 0.001 causes a larger change later. Sketch the graph of the solution in both cases using any Mathematical software and comment.
- 2. Find the current I(t) in an RLC-circuit with $R=11\Omega$ (ohms), L=0.1H (henry), $C=10^{-2}$ F (farad), which is connected to a source of EMF $E(t)=110\sin{(60\cdot 2\pi t)}=110\sin{377t}$ (hence 60 Hz = 60cycles/sec, the usual in the U.S. and Canada; in Europe it would be 220 V and 50 Hz). Assume that current and capacitor charge are 0 when t=0.
- 3. Solve the differential equation of $y''' 3y'' + 3y' y = e^x x 1$.
- 4. **Team Work:** A 10-kg mass is attached to a spring having a spring constant of 140 N m. The mass is started in motion from the equilibrium position with an initial velocity of 1 m sec in the upward direction and with an applied external force given by sin t (in newtons). The mass is in a viscous medium with a coefficient of resistance equal to 90 N-sec m. Formulate an initial value problem that models the given system; solve the model and interpret the results. Also include Python code for solving ODE. Prepare a short report on the problem

1

	highlighting the observations you made and interpretation of the results.
2	 Using convolution, determine the response of the damped mass-spring system modeled by y" + 3y' + 2y = r(t), r(t) = 1 if 1 < t < 2 and 0 otherwise, y(0) = y'(0) = 0. Solve differential equation 9y" + 6y' + y = 0, y(0) = 3, y'(0) = 1 using Laplace transforms. Use any mathematical software find the solution and compare the solutions. Team Work: Find at least two applications of Laplace transforms in
	the engineering domain. Prepare a short report and a presentation of the same.
	 Find Fourier cosine transform and sine transform of any function. Write a short report on ways of obtaining these transforms, with illustrations by examples of your own. Find the Fourier integral representation of function defined by f(x) = e^{-x} for x > 0 and f(x) = 0 for x < 0.
3	3. Team Work: Find the Fourier series of the function obtained by passing the voltage $v(t) = V_0 \cos 100\pi t$ through a half-wave rectifier that clips the negative half-waves.
	(a) Write a program for obtaining partial sum of the Fourier series so obtained.(b) Choose the first 5 or more partial sums until they approximate the given function reasonably well. Compare and comment.
	1. Solve the Lagrange linear equation $3z = xp + yq$ and Sketch the graph of the solution using any Mathematical software.
4	2. Find a partial differential equation of all spheres with fixed radius whose centers lie on the xy plane.
	3. Team Work: Identify an application-oriented problem using partial differential equations from your domain and its solution. Give a PPT illustrating the relevance of the problem
5	 A tightly stretched violin string of length L and fixed at both ends is plucked at x = ½ and assumes initially the shape of a triangle of height h. Find the displacement function u(x,t) at any distance x and at any time t after the strix is released from rest. Draw the graph of u(x,t) using any mathematical software. Find the temperature u(x,t) in a laterally insulated copper bar 80 cm long if the initial temperature is 100sin (πx/80)°C and the ends are kept at 0°C. How long will it take for the maximum temperature in the bar to drop to 50°C? First guess, then calculate. Physical data for copper: density 8.92 g/cm³, specific heat 0.092cal/(g°C), thermal conductivity 0.95cal/(cmsec°C). Team Work: Identify any two applications of heat and wave equations in engineering domain. Prepare a report and make a short video presentation.

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PATTERN 2			1 1 1	2 questions will be given from each module, out of which 1 question should be answered. Each question can have a maximum of 2 sub divisions. Each question carries 8 marks. Marks: (5x 8 = 40						40		
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Total Marks:[5x8 = 40 marks]

Total Marks: 0

SYLLABUS

MODULE I: Oscillations and Wave Motion (7 hours)

Simple harmonic motion, damped and forced simple harmonic oscillator

Damped harmonic oscillator: derivation of equation of motion and its solution, under damped oscillators; energy decay in damped harmonic oscillator, Quality factor (qualitative)- Forced harmonic oscillator: equation of motion and its solution (No derivation), Amplitude resonance - Electrical analogy of mechanical oscillators - Numerical problems.

Transverse waves in one dimension

Transverse and Longitudinal waves - Transverse waves on a stretched string; the wave equation on a string, derivation for the velocity and frequency of transverse vibrations on a stretched string- Numerical problems.

MODULE II: Wave Optics (7 hours)

Interference of light by amplitude splitting

Interference of reflected light in thin films; Interference in thin films (Cosine law); Derivation of the conditions of constructive and destructive Interference - Air Wedge; Determination of thickness of a thin wire - Antireflection coatings - Numerical problems.

Diffraction of light

Fresnel and Fraunhofer classes of diffraction - Diffraction grating -Grating equation - Rayleigh's criterion for limit of resolution - Resolving power of a grating with expression (no derivation), Comparison of interference and diffraction - Numerical problems.

MODULE III: Quantum Mechanics and Nanophysics for Engineers (8 hours)

Wave nature of particles and the Schrodinger equation

Wave-Particle dualism; de Broglie hypothesis, de-Broglie wavelength – Wave function; Admissibility conditions, Physical significance, Probability density, Normalization condition - Time dependent Schrödinger wave equation - Time independent Schrödinger wave equation

Applying the Schrodinger equation-

Particle in a one-dimensional box; Energy Eigen values and normalized wave function - Numerical problems.

Nanophysics

Quantum confinement in one dimension, two dimensions and three dimensions-Quantum well, Quantum wires and Quantum dots, Properties of

nanomaterials-mechanical, electrical and optical, Applications of nanotehroby in Industry. (Qualitative ideas)

MODULE IV: Introduction to Electromagnetic Theory (7 hours)

Physics of gradient, divergence and curl – Gauss's divergence theorem and Stoke's theorem- Equation of continuity, Deduction of Maxwell's equations in vacuum - Electromagnetic waves: Electromagnetic wave equation in free space, velocity of Electromagnetic waves in free space,

Poynting's theorem (Qualitative)- Numerical problems.

MODULE V: Laser & Acoustics (7 hours)

Laser -Properties of laser - Absorption and Emission of radiation - Spontaneous and Stimulated emission of radiation - population inversion - metastable states

- Basic components of laser; active medium, pumping mechanism, optical resonant cavity - Construction and working of Ruby laser - Applications of lasers in Engineering (qualitative ideas).

Acoustics - Characteristics of Sound-Pitch or frequency-Loudness or Intensity- Quality or timbre, Absorption coefficient, Reverberation & Echo - Reverberation time - Sabine's formula (no derivation), Factors affecting architectural acoustics and their remedies.

Text books

- 1. M.N.Avadhanulu, P.G.Kshirsagar, TVS Arun Murthy "A Text book of Engineering Physics", S.Chand & Co., Revised Edition 2019.
- 2. H.K.Malik, A.K. Singh, "Engineering Physics" McGraw Hill Education, Second Edition 2017

Reference books

- 1. Arthur Beiser, "Concepts of Modern Physics", Tata McGraw Hill Publications, 6th Edition 2003.
- 2. D.K. Bhattacharya, Poonam Tandon, "Engineerin Physics", OxfordUniversity Press, 2015.
- 3. Md. N.Khan & S. Panigrahi "Principles of Engineering Physics 1&2" Cambridge University Press, 2016.
- 4. Aruldhas G., "Engineering Physics", PHI Pvt. Ltd., 2015.
- 5. Ajoy Ghatak, "Optics", Mc Graw Hill Education, Sixth Edition, 2017.
- 6. T. Pradeep, "Nano:The Essentials", McGraw Hill India Ltd, 2007.
- 7. Premlet B., "Advanced Engineering Physics", Phasor Books, 11 th edition, 2021.
- 8. I. Dominic and. A. Nahari, "A Text Book of Engineering physics", Owl Books Publishers, Revised edition, 2016.
- 9. H.D Young and R.A Freedman, University Physics with Modern Physics 2020, 15th Edition, Pearson, USA.
- 10.Griffiths "Introduction to Electrodynamics" 4th Edition, Pearson.

No. Simple harmonic motion, damped and forced simple harmonic oscillator. Damped harmonic oscillator: derivation of equation of motion and its solution, under damped oscillators; energy decay in damped harmonic oscillator, 1.1 COURSE CONTENTS AND LECTURE SCHEDULE No. of Hours[36] 1.2 Hours[36] 1.3 Hours[36] No. of Hours[36] Hours[36]

1.2 Quality factor (qualitative), Numerical problems. 1.3 Forced harmonic oscillator: equation of motion and its solution (No derivation). 1.4 Amplitude resonance, Numerical problems. 1.5 Electrical problems. Analogy of mechanical oscillators-Numerical problems Transverse waves in one dimension Transverse waves in one dimension Transverse and Longitudinal waves - Transverse waves on a stretched string; the wave equation on a string, derivation for the velocity and frequency of transverse vibrations on a stretched string. 1.7 Numerical problems. 1.8 MODULE II Wave Optics (7 hours) Interference of light by amplitude splitting 1.9 Interference of reflected light in thin films; Interference in thinfilms (Cosine law). 2.1 Derivation of the conditions of constructive and destructive Interference, Numerical problems. 2.2 Air Wedge; Determination of thickness of a thin wire. 2.3 Air Wedge; Determination of thickness of a thin wire. 2.4 Antireflection coatings - Numerical problems. 1 Diffraction of light 2.5 Fresnel and Fraunhofer classes of diffraction - Diffraction grating-Grating equation. 2.6 Rayleigh's criterion for limit of resolution - Resolving power of a grating with expression (no derivation). 2.7 Comparison of interference and diffraction - Numerical problems. MODULE III Quantum Mechanics and Nanophysics for Engineers (8 hours) Wave nature of particles and the Schrodinger equation are dimension, the dimensional box; Energy Eigen values and normalized wave function. 3.1 Time dependent Schrödinger wave equation. 1 Time independent Schrödinger wave equation. 3.2 Applying the Schrodinger equation. 3.3 Time dependent Schrödinger wave equation. 3.4 Time independent Schrödinger wave equation. 3.5 Applying the Schrodinger equation. 3.6 Numerical problems. 1 Nanophysics: Quantum confinement in one dimension, two dimensions and three dimensions-Quantum well, and the problems of the p								
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dimensional box; Energy Eigen values and normalized wave function. 3.6 Numerical problems. Nanophysics: Quantum confinement in one dimension, two dimensions and three dimensions-Quantum well,	3.4	Time independent Schrödinger wave equation.						
Nanophysics: Quantum confinement in one dimension, two dimensions and three dimensions-Quantum well,	3.5	dimensionalbox; Energy Eigen values and normalized wave						
two dimensions and three dimensions-Quantum well,	3.6	Numerical problems.	1					
5.1 Quantum wires and Quantum dots.	3.7							

3.8	Properties of nanomaterials-mechanical, electrical and optical, Applications of nanotechnology in Industry. (Qualitative ideas)	1							
	MODULE IV								
	Introduction to Electromagnetic Theory (7 hours)								
4.1	Physics of gradient, divergence and curl, Numerical problems.	1							
4.2	Gauss's divergence theorem and Stoke's theorem, Equation of continuity.	1							
4.3	Deduction of Maxwell's equations in vacuum (first two equations)	1							
4.4	Deduction of Maxwell's equations in vacuum (third and fourth equations)	1							
4.5	Electromagnetic waves: Electromagnetic wave equation in free space.	1							
4.6	Velocity of Electromagnetic waves in free space, Numerical problems.	1							
4.7	Poynting's theorem (Qualitative) - Numerical problems.	1							
	MODULE V								
	Laser & Acoustics (7 hours)								
5.1	Laser -Properties of laser - Absorption and Emission of radiation - Spontaneous and Stimulated emission of radiation - population inversion - metastable states -	1							
5.2	Basic components of laser; active medium, pumping mechanism, optical resonant cavity.	1							
5.3	Construction and working of Ruby laser.	1							
5.4	Applications of lasers in Engineering (qualitative ideas).	1							
5.5	Acoustics-Characteristics of Sound-Pitch or frequency- Loudness or Intensity - Quality or timbre	1							
5.6	Absorption coefficient, Reverberation & Echo - Reverberation time- Sabine's formula (no derivation), Numerical problems	1							
5.7	Factors affecting architectural acoustics and their remedies.	1							

LESSON PLAN FOR LAB COMPONENT

No.	Topic	No. of Hours	Experiment
1	Oscillations	4	 Resonance phenomenon in mechanical oscillators. LCR Circuit – Forced and damped
			harmonic oscillations.
2	Waves	4	1. Melde's string apparatus- Measurement of frequency in the transverse mode.
			2. Melde's string apparatus-

			Measurement of frequency in the longitudinal mode.						
3	Interference	4	 Wave length measurement of a monochromatic source of light using Newton's Rings method. Determination of diameter of a thin wire or thickness of a thin strip of paper using air wedge method. 						
4	Diffraction	4	 Determination of resolving power of a plane transmission grating. Determination of the wavelength of a laser using diffraction grating. 						
5	Quantum Mechanics	4	 Determination of the particle size of lycopodium powder. Numerical demonstration of the discrete energy levels and wavefunctions using Schrodinger equation. (e.g., Particle in a box problem) 						
6	Electromagnetic Theory	4	 Determine the characteristics of EM waves using Hertz experiment. Determination of Numerical aperture of optic fiber using Laser. 						
7	Lasers	4	 Determination of the wavelength of any standard laser using diffraction grating. Determination of Numerical aperture of an optic fiber using Laser. 						
(Ar	(Any 6 experiments to be completed)								

	CO Assessment Questions
	1) Compute the frequency and Quality factor for an LCR circuit with
	L = 2mH, C = $5\mu F$ and R = 0.2Ω .
1	2) Frame any five numerical problems on oscillations with
	different difficulty levels and solve them.
	3) Identify the applications of the theory of oscillations in the field
	of engineering and prepare a Power Point presentation on any
	one system which failed in applying the theory of damped or
	forced oscillation. (Eg: Failed due to damping, resonance etc.)
	4) Determine experimentally the characteristics of an LCR oscillator.

1) Light of wavelength 6000A ^o falls normally on a wedge-shaped film. The two plates touch at one and are separated at 10 cm from that end by a wire. If the bandwidth of interference pattern is 0.05mm, find the diameter of the wire.
2) Design any three numerical problems on Interference and implement these using any one programming language and submit the source code and output.
3) Write a brief report on the limitations of any one optical instrument used in engineering systems.
4) Determine the wavelength of a laser source using diffraction grating.
1) Apply the appropriate Schrodinger equation and compute the first three energy eigen values and wave functions of a particle trapped inside a well.
2) Make a video demonstrating any one Engineering System in which classical physics failed to give a perfect design and was designed with the aid of Quantum Mechanics.
1) Determine the velocity of Electromagnetic waves in free space using Maxwell's equations.
2) Create a quiz based on numerical problems from electromagnetic theory using an appropriate tool.
 Determine the wavelength of a standard laser source using diffraction grating arrangement. Determine experimentally the NA of an optic fibre cable.

24ESF	204	I				NG ANI)	L	Т	P	J	S	С		ar of luction
_ 1201 201			PF	ROGRA	AMMI	NG		3	0	2	0	5	4	20	24
Prean	ıble:	This	course	ena	bles	student	s to	acq	uir	e j	pro	bler	n	solving	g and
progra	ammir	ng skill	s to so	lve co	mputa	ational	probler	ns.	Thi	is c	oui	se	cov	ers Ba	sics of
_						Prograr	_				•				-
	•					his cou		-			ne	rs to	o tl	hink log	gically,
			nd crea	tively	to solv	ve real v	world p	rob	lem	s.					
Prereq	uisite	: Nil													
Course	Outc	omes:	After t	he con	npletio	on of th	e cours	se th	ie s	tud	en	t wil	1 b	e able t	:o
CO 1	Form	ulate s	simple	algorit	hms/	flowcha	rts for	ari	hm	etio	a	nd 1	log	ical pro	blems
	using	g appro	priate	tools.[Apply	level]									
CO 2	Imple	ement o	conditio	onal b	ranchi	ing, iter	ation a	nd:	reci	ursi	on	.[Ur	ıde	rstand	level]
CO 3	Use a	arrays,	pointe	rs and	l stru	ctures	o form	ula	te a	algo	ritl	nms	ar	nd impl	lement
	progr	programs.[Understand level]													
CO 4	Deco	mpose	a probl	lem int	to fund	ctions a	nd syn	thes	size	a c	om	plet	ер	rogram	using
	divid	e and c	conque	appr	oach.[Unders	tand le	vel]							
CO 5	Deve:	lop rea	adable	C pr	ogram	is with	files	for	rea	adir	ıg	inp	ut	and s	storing
	outp	at.[Und	lerstan	d level	l]										
CO 6	Test	and	execu	te th	e pro	grams	by o	corr	ecti	ng	S	ynta	ιx	and	logical
	error	s.[Und	erstand	l level]											
					CO -	PO MA	PPING	ř							
CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	P06	PO7	PC	8(PC)9	PO	10	PO11	PO12
CO 1	✓	✓			✓			٧							✓
CO 2	✓	✓						٧	/						✓
со з	✓	✓						٧	/						✓
CO 4	✓	✓						٧	/						✓
									,	_					
CO 5	✓	✓						٧							✓

Assessment Pattern for Theory component

	Continuou	s Assessme	End Semester	
Bloom's Category	Test1	Test 2	Other tools	Examination
Remember	✓	✓	✓	✓
Understand	✓	✓	✓	✓
Apply	✓	✓	✓	✓
Analyse			✓	
Evaluate				
Create				

Assessment Pattern for Lab component						
Places a Cotogos	Continuous Assessment Tools					
Bloom's Category	Class work	Test1				
Remember						
Understand	✓	✓				
Apply	√	✓				
Analyse	√	✓				
Evaluate	✓					
Create	✓					
Mark D	istribution of CIA					

	ø	Theo	ry [L- T]		Practio	:a1 [P]		
Course Structure [L-T-P-J]	Attendance	Assignment	Test-1	Test-2	Class work	Lab Exam	Total Marks	
3-0-2-0	5	15	12.5	12.5	10	10	60	

Total Marks distribution					
Total Marks CIA (Marks) ESE (Marks) ESE Duration					
100	60	40	2.5 Hours		

End Semester Examination [ESE]: Pattern

PATTERN	PART A	PART B	ESE Marks
PATTERN 2		2 questions will be given from each module, out of which 1 question should be answered. Each question can have a maximum of 2 sub divisions. Each question carries 8 marks. Marks: (5x 8 = 40 marks) Time: 2.5 hours	40
	Total Marks: 0	Total Marks: [5x8 = 40 marks]	

SYLLABUS

MODULE I: Basics of Computer Hardware and Software (7 hours)

Basics of Computer Architecture: Processor, Memory, Input& Output devices. Application Software & System software: Compilers, interpreters, High level and low level languages, Introduction to structured approach to programming, Flow chart, Algorithms, Pseudo code (bubble sort, linear search - algorithms and pseudocode).

MODULE II : Program Basics (8 hours)

Basic structure of C program: Character set, Tokens, Identifiers in C, Variables and Data Types, Constants, Console IO Operations, printf and scanf. Operators

and Expressions: Expressions and Arithmetic Operators, Relational and Logical Operators, Conditional operator, size of operator, Assignment operators and Bitwise Operators, Operators Precedence. Control Flow Statements: If Statement, Switch Statement, Unconditional Branching using goto statement, While Loop, Do While Loop, For Loop, Break and Continue statements. (Simple programs covering control flow).

MODULE III: Arrays and strings (7 hours)

Arrays Declaration and Initialization, 1-Dimensional Array, 2-Dimensional Array. String processing: In built String handling functions (strlen, strcpy, strcat and strcmp, puts, gets). Linear search program, bubble sort program, simple programs covering arrays and strings.

MODULE IV: Working with functions (7 hours)

Introduction to modular programming, writing functions, formal parameters, actual parameters, Pass by Value, Recursion, Arrays as Function Parameters structure, union, Storage Classes, Scope and life time of variables, simple programs using functions.

MODULE V: Pointers and Files (7 hours)

Basics of Pointer: Declaring pointers, accessing data though pointers, NULL pointer, array access using pointers, pass by reference effect. File Operations: open, close, read, write, append. Sequential access and random access to files: In built file handling functions (rewind() ,fseek(), ftell(), feof(), fread(), fwrite()), simple programs covering pointers and files.

Text books

- 1. Schaum's Outline of Programming with C, Byron Gottfried, Jitender Chhabra Tata McGraw Hill, 2005.
- 2. Programming in ANSI C, E. Balagurusamy, Mcgraw Hill, 2019.
- 3. Programming in C, Asok N Kamthane, Pearson Education, 2015.
- 4. Computer Fundamentals, Anita Goel, Pearson Education.

References

- 1. Computer fundamentals and Programming in C, Anita Goel and Ajay Mittal, Pearson Education, 2016.
- 2. The C Programming Language, Brian W. Kernighan and Dennis M. Ritchie, Pearson Education, 2015
- 3. Computer Basics and Programming in C, Rajaraman V, PHI, 2007.
- 4. Let us C, Yashavant Kanetkar, BPB Publications, 2016.

NPTEL/SWAYAM Courses

- 1. Introduction To Programming In C, Prof. Satyadev Nandakumar IIT Kanpur.
- 2. Problem Solving Through Programming In C, Prof. Anupam Basu IIT Kharagpur.

COURSE CONTENTS AND LECTURE SCHEDULE				
No.		No. of		
	MODULE 1	Hours		
1 1		1		
1.1	Basics of Computer Architecture: Processor			
1.2	Basics of Computer Architecture: Memory	1		
1.3	Basics of Computer Architecture: Input& Output devices	1		
1.4	Application Software & System software: Compilers, interpreters, High level and low level languages	1		
1.5	Introduction to structured approach to programming, Flow chart	1		
1.6	Algorithms, Pseudo code	1		
1.7	Bubble sort, linear search - algorithms and pseudocode	1		
MODU	JLE II			
2.1	Basic structure of C program: Character set, Tokens, Identifiers in C	1		
2.2	Basic structure of C program: Variables and Data Types , Constants, Console IO Operations, printf and scanf	1		
2.3	Operators and Expressions: Expressions and Arithmetic Operators, Relational and Logical Operators.	1		
2.4	Operators and Expressions: Conditional operator, size of operator, Assignment operators and Bitwise Operators. Operators Precedence	1		
2.5	Control Flow Statements: If Statement, Unconditional Branching using goto statement.(Simple programs covering control flow)	1		
2.6	Control Flow Statements: Switch Statement, Break statement. (Simple programs covering control flow)	1		
2.7	Control Flow Statements: While Loop, Do While Loop (Simple programs covering control flow)	1		
2.8	Control Flow Statements: For Loop, Continue statement.(Simple programs covering control flow)	1		
MODU	JLE III			
3.1	Arrays Declaration and Initialization, 1-Dimensional Array, Simple programs covering 1 – Dimensional Array	1		
3.2	Arrays Declaration and Initialization, 2-Dimensional Array , Simple programs covering 2 – Dimensional Array	1		
3.3	Arrays -2- Programs covering 1 and 2 – Dimensional Arrays	1		
3.4	String processing: In built String handling functions(strlen, strcpy, strcat and strcmp, puts, gets)	1		
3.5	Linear search program- Implementation	1		

3.6	Bubble sort program- Implementation	1
3.7	Simple programs covering arrays and strings	1
MODI	JLE IV	
4.1	Introduction to modular programming - writing functions	1
4.2	Writing functions with formal parameters and actual parameters	1
4.3	Writing functions with Pass by Value and Recursion	1
4.4	Writing functions with arrays as Function Parameters	1
4.5	Structure and union	1
4.6	Storage Classes, Scope and life time of variables	1
4.7	Simple programs using functions	1
MODI	JLE V	
5.1	Basics of Pointers: declaring pointers	1
5.2	Pointers: accessing data though pointers, NULL pointer, simple programs	1
5.3	Pointers: Array access using pointers, pass by reference effect, simple programs	1
5.4	File Operations: open, close, read, write, append	1
5.5	Programs using file operations	1
5.6	Sequential access and random access to files: In built file handling functions (rewind(), fseek(), ftell(), feof(), fread(), fwrite()),	1
5.7	Sequential access and random access to files: Simple programs	1

LESSON PLAN FOR LAB COMPONENT

No.	Topic	No. of Hours	Experiment
1	Basics of Computer Architecture: Processor, Memory, Input& Output devices	1	Familiarization of Hardware Components of a Computer
2	Application Software & System software: Compilers, interpreters, High level and low level languages	1	Familiarization of Linux environment – How to do Programming in C with Linux
3	Introduction to structured approach to programming, Flow chart	2	Familiarization of Tools - Flowgorithm and Raptor. Develop flowcharts and algorithms for a set of given problems

4	Basic structure of C program: Character set, Tokens, Identifiers in C, Variables and Data Types, Constants, Console IO Operations, printf and scanf	1	Familiarization of console I/O and operators in C i) Display "Hello World" ii) Read two numbers, add them and display their sum iii) Read the radius of a circle, calculate its area and display it iv) Evaluate the arithmetic expression ((a -b / c * d + e) * (f +g)) and display its solution. Read the values of the variables from the user through console.
5	Operators and Expressions: Expressions and Arithmetic Operators, Relational and Logical Operators, Conditional operator, sizeof operator, Assignment operators and Bitwise Operators. Operators Precedence	1	 i) Read 3 integer values and find the largest among them. ii) Read a Natural Number and check whether the
6	Control Flow Statements: If Statement, Switch Statement, Unconditional Branching using goto statement, While Loop, Do While Loop, For Loop, Break and Continue statements.	1	number is prime or not iii) Read a Natural Number and check whether the number is Armstrong or not
	Arrays Declaration and Initialization, 1-Dimensional Array, 2-Dimensional Array	1	i) Read n integers, store them in an array and find their sum and average
7	Linear search program, bubble sort program	1	ii) Read n integers, store them in an array and search for an element in the array using an algorithm for Linear Search iii) Read n integers, store them in an array and sort the elements in the array using Bubble Sort algorithm
8	String processing: In built String handling functions(strlen, strcpy, strcat and strcmp, puts, gets)	2	i) Read a string (word), store it in an array and check whether it is a palindrome

			word or not. ii) Read two strings (each one ending with a \$ symbol), store them in arrays and concatenate them without using library functions iii) Read a string (ending with a \$ symbol), store it in an array and count the number of vowels, consonants and spaces in it.
9	Introduction to modular programming, writing functions, formal parameters, actual parameters	2	i) Find the factorial of a given Natural Number n usingrecursive and non recursive functions
	Pass by Value, Recursion, Arrays as Function Parameters	2	ii) Read a string (word), store it in an array and obtain its reverse by using a user defined function. iii) Write a menu driven program for performing matrix addition, multiplication and finding the transpose. Use functions to (a) read a matrix, (b) find the sum of two matrices, (c) find the product of two matrices, (d) find the transpose of a matrix and (e) display a matrix.
10	Structure, union, Storage Classes, Scope and life time of variables, simple programs using functions	2	 i) Read two input each representing the distances between two points in the Euclidean space, store these in structure variables and add the two distance values. ii) Using structure, read and print data of n employees (Name, Employee Id and Salary) iii) Declare a union containing

			5 string variables (Name, House Name, City Name, State and Pin code) each with a length of C_SIZE (user defined constant). Then, read and display the address of a person using a variable of the union.
11	Basics of Pointers: declaring pointers, accessing data though pointers, NULL pointer, array access using pointers, pass by reference effect	3	i) Do the following using pointers (a) add two numbers (b) swap two numbers using a user defined function ii) Input and Print the elements of an array using pointers iii) Compute sum of the elements stored in an array using pointers and user defined function.
12	File Operations: open, close, read, write, append	2	i) Create a file and perform the following
13	Sequential access and random access to files: In built file handlingfunctions (rewind(), fseek(), ftell(), feof(), fread(), fwrite())	2	(a)Write data to the file (b)Read the data in a given file & display the file content on console (c)append new data and display on console ii) Open a text input file and count number of characters, words and lines in it; and store the results in an output file.

	CO Assessment Questions						
	Write an algorithm and draw flowchart (using Flowgorithm/Raptor)						
1	a) To find the roots of a quadratic equation						
	b) To check whether largest of 3 natural numbers is prime or not						
	c) To sort a set of numbers						
	Develop a C program						
2	a) To process a set of n natural numbers and to find the largest even						
2	number and smallest odd number from the given set of numbers. The						
	program should not use division and modulus operators.						

	b) To find the value of a mathematical function f which is defined as follows. f(n) = n! / (sum of factors of n), if n is not prime and f(n) = n! / (sum of digits of n), if n is prime.
	c) To evaluate the series $x - x^2/2! + x^3/3! n$ terms, for a given values of x and n.
	Write a C program
3	 a) To sort a set of n integers and to find the number of unique numbers and the number of repeated numbers in the given set of numbers. Use a function which takes an integer array of n elements, sorts the array using the Bubble Sorting Technique and returns the number of unique numbers and the number of repeated numbers in the given array. b) To read and multiply two matrices using pointers c) To process the marks obtained by n students of a class and prepare their rank list based on the sum of the marks obtained. There are 3 subjects for which examinations are conducted and the third subject is an elective where a student is allowed to take any one of the two courses offered.
4	 Write a menu driven program to a) Read a matrix, display a matrix, add two matrices, multiply two matrices, check symmetry and transpose a matrix. b) To read the details of a set of students, display the details of all students, sort the details based on roll number, search for a student using name
5	Write a C program toa) Process a text file and to print the Palindrome words into an output file.b) Store the details of books in a library using a file and perform updation, deletion and insertion of a book from on the file based on title
6	Test and execute the above programs using a C Complier.

24ESP205	ESP205 TECHNICAL ENGLISH FOR ENGINEERS	L	Т	P	J	s	С	Year of Introduction
		2	0	2	0	4	3	2024

Preamble: This course enables the students to use the basic skills of communication such as reading, listening, writing and speaking. The topics like Use of Language in communication, Oral Presentation, Interview Skills, Formal Writing, Reading Comprehension and Listening skills are covered in this course. The course helps the learners to communicate with group, face interviews and prepare technical documents in an effective manner.

Prerequisite: NIL

CO 5

Course Outcomes: After the completion of the course the student will be able to

CO 1 Use vocabulary and language skills in professional communication.
[Apply level]

CO 2 Demonstrate technical presentation and speaking skills. [Apply level]

CO 3 Make use of the interview skills in real life situation. [Apply level]

CO 4 Create professional and technical documents precisely. [Apply level]

CO - PO MAPPING

Use reading and listening techniques in an effective way. [Apply level]

CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	P06	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO 1								✓	✓	✓		✓
CO 2								✓	✓	✓		✓
CO 3								✓	✓	✓		✓
CO 4								✓		✓		✓
CO 5								✓	✓	✓		✓

Assessment Pattern for Theory component

Plaam's Catagory	Continu	ous Assess	End Semester Examination	
Bloom's Category	Test 1 Test 2 Oth			
Remember	-	✓	✓	✓
Understand	-	✓	✓	✓
Apply	-	✓	✓	✓
Analyse			✓	
Evaluate			✓	
Create			✓	

Assessment Pattern for Lab component

Places's Catagory	Continuous Assessment Tools				
Bloom's Category	Class work	Test1			
Remember					
Understand	✓	✓			
Apply	✓	✓			

Analyse	✓	✓
Evaluate		
Create		

Mark Distribution of CIA

	nce	Theo	Theory [L- T]			Practical [P]		
Course Structure [L-T-P-J]	Attendar	Assignment	Test-1	Test-2	Class work	Lab Exam/ Practice	Total Marks	
2-0-2-0	5	15	-	10	20	10	60	

Total Marks distribution

Total Marks	CIA (Marks)	ESE (Marks)	ESE Duration
100	60	40	2.5 Hours

End Semester Examination [ESE]: Pattern

PATTERN	PART A	PART B	ESE Marks
PATTERN 2		2 questions will be given from each module, out of which 1 question should be answered. Each question can have a maximum of 2 sub divisions. Each question carries 8 marks. Marks: (5x 8 = 40 marks) Time: 2.5 hours	40
	Total Marks: 0	Total Marks: [5x8 = 40 marks]	

SYLLABUS

MODULE I: Use of Language in communication

Significance of Technical communication- Technical vocabulary used in formal letters, emails, reports, misspelled words, synonyms, antonyms, and paraphrasing. Grammar- Subject-verb agreement, reported speech, active-passive voice, use of adjectives and adverbs, prepositions.

MODULE II: Oral Presentation

Voice Modulation, tone, Intonation, pronunciation, presentation skills, public speaking skills, Types of presentations, the use of visuals in presentation, debate, G.D., brainstorming, body language, and audience analysis.

MODULE III: Interview Skills

Interview skills: Objectives and types of interviews, preparing for interview, interview

etiquette, dress code, body language, online interview, panel interview, one-to-one interview, FAQ'S related to job interviews, and answering strategies.

MODULE IV: Formal Writing

Formal Writing: Letter- Formal, informal, and semi-formal. Email, Job application letters, C.V., Resume, and Biodata, minutes preparation, different types of reports, common errors in writing, use of sequence words, and Statement of purpose.

Reference styling, IEEE format, bibliography, analytical and issue-based essay writing, plagiarism.

MODULE V: Reading Comprehension and Listening skills

Reading, comprehension, and summarizing: Reading Styles, speed reading, critical reading, reading and comprehending longer and shorter technical articles from journals and newspapers, SQ3R method, PQRST method, identifying transitions of text, note taking.

Listening skills: Active and Passive listening, listening for general content, listening for specific information, developing effective listening skills, barriers to effective listening, listening to longer technical talks and classroom lectures, TED talks, taking notes while listening.

Text books / Reference books

- 1. Meenakshi Raman and Sangeetha Sharma, Technical Communication: Principles and Practice, 3rd edition, Oxford University Press, 2015
- 2. Anderson, P.V, Technical Communication, Thomas Wadsworth, Sixth edition, New Delhi, 2007
- 3. English for Engineers and Technologists (Combined edition, Vol,1 and 2), Orient Blackswann 2010
- 4. Seely, John, The Oxford Guide to Writing and Speaking, Oxford university Press, 1997
- 5. Ganguly, Anand, Success in Interview, RPH, Fifth edition, 2006
- 6. Effective Communication Skills. Kul Bhushan Kumar, Khanna Book Publishing, 2022.
- 7. Practical English Usage. Michael Swan. OUP. 1995.
- 8. Remedial English Grammar. F.T. Wood. Macmillan. 2007
- 9. On Writing Well. William Zinsser. Harper Resource Book. 2001
- 10. Study Writing. Liz Hamp-Lyons and Ben Heasly. Cambridge University Press. 2006.
- 11. Communication Skills. Sanjay Kumar and Pushplata. Oxford University Press. 2011
- 12. Exercises in Spoken English. Parts. I-III. CIEFL, Hyderabad. Oxford University Press.

NPTEL/SWAYAM Courses for reference:

- 1. English Language for Competitive Exams Prof. Aysha Iqbal IIT Madras
- 2. Technical English for Engineers Prof. Aysha Iqbal IITM

	COURSE CONTENTS AND LECTURE SCHEDULE	I _
		No. of
No.		Hours
		[35]
	MODULE 1	8 Hrs
1.1	Introduction, misspelled words	1
1.2	Synonyms and antonyms	1
1.3	Technical vocabulary in email and letters and reports	1
1.4	Paraphrasing	1
1.5	Subject-verb agreement	1
1.6	Reported Speech	1
1.7	Active and passive voice	1
1.8	Preposition, use of adjectives and adverbs	1
	MODULE II	6 Hrs
2.1	Presentation skills	1
2.2	Importance of voice modulation, tone, intonation	1
2.3	Use of visuals in presentation, public speaking skills	1
2.4	Debate and G.D – differences.	1
2.5	Body Language and audience analysis	1
2.6	Brainstorming	1
	MODULE III	6 Hrs
3.1	Objectives of Interview, types of Interviews	1
3.2	Preparation strategies for attending interview	1
3.3	Dress code and body language for interviews.	1
3.4	Interview Etiquettes	1
3.5	FAQs related to job interviews	1
3.6	Strategies for different types of interviews- Online interview, panel	1
3.0	interview, one-to-one interview.	1
	MODULE IV	9 Hrs
4.1	Formal, informal, and semi-formal letters	1
4.2	Email Writing and etiquette	1
4.3	Application letter, email.	1
4.4	C.V, Resume, Biodata – introduction and differences	1
4.5	C.V, Resume, Biodata writing process	1
4.6	Minutes preparation	1
4.7	Types of reports, use of sequence words	1
4.8	Statement of purpose, referencing style, bibliography.	1
4.9	IEEE format, plagiarism, issue-based essay writing.	1

	MODULE V	6 Hrs
5.1	Reading Styles	1
5.2	Speed reading, critical reading	1
5.3	Comprehending longer and shorter technical articles from journals and newspaper	1
5.4	Reading methods, SQ3R and PQRST methods, identifying transitions in text	1
5.5	Active and Passive listening, Listening for general and specific content	1
5.6	Barriers to effective listening.	1

LESSON PLAN FOR LAB COMPONENT

No.	Topic	No. of Hours	Evneriment			
1	Difference between literary and technical writing style	1	Writing exercises for both creative and technical writing that highlight Grammatical and linguistic differences between two.			
2	Presentation	3	Create and present a PPT based on a given topic.			
3	Group Discussion	2	Group discussion and debate based on a given topic.			
4	Voice modulation, tone, and intonation		Analyze a given video presentations of			
5	Effects of body language in presentation and public speaking.	1	speakers, technocrats, and management experts based on the concepts learned.			
6	Interview Skills	1	Mock Panel Interview			
7	Interview body language and etiquette	1	Analyze the given videos of both mock/ original job interviews based on the concepts learned.			
8	Report writing	1	Writing exercises for different types of reports.			
10	Comprehension exercise	2	Comprehend articles from scientific journals. Comprehend articles from newspapers.			
11	Listening exercise – 1	1	Answering the Question / Note Making from TED talks.			

	CO Assessment Questions
	1. Find the word with the correct spelling from the following list
	a) Accommodate b) Acommodate c) Accomadate d) Acomodate
	2. Which word in the following list is closest to the meaning of the word
	'gloomy'
CO1	a) Happy b) Sad c) Enthralled d) elated.
	3. Select the most suitable preposition for the sentence from the following
	list
	I was born May (in / on / at)
	My friend lives Beach Road (in/on/at)
	1. What is the significance of body language in presentation?
	2. Explain the strategies to improve your Debate skills.
CO2	3. How important is visual aid for presentations?
	4. As a student who presented a slide presentation, how will you
	respond to a disturbed audience?
	1. Explain the significance of non-verbal communication in interviews.
	2. What are the differences that you will make while attending an
	online interview instead of an off line interview.
CO3	3. How will you politely respond to a question asked to you in an
	interview to which you don't know the answer?
	4. As a viewer of the mock interview conducted in the class, what were
	the do's and don'ts to be followed in an interview.
	1. What are the differences between a C.V., Resume and Biodata?
004	2. Write an email to the manager of ABC Technologies asking for an
CO4	opportunity to be included in their internship program
	3. What are the different types of reports?
	1. What is critical reading? What are the advantages of critical reading
005	over speed reading?
C05	2. Write down the lyrics of the song as you hear it.
	3. Write a synopsis of the journal article that you just read.
t .	·

24MCP210	IDEA LAB	L	T	P	J	s	С	Year of Introduction
	== == =	2	0	2	0	4	1	2024

Preamble: This course enables the learners to understand the concepts of design, development and documentation tools under various domains in engineering. The various topics covered in this course are concepts of Microcontroller Programming, PCB Designing and Prototyping, Modelling, Slicing, Cutting, Routing, and Documentation & version control Tools. This course helps the students to design and develop real life applications using multidisciplinary engineering aspects.

Prerequisite: NIL

Course Outcomes: After the completion of the course the student will be able to

- **co 1** Develop project using appropriate Microcontroller Programming languages. [Apply level]
- co 2 Develop product using PCB Design and Prototyping concepts. [Apply level]
- **co 3** Create 2D and 3D models using appropriate tools. [Apply level]
- Create electronic documentation for the system/project using appropriate tools. [Apply level]
- **CO 5** Build useful and standalone system/ project with enclosures. [Apply level]

CO - PO MAPPING

CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	P06	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO 1	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓			✓
CO 2	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓			✓
CO 3	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓			✓
CO 4	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓			✓	✓	✓		✓
CO 5	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓			✓

Assessment Pattern for Lab component

Place 2 Catagory	Continuous Assessment Tools						
Bloom's Category	Class work	Test1					
Remember							
Understand	✓	✓					
Apply	✓	✓					
Analyse	✓	✓					
Evaluate	✓						
Create	✓						

Assessment Pattern for Project component

Pleam's Catagory	Continuous Assessment Tools						
Bloom's Category	Evaluation 1	Evaluation 2	Report				
Remember							
Understand	✓	✓					
Apply	✓	✓					
Analyse	✓	✓					

Evaluate	✓	
Create	✓	

Mark Distribution of CIA

		Theory [L	- T]	Practic		
Course Structure [L-T-P-J]	Attendance	Assignment	Test-1	Lab work	Test 2	Total
2-0-2-0	5	10	20	*45	20	100

^{*} As part of their lab work, students are required to submit a Micro project. The total marks for the lab component in the idea lab are calculated as a cumulative sum of the continuous assessment of lab work, which carries 20 marks, and the micro project evaluation, which carries 25 marks. The micro project evaluation is further divided into three components: 10 marks for the intermediate evaluation of the micro project, 10 marks for the project presentation and demonstration, and 5 marks for the micro project report submitted at the end of the semester.

Total Marks distribution					
Total Marks	CIA (Marks)	ESE (Marks)	ESE Duration		
100	100	-	-		

SYLLABUS

MODULE I: Introduction Microcontroller Programming

Introduction to micro controller and embedded systems, Introduction to Arduino and its IDE Concept of digital and analog ports, registers, memory, timer, counter.

Embedded C programming: Arduino data types, operators, Array, Loop, Functions.

MODULE II: Microcontroller Programming

Embedded C programming: Working with Serial Monitor, Pins Configuration as INPUT/OUTPUT, digitalRead(), digitalWrite(), Interrupts, delay(),Pull-up resistors. Interfacing a 8-bit LCD to Arduino, Running message display.

Sensor/Actuator Interface: Temperature Sensor, LDR based sensor, IR and Ultrasonic sensors, Relay, LED, Servomotor.

MODULE III: PCB Designing and Prototyping

Introduction: PCB, pads, track, SMD, trough hole, via and its Design rules. Design any two simple circuit using Easy EDA/Eagle/Flat CAM, Routing and Generating GERBER file.

PCB Chemical etching Vs Milling techniques, PCB Chemical Etching/Milling

MODULE IV: << Modelling, Slicing, Cutting, Routing >>

3D modeling, Slicing, 3 D printing, 2D design using Inkscape, Laser CAD, Laser Cutting, 2D modelling, CNC Routing, CNC Routing, Tool familiarization

MODULE V: << Documentation and version control Tools >>

Familiarization of Google Docs, Google Sheets, Google Slides, Google Drawings, Google Forms Google Sites, Creating Google sheets, Google slides, Google forms and Google sites

Doxygen – Overview, Installation, Getting started, Documenting the code, Markdown support, Lists, Grouping, Including formulas, Including tables, Graphs and diagrams, Preprocessing, Output Formats, Searching, Customizing the output, Custom Commands, Linking to external documentation,

Reference books

- 1. AICTE's Prescribed Textbook: Workshop / Manufacturing Practices (with Lab Manual), Khanna Book Publishing
- 2. All-in-One Electronics Simplified, A.K. Maini; 2021. ISBN-13: 978-9386173393, Khanna Book Publishing Company, New Delhi.
- 3. Simplified Q&A Data Science with Artificial Intelligence, Machine Learning and Deep Learning, Rajiv Chopra, ISBN: 978-9355380821, Khanna Book Publishing Company, New Delhi.
- 4. 3D Printing & Design, Dr. Sabrie Soloman, ISBN: 978-9386173768, Khanna Book Publishing Company, New Delhi.
- 5. The Big Book of Maker Skills: Tools & Techniques for Building Great Tech Projects. Chris Hackett. Weldon Owen; 2018. ISBN-13: 978-1681884325.
- 6. The Total Inventors Manual (Popular Science): Transform Your Idea into a Top-Selling Product. Sean Michael Ragan (Author). Weldon Owen; 2017. ISBN-13: 978-1681881584.
- 7. Make: Tools: How They Work and How to Use Them. Platt, Charles. Shroff/Maker Media. 2018. ISBN-13: 978-9352137374
- 8. The Art of Electronics. 3rd edition. Paul Horowitz and Winfield Hill. Cambridge University Press. ISBN: 9780521809269
- 9. Practical Electronics for Inventors. 4th edition. Paul Sherz and Simon Monk. McGraw Hill. ISBN-13: 978-1259587542
- 10. Encyclopedia of Electronic Components (Volume 1, 2 and 3). Charles Platt. Shroff Publishers. ISBN-13: 978-9352131945, 978-9352131952, 978-9352133703
- 11. Building Scientific Apparatus. 4th edition. John H. Moore, Christopher C. Davis, Michael A. Coplan and Sandra C. Greer. Cambridge University Press. ISBN-13: 978-0521878586
- 12. Programming Arduino: Getting Started with Sketches. 2nd edition. Simon Monk. McGraw Hill. ISBN-13: 978-1259641633
- 13. Make Your Own PCBs with EAGLE: From Schematic Designs to Finished Boards. Simon Monk and Duncan Amos. McGraw Hill Education. ISBN-13: 978-1260019193.
- 14. Pro GIT. 2nd edition. Scott Chacon and Ben Straub. A press. ISBN-13: 978-1484200773
- 15. Venuvinod, PK., MA. W., Rapid Prototyping Laser Based and Other Technologies, Kluwer.

- 16. Ian Gibson, David W Rosen, Brent Stucker., "Additive Manufacturing Technologies: Rapid Prototyping to Direct Digital Manufacturing", Springer, 2010
- 17. Chapman W.A.J, "Workshop Technology", Volume I, II, III, CBS Publishers and distributors, 5th Edition,2002

	COURSE CONTENTS AND LECTURE SCHEDULE	No. o
No.		Hours
		[19]
	MODULE 1	
1.1	Introduction to micro controller and embedded systems,	1
1.2	Introduction to Arduino and its IDE Concept of digital and analog ports, registers, memory, timer, counter.	1
1.3	Embedded C programming: Arduino data types, operators, Array, Loop, Functions.	1
	MODULE II	
2.1	Embedded C programming: Working with Serial Monitor, Pins Configuration as INPUT/OUTPUT.	1
2.2	Embedded C programming: digitalRead(), digitalWrite(), Interrupts, delay(),Pull-up resistors.	1
2.3	Embedded C programming: Interfacing a 8 bit LCD to Arduino, Running message display	
2.4	Sensor/Actuator Interface: Temperature Sensor, LDR based sensor, IR and Ultrasonic sensors, Relay, LED, Servomotor Introduction: PCB, pads, track, SMD, trough hole, via and its Design rules. Routing and Generating GERBER file	1
	MODULE III	
3.1	Introduction: PCB, pads, track, SMD, trough hole, via and its Design rules.	1
3.2	Routing and Generating GERBER file	1
3.3	PCB Chemical etching Vs Milling techniques, PCB Chemical Etching/Milling	1
	MODULE IV	
4.1	3D modeling, Slicing, 3 D printing	1
4.2	2D design using Inkscape, Laser CAD	
4.3	Laser Cutting, 2D modelling, CNC Routing,	1
4.4	CNC Routing Tool familiarisation	
	MODULE V	
5.1	Familiarization of Google Docs, Google Sheets, Google Slides,	1
5.2	Google Drawings, Google Forms Google Sites	1
5.3	Doxygen – Overview, Installation, Getting started, Documenting the code, Markdown support, Lists,	1

5.4	Doxygen - Grouping, including formulas, Including tables, Graphs and diagrams, Preprocessing	1
5.5	Doxygen – Output Formats, Searching, Customizing the output, Custom Commands, Linking to external documentation	1

LESSON PLAN FOR LAB COMPONENT

No.	Topic	No. of Hours	Experiment
1	Introduction to micro controller and embedded systems,		
2	Introduction to Arduino and its IDE Concept of digital and analog ports, registers, memory, timer, counter.	3	Simple Embedded C programs: Arduino data types, operators, Array, Loop, Functions
3	Embedded C programming: Arduino data types, operators, Array, Loop, Functions.		inital, 200p, i difetione
4	Serial Monitor, Pins Configuration as INPUT/OUTPUT, digitalRead(), digitalWrite(), Interrupts, delay(),Pullup resistors.	5	Embedded C programs to working with Serial Monitor, Pins Configuration as INPUT/OUTPUT, digitalRead(), digitalWrite(), Interrupts, delay(),Pull-up resistors. Implement: Water level control system. Distance measurement and Display unit. Home Automation system.
5	Introduction: PCB, pads, track, SMD, trough hole, via and its Design rules.	6	Design any two simple circuit using Easy EDA/ Eagle/ FlatCAM Routing and Generating GERBER file
6	PCB Chemical etching Vs Milling techniques	2	Experiments with PCB Chemical Etching/Milling
7	3D modeling, Slicing, 3 D printing, 2D design using Inkscape, Laser CAD, Laser Cutting, 2D modelling, CNC Routing, CNC Routing, Tool familiarization	14	Machining of 3D geometry on soft material such as soft wood or modelling wax, 3D scanning of computer mouse geometry surface. 3D printing of scanned geometry. 2D profile cutting of press fit box/casing in acrylic (3 or 6

			mm thickness)/cardboard,D profile cutting on plywood /MDF (6-12 mm) for press fit designs
8	Familiarization of Google Docs, Google Sheets, Google Slides, Google, Drawings, Google Forms Google Sites		Exercise for creating Google sheets, Google slides, Google forms and Google sites
9	Doxygen – Overview, Documenting the code, Markdown support, Lists, Grouping, Including formulas, Including tables, Graphs and diagrams, Preprocessing, Output Formats, Searching, Customizing the output, Custom Commands, Linking to external documentation.	4	Doxygen –Installation, Getting started Document the programs created for Raspberry pi and Arduino using Doxygen
	Familiarisation of Version control tools - GIT and GitHub	4	At least two programs in programming exercises must be done using GitHub

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	city. Th			-					sign	th	ınk	ing ap	proach	while
	developing practical solutions for real world problems.													
	quisite:													
Cours	e Outc													
CO1	Compa			-				rles	an	d m	ıem	ory tec	hnique	s and
	apply them in their engineering education.													
CO2	Analyz			_			-				exp	oressio	ns to	better
understand users while designing innovative products														
соз	Develo	•	•			_				inn	ova	ition cy	cle of	design
thinking process for developing innovative products.														
CO4	Propos	e solu	tions f	or rea	1-world	l engin	eering	pr	obl	ems	s b	y apply	ying cı	eative
design thinking														
CO5	Perceive individual differences and its impact on everyday decisions thereby lead													
CO3	and/or perform in a design team													
C06	Perforn	n custo	omer c	entric	design	ing by	intelli	gen	tly	acc	om	modati	ng cus	tomer
COO	require	ments	/challe	enges s	o as to	eventı	ıally ir	npr	ove	cus	stor	ner exp	perienc	e
CO7	Develo	p new	design	s for s	imple	produc	ts usi	ng i	oio-	mir	nicı	y to b	ring ou	ıt new
COT	nature	inspir	ed desi	gns										
CO8	Solve 1	oractic	al engi	ineerin	g prob	olem th	rough	in	nov	ativ	e p	roduct	desig	n and
CUS	creativ	e solut	ion											
					CO - F	O MAI	PPING							
CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	P06	P07	P	80	P	09	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	✓								/	,	/			✓
CO2				✓		✓			/	,	/	✓		✓
CO3	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓			/	,	/	✓		✓
CO4									/	,	/	✓		✓
CO5							✓							
C06	✓	✓	✓			✓			/	,	/	✓		✓
CO7	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓			/	,	/	✓		✓
				1	Assess	ment I	Patteri	1						
	D1c-	· · · · ·	\ata=	477			Conti	nuc	us	Ass	ses	sment	Tools	
	Bloom's Category					C	lass w	ork				T	est 1	
Reme	mber													
Under	stand					✓ ✓			✓					
Apply							✓						✓	

Analyse	✓	✓
Evaluate	✓	
Create	✓	

Mark Distribution of CIA

Course Structure [L-T-P-J]	Attendance	Class work	Lab Exam/ Presentation	Total Marks
0-0-2-0	5	35	10	50

Total Mark distribution

Total Marks	CIA (Marks)	ESE (Marks)	ESE Duration
50	50	-	-

SYLLABUS

An Insight to Learning - Understanding the Learning Process, Kolb's Learning Styles, Assessing and Interpreting. Remembering Memory - Understanding the Memory process, Problems in retention, Memory enhancement techniques, Emotions: - Experience & Expression, Understanding Emotions- Experience & Expression, Assessing Empathy, Application with Peers.

Basics of Design Thinking - Definition of Design Thinking, Need for Design Thinking, Objective of Design Thinking, Concepts & Brainstorming, Stages of Design Thinking Process (explain with examples) – Empathize, Define, Ideate, Prototype, Test

Being Ingenious & Fixing Problem - Understanding Creative thinking process, Understanding Problem Solving, Testing Creative, Problem Solving, Process of Product Design - Process of Engineering Product Design, Design Thinking Approach, Stages of Product Design, Examples of best product designs and functions, Assignment - Engineering Product Design

Prototyping & Testing - What is Prototype? Why Prototype? Rapid Prototype Development process, Testing, Sample, Example, Test Group Marketing, Celebrating the Difference - Understanding Individual differences & Uniqueness, Group Discussion and Activities to encourage the understanding, acceptance and appreciation of Individual differences

Design Thinking & Customer Centricity - Practical Examples of Customer Challenges, Use of Design Thinking to Enhance Customer Experience, Parameters of Product experience, Alignment of Customer Expectations with Product Design, Feedback, Re-Design & Re-Create Feedback loop, Focus on User Experience, Address "ergonomic challenges, User focused design, rapid prototyping & testing, final product, Final Presentation – "Solving Practical Engineering Problem through Innovative Product Design & Creative Solution".

Text books

- 1. YousefHaik, Sangarappillai Sivaloganathan, Tamer M. Shahin, Engineering Design Process, Cengage Learning 2003, Third Edition, ISBN-10: 781305253285,
- 2. Voland, G., Engineering by Design, Pearson India 2014, Second Edition, ISBN 9332535051

Reference books

- 1. Philip Kosky, Robert Balmer, William Keat, George Wise, Exploring Engineering, Fourth Edition: An Introduction to Engineering and Design, Academic Press 2015, 4th Edition, ISBN: 9780128012420.
- 2. Clive L. Dym, Engineering Design: A Project-Based Introduction, John Wiley & Sons, New York 2009, Fourth Edition, ISBN: 978-1-118-32458-5
- 3. Nigel Cross, Design Thinking: Understanding How Designers Think and Work, Berg Publishers 2011, First Edition, ISBN: 978-1847886361
- 4. Pahl, G., Beitz, W., Feldhusen, J., Grote, K.-H., Engineering Design: A Systematic Approach, Springer 2007, Third Edition, ISBN 978-1-84628-319-2

Reference materials

- 1. Design Thinking for Strategic Innovation: What They Can't Teach You at Business or Design School, https://www.amazon.in/Design-Thinking-Strategic-Innovation-Business/dp/8126572698/
- 2. Don't Make Me Think, Revisited: A Common Sense Approach to Web Usability (3rd Edition), https://www.amazon.in/Dont-Make-Think-Revisited-Usability/dp/9332542864/
- 3. Design as Art (Penguin Modern Classics) https://www.amazon.in/Design-Art-Penguin-Modern-Classics/dp/0141035811/
- 4. Hooked: How to Build Habit-Forming Products ₹ 368 https://www.amazon.in/Hooked-How-Build-Habit-Forming-Products/dp/0241184835/
- 5. Emotional Design https://www.amazon.in/Emotional-Design-Don-Norman/dp/0465051367/
- 6. Value Proposition Design: How to Create Products and Services Customers Want https://www.amazon.in/Value-Proposition-Design-Products-Customers/dp/8126553073/
- 7. The Art Of Creative Thinking , https://www.amazon.in/Art-Creative-Thinking-Rod-Judkins/dp/1444794485/
- 8. Lateral Thinking: A Textbook of Creativity, https://www.amazon.in/Lateral-Thinking-Creativity-Edward-Bono/dp/0241257549/
- 9. This is Service Design Thinking: Basics, Tools, Cases , https://www.amazon.in/This-Service-Design-Thinking-Basics/dp/1118156307/
- 10.The Design of Business, https://www.amazon.in/Design-Business-Roger-L-Martin/dp/1422177807/
- 11. The Design Thinking Playbook: Mindful Digital Transformation of Teams, Products, Services, Businesses, and Ecosystems https://www.amazon.in/Design-Thinking-Playbook-Transformation-Businesses/dp/1119467470/
- 12. Thinking, Fast and Slow (Penguin Press Non-Fiction) https://www.amazon.in/Thinking-Fast-Penguin-Press-Non-Fiction/dp/0141033576/

	LIST OF EXPERIMENTS
No.	Experiments
No. 1	 Topic: An Insight to Learning, Remembering Memory, Emotions: Experience & Expression. 1. Group discussion/ Video presentation that addresses the concepts that shall be conveyed through the following questions. a) How learning happens? b) What are the main components of Kolb's cycle of experiential learning and examples? c) What is the memory process? d) What are the different memory enhancement techniques? e) What is the need for understanding emotions? f) Identify the different ways of assessing empathy and applying them among peers. g) Assume you got a chance to teach capitals of different countries in a UKG class. Illustrate what different memory enhancement techniques you will use through a role play. 2. Each team member of the group lists your positive and negative emotions. Among team members, discuss how each one of you manage each emotions. (Like finding happiness, escaping from
2	sadness, managing anger, Facing fear, Overcoming shame etc you can put more questions). After the discussion did you get some technique to manage your emotion in a better way? Topic: - An Approach to Introduce and Instill Design Thinking. – Class discussion based on the following questions and write down the conclusion in Work Book. a) What do you mean by designing something? What is design thinking and why it is needed? b) What are the different stages of design thinking process? c) How does the design thinking approach help engineers in creating innovative and efficient designs? d) How can the engineers arrive at better designs utilizing the iterative design thinking process (in which knowledge acquired in the later
3	stages can be applied back to the earlier stages)? e) Describe the design thinking process using appropriate examples. Topic: - Activities on becoming Ingenious to Apply Design Thinking to Solve Real-world Problems. Take up a real-world problem and apply creative thinking design to solve them. Make a video presentation based on your work that shall include the answer to following questions. a) What is creative thinking process? b) How can you describe the process of problem solving with examples?

) II
	c) How creative thinking process helps in problem solving?
	d) How to test the efficacy of creative problem solving process?
	Topic :- Perform Designing of an Innovative Product-
	i) Perform group discussion on following points
	a) How is engineering product design different from other kinds of
	design?
4	b) Where and when do engineers perform product design?
·	c) What are the different stages of product design?
	d) What are the different examples for best product designs and
	functions?
	ii) Based on the concepts learned, design an innovative product in your
	mind and give presentation.
	Topic: - Learn the Prototype Development Process and Testing.
	Illustrate the following concepts using appropriate tools.
	a) How to predict whether the design will function well or not?b) How do mathematics and physics become a part of the design
5	process?
3	c) What is Prototype? Why it is needed?
	d) What is rapid prototype development process?
	e) List the different methods in which the prototype of a product can be
	generated and tested.
	Topic- Active Learning the Process of Divergent-Convergent Thinking and
	Designing in a Team:
	1. Perform group discussion and/or other activities within a design
	team to refine and narrow down to the 'best design'. Create a report
	which specifies, how you identified and managed the following
	questions during the design.
6	a) Describe how to create a number of possible designs and then
U	how to refine and narrow down to the 'best design'?
	b) Why differences and uniqueness of individuals arise while
	designing in a team?
	c) How to manage conflicts in a design team?
	d) What is the need for different ways for communicating any
	design such as graphical, oral, written, presentation, models,
	prototypes, and so on?
_	Topic: - End User Feedback to Improve Design
7	Synthesize End User Feedback to Improve Design Solution you identified
	in the exercise number 6.
	Topic: - Develop Nature-inspired Designs utilizing Bio-mimicry, aesthetic,
0	ergonomic and life cycle design approach:
8	i) Class discussion to understand the following concepts
	a) What is the significance of Modular Design, Life Cycle Design
	Approaches in Design?

	b) How does the intelligence in nature inspire engineering							
	designs? Give examples							
	c) How do aesthetic and ergonomic challenges modify designs?							
	d) How do concepts like value engineering, concurrent engineering							
	and reverse engineering influence engineering designs?							
	ii) Based on the understanding you acquired through discussion							
	develop new designs for simple products using bio-mimicry so as to							
	bring out new nature inspired designs.							
	Topic: - Use Feedback to Improve Designs through Re-Design and Re-							
	create.							
	Get feedback of your any one of the earlier design exercises from the rest							
	of the student groups and redesign accordingly. Also							
	i) Answer the following questions							
	a) How feedbacks can improve designs? How user experience							
9	helps the re-design?							
	b) What is a typical feedback loop in design process?							
	c) What is user focused design?							
	d) What is the role of rapid prototyping & testing in developing the							
	final design of products?							
	ii) Make a presentation to show the process of redesigning of an							
	existing product based on feedbacks.							
	Topic: - Applications of Design Thinking							
10	Make presentation to illustrate that it is possible to provide innovative							
	solutions for practical problems through Design Thinking							

		L	Т	P	J	S	C	Year of
24HUT211	Universal Human Values-II							Introduction
		2	1	0	0	2	3	2024

Preamble: This course helps the students to appreciate the essential complementarity between 'VALUES' and 'SKILLS' to ensure sustained happiness and prosperity which are the core aspirations of all human beings. The topics covered in this course are the concepts of self exploration, values and skills, happiness and prosperity, harmony in family and society, harmony in the nature and society, and ethical values needed for the life and profession of an individual. This course enables the learners to develop a holistic perspective towards life and profession & towards happiness and prosperity based on a correct understanding of the human reality and the rest of existence.

Prerequisite: Universal Human Values I (Student Induction Program)

Course Outcomes: After the completion of the course the student will be able to

- Evaluate the significance of value inputs in formal education and start applying them in their life and profession. [Apply level]
- CO2 Distinguish between values and skills, happiness and accumulation of physical facilities, the Self and the Body, Intention and Competence of an individual.

 [Analyse level]
- Demonstrate the value of harmonious relationship based on trust and respect in their life and profession. [Analyze level]
- Examine the role of a human being in ensuring harmony in society and nature.

 [Analyse level]
- Use the understanding of ethical conduct to formulate the strategy for ethical life and profession. [Apply level]

CO - PO MAPPING

CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	P06	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1						✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓
CO2						✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓
CO3						✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓
CO4						✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓
CO5						✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓

Assessment Pattern

Pleam's Catagory	Continu	ous Assessi Tools	End Semester	
Bloom's Category	Test1	Test 2	Other tools	Examination
Remember	✓	✓	✓	✓
Understand	✓	✓	✓	✓
Apply	✓	✓	✓	✓
Analyse				
Evaluate				
Create				

Mark Distribution of CIA						
Course Structure		The	Total			
[L-T-P-J]	Attendance	Assignment	Test-1	Test-2	Marks	
2-1-0-0	5	15	10	10	40	
	Total Mark distribution					
Total Marks	CIA (Marks)	ESE (Marks) ES			E Duration	
100	40	60		3 h	ours	

End Semester Examination [ESE]: Pattern

PATTERN	PART A	PART B	ESE Marks
PATTERN 1	10 Questions, each question carries 2 marks Marks: (2x10 =20 marks)	2 questions will be given from each module, out of which 1 question should be answered. Each question can have a maximum of 2 sub divisions. Each question carries 8 marks. Marks: (5x8 = 40 marks) Time: 3 hours	60
	Total Marks: 20	Total Marks: [5x8 = 40 marks]	

SYLLABUS

MODULE I: Introduction to Value Education

Right Understanding, Relationship and Physical Facility (Holistic Development and the Role of Education), Understanding Value Education, Self-exploration as the Process for Value Education, Continuous Happiness and Prosperity – the Basic Human Aspirations, Happiness and Prosperity – Current Scenario, Method to Fulfill the Basic Human Aspirations.

MODULE II: Harmony in the Human Being

Understanding Human being as the Co-existence of the Self and the Body, distinguishing between the Needs of the Self and the Body, The Body as an Instrument of the Self, Understanding Harmony in the Self, Harmony of the Self with the Body, Programme to ensure self-regulation and Health.

MODULE III: Harmony in the Family and Society

Harmony in the Family – the Basic Unit of Human Interaction, 'Trust' – the Foundational Value in Relationship, 'Respect' – as the Right Evaluation, Other Feelings, Justice in Human-to-Human Relationship, Understanding Harmony in the Society, Vision for the Universal Human Order.

MODULE IV: Harmony in the Nature/Existence

Understanding Harmony in the Nature, Interconnectedness, self-regulation and Mutual Fulfillment among the Four Orders of Nature, Realizing Existence as Coexistence at All Levels, Holistic Perception of Harmony in Existence.

MODULE V: Implications of the Holistic Understanding – a Look at Professional Ethics

Natural Acceptance of Human Values, Definitiveness of (Ethical) Human Conduct, A Basis for Humanistic Education, Humanistic Constitution and Universal Human Order, Competence in Professional Ethics, Holistic Technologies, Production Systems and Management Models- Typical, Strategies for Transition towards Value-based Life and Profession.

Text books

- A Foundation Course in Human Values and Professional Ethics, R R Gaur, R Asthana, G P Bagaria, 2nd Revised Edition, Excel Books, New Delhi, 2019. ISBN 978-93-87034-47-1
- 2. Teachers' Manual for A Foundation Course in Human Values and Professional Ethics, RR Gaur, R Asthana, G P Bagaria, 2nd Revised Edition, Excel Books, New Delhi, 2019.

Reference books

- 1. JeevanVidya: EkParichaya, A Nagaraj, JeevanVidyaPrakashan, Amarkantak, 1999.
- 2. Human Values, A.N. Tripathi, New Age Intl. Publishers, New Delhi, 2004.
- 3. The Story of Stuff (Book). Annie Leonard, Publisher: Free Press (February 22, 2011), ISBN13: 9781451610291
- 4. The Story of My Experiments with Truth by Mohandas Karamchand Gandhi

	COURSE CONTENTS AND LECTURE SCHEDULE				
Ma		No. of Hours			
No.		[36]			
	MODULE 1				
1.1	Understanding Value Education	1			
1.2	Tutorial 1- Sharing about Oneself	1			
1.3	Self-exploration as the Process for Value Education	1			
1.4	Continuous Happiness and Prosperity – the Basic Human Aspirations	1			
1.5	Tutorial 2 - Exploring Human Consciousness	1			
1.6	Happiness and Prosperity - Current Scenario	1			
1.7	Method to Fulfill the Basic Human Aspirations	1			
1.8	Tutorial 3 - Exploring Natural Acceptance	1			
	MODULE II				
2.1	Understanding Human being as the Co-existence of the Self and the Body	1			
2.2	Distinguishing between the Needs of the Self and the Body	1			
2.3	Tutorial 1 - Exploring the difference of Needs of Self and Body	1			
2.4	The Body as an Instrument of the Self and Understanding Harmony in the Self	1			
2.5	Tutorial 2 - Exploring Sources of Imagination in the Self	1			

2.6	Harmony of the Self with the Body	1
2.7	Programme to ensure self-regulation and Health	1
2.8	Tutorial 3 - Exploring Harmony of Self with the Body	1
	MODULE III	
3.1	Harmony in the Family – the Basic Unit of Human Interaction	1
3.2	'Trust' – the Foundational Value in Relationship	1
3.3	Tutorial 1 - Exploring the Feeling of Trust	1
3.4	'Respect' – as the Right Evaluation	1
3.5	Tutorial 2 - Exploring the Feeling of Respect	1
3.6	Other Feelings, Justice in Human-to-Human Relationship	1
3.7	Understanding Harmony in the Society and Vision for the	1
	Universal Human Order	
3.8	Tutorial 3 - Exploring Systems to fulfill Human Goal	1
	MODULE IV	
4.1	Understanding Harmony in the Nature, Interconnectedness, self-regulation and Mutual Fulfillment among the Four Orders	1
	of Nature	_
4.2	Tutorial 1 - Exploring the Four Orders of Nature	1
4.3	Realizing Existence as Co-existence at All Levels	1
4.4	The Holistic Perception of Harmony in Existence	1
4.5	Tutorial 2 - Exploring Co-existence in Existence	1
	MODULE V	
5.1	Natural Acceptance of Human Values, Definitiveness of (Ethical) Human Conduct	1
5.2	Exploring Ethical Human Conduct	1
5.3	A Basis for Humanistic Education, Humanistic Constitution and Universal Human Order, Professional Ethics	1
5.4	Exploring Humanistic Models in Education	1
5.5	Holistic Technologies, Production Systems and Management Models-Typical Case Studies	1
5.6	Strategies for Transition towards Value-based Life and Profession	1
5.7	Exploring Steps of Transition towards Universal Human Order	1

	CO Assessment Questions
	1. What does a fulfilling life mean for you? List out the top five points that
1	occur to you when you think of a fulfilling life. While making the list, please consider your entire life, not just the present stage of your life
1	(youth, middle age, old age, etc.).
	2. Choose any five things that you consider as human values. Now write all
	the basic guidelines, and check if you they satisfy the basic guidelines.

(Hint: Someone may say Trust is a human value. Now check if it satisfies the basic guidelines.]

3. List your activities throughout a typical day in your life. Categorize these activities as activity for developing right understanding, activity for fulfillment in relationship and activity for physical facility (see table, below).

Activity	This activity has time and effort for					
	Right	Fulfillment in	Physical			
	understanding	relationship	facility			
Exercise, playing games	?	2	2 hrs (for			
(2 hrs/day)	· ·	· ·	health of body)			
Talking with friends	?	3 hrs (for	5			
	f	relationship)	· ·			
Studying	1 hr (studying		6 hrs			
	for values)	,	(studying for			
			skills)			

Sleeping

This is just a sample list. Please make your own list

Total Time and Effort Max 24 hrs

Find out what percentage of your time and effort is being spent for each of these three. What do you conclude from this exercise?

Find out if the following are naturally acceptable to you.

Statement	My present thinking (beliefs) about the statement	Naturally Acceptable?
I want to be happy		
I want to make others happy		
I want to be healthy		
I want to live in relationship		
I want to have more than others		
I want to have more than what I really need		
Feeling of respect in relationship	Only if you have money, people respect you	Feeling of respect is naturally acceptable in relationship

Can you observe that when you really try, you can refer to your natural acceptance? Note any five things that appear naturally acceptable to you. Now, verify for yourself that your 'natural acceptance' does not change with time or place. It does not depend on your beliefs and past conditionings and that it is always there. If not, would you still call it your natural acceptance? And if not, what can it be termed as in place of natural

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	acceptance? e.g., eating sweets. It may appear naturally acceptable. Now explore, whether it changes with time, place and individual or not. You will see that sometimes you like eating sweets, while sometimes; you do not feel like eating sweets. Same thing happens with place. And not everyone wants to eat sweets. Thus, it does not fulfill the criterion. It is not your 'natural acceptance'. Then what is your natural acceptance? Find it out (here, while eating sweets is your liking, nurturing your Body is the natural acceptance).
3	 "The pleasures that we derive from sensations are short lived and the efforts to extend them lead to misery" -Examine and illustrate this statement with an example. Explain the activities of imaging, analyzing and selecting/tasting with a diagram. With the help of an example, show how are they related. "If I trust everyone, people would take undue advantage of me." Do you agree? Explain. "When we are assured of the intention of the other and find that the competence is lacking, we become a help to the other. When we doubt the intention of the other, we get into opposition." Explain.
4	 What in your opinion, is an effective way of ensuring prosperity in the family? What programs can you undertake in this respect? Indicate a few feasible steps to promote harmony in the society and co-existence with nature. "Other than human order, the three orders are mutually fulfilling to each other." Explain with examples. Why does human order fail to be mutually fulfilling to itself and to the other orders?
5	 How does right understanding provide the basis for ethical human conduct? Give two examples. What are the values in interaction of human beings with the material things? Give one example of each. Visualize a framework for humanistic education for children. Suggest a few ways to modify present day school education. Choose any one dimension (education, heath, production, justice, exchange) of human endeavor in a society. Suggest what role can you play in the chosen dimension through the orientation you are going to have through your professional education.